

300MW HYDROPOWER PROJECT BY JHPL

Document Prepared By

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1 PROJECT DETAILS

1.1 Summary Description of the Implementation Status of the Project

The Baspa project is a run-of-the-river hydro-electric power plant with an installed capacity of 300 MW. The diversion barrage of the project is located across river Baspa, at Kuppa in Himachal Pradesh. The power house is located at Karcham village in Kinnaur District. The project activity is an initiative of Jaiprakash Power Ventures Limited (JPVL) (formerly known as Jaiprakash Hydro Power Limited (JHPL)) a part of the Jaypee Group. Jaypee is a well-known business group of India and had entered into agreement with State Government of Himachal Pradesh to implement the project. The purpose of the project activity is to generate electricity using renewable hydro energy and sell it to Himachal Pradesh State Electricity Board (HPSEB).

The project site is located about 210 Kms from Shimla. Shimla is connected to the project site by National Highway-22 (Hindustan Tibet Road). Nearest broad gauge railway station from the project site is Kalka which is about at a distance of 300 Kms from the project site.

Technical description of the project:

The project, being a run-of-river type Hydro-Power project, would generate power by utilizing the water diverted from the flow of river Baspa. The flow in the river Baspa is contributed by several nullahs and khuds and numerous glaciers. The diversion barrage of the project is located across river Baspa, one of the major tributaries of river Satluj, at Kuppa in Himachal Pradesh. Water is diverted from the barrage to the power house through a diversion barrage. Two open sedimentation chambers are used after the diversion barrage to exclude the silt from water used for power generation. The water is passed through a head race tunnel of about 7.95 km long and steel lined pressure shaft (about 845 meters long to create a design head of 702 meters) which is branching into three penstocks for running 3 Pelton turbines of 100 MW each. A surge shaft has been constructed between the head race tunnel and the pressure shaft which would be used to regulate the flow.

The power generated is stepped up to 400 KV and is evacuated by two circuits of 400 KV lines for the power station to Jhakri substation, which is about 55 Km from the site. The transmission line from the power station to Jhakri consisting of 121 towers has been installed as a part of the project. From Jhakri, 400 KV transmission system is utilized to evacuate the full output of JPVL (300 MW) hydro electric project.

Total emission reduction during current monitoring period is 1,422,190 tCO₂e

1.2 Sectoral Scope and Project Type

Sectoral Scope:1, Energy industries (Renewable - / non-renewable sources)¹

Project Type: Renewable Energy Project

The project activity is not a grouped project

¹ <http://cdm.unfccc.int/DOE/scopes.html#1>

1.3 Project Proponent

Organization name	M/s Jaiprakash Power Ventures Limited
Contact person	Mr. R.K.Narang
Title	Director
Address	Corporate Office Sector 128, Noida – 201304 District Gautam Budh Nagar Uttar Pradesh India
Telephone	+91-0120-4605536, 91-11-46094000 Extn – 3536
Email	rk.narang@jalindia.co.in

1.4 Other Entities Involved in the Project

Not applicable for this project

Organization name	NA
Role in the project	NA
Contact person	NA
Title	NA
Address	NA
Telephone	NA
Email	NA

1.5 Project Start Date

Project Start date: 08/06/2003 which is the start date of commercial operation of the plant.

1.6 Project Crediting Period

Crediting Period start date: 01/04/2006

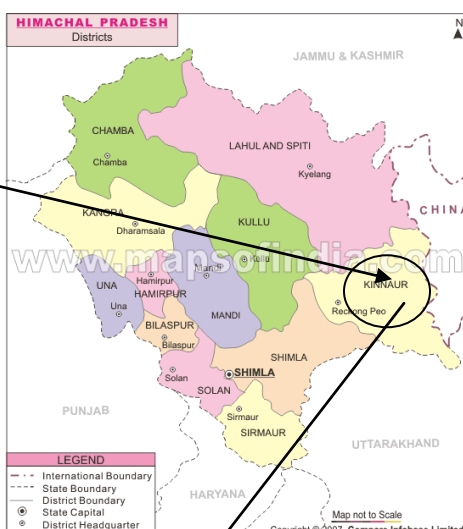
Credit Period: 01/04/2006 to 31/03/2016 (10 years fixed crediting period).

1.7 Project Location

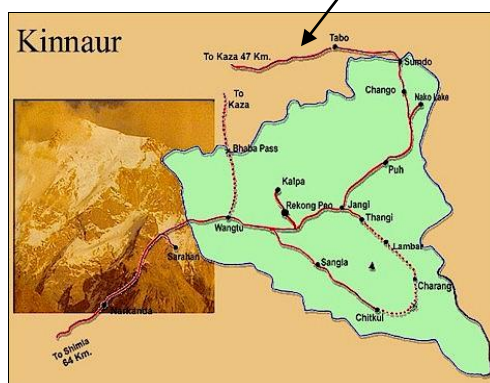
The project site is located about 210 Kms from Shimla. Shimla is connected to the project site by National Highway-22 (Hindustan Tibet Road). Nearest broad gauge railway station from the project site is Kalka which is about at a distance of 300 Kms from the project site. The geographical location of the power house is between Longitude 78°17' East and Latitude 31°50' north. Location is depicted in following maps-



Location of Himachal Pradesh in India



Location of Kinnaur district



1.8 Title and Reference of Methodology

The VCS methodology applied to the project activity is:

Title: "Consolidated baseline methodology for grid-connected electricity generation from renewable sources"

Reference: Approved consolidated baseline methodology ACM0002/Version 08, Sectoral Scope: 1, EB 44²

Title: Tool to calculate the emission factor for an electricity system

Reference: Version 01.1, EB 35

Title: Tool for the demonstration and assessment of additionality

Reference: Version 05.2, EB 39

The project primarily displaces power from the NEWNE grid. Hence, the baseline calculation is carried out as per approved large scale CDM methodology ACM0002 and the emission factor as per "Tool to calculate emission factor for an electricity system", EB 35 Annex 12.

² http://cdm.unfccc.int/UserManagement/FileStorage/CDMWF_AM_323M30IDF1IH6AG3GRCJ4PKR9CKM7P

1.9 Other Programs

The net GHG emission reductions or removals generated by the project will not be used for compliance with an emissions trading program or to meet binding limits on GHG emissions.

The project has been purely taken up as VCS project and has not been applied for any form of environmental credit. The project is registered at VCS with a Project ID 92. The project activity is claiming credits under the VCS program for the crediting period (01/04/2006 to 31/03/2016).

2 IMPLEMENTATION STATUS

2.1 Implementation Status of the Project Activity

The project was commissioned on 8th June 2003, which is the start date of commercial operation of the plant

The project was running smoothly during this Monitoring Period.

There was no event happened during this present monitoring period, which may impact the GHG emission reductions.

Outage details:

There are no outages during this monitoring period.

Month	Duration (Hrs: Min)	Reason for Outage
July 2014	30:05	Unit 1 : tripped due to flashover in braking disconnector
	9:25	Unit 2 under planned shutdown, for changing LGB oil cooler
	1:30	Unit 1: Tripped due to niddle -4 feedback error
	1:05	Unit 3: Tripped due to hydraulic governor oil level too low
August 2014	Nil	-
Sep 2014	Nil	-
Oct 2014	Nil	-
Nov 2014	Nil	-
Dec 2014	Nil	-
Jan 2015	Nil	-
Feb 2015	Nil	-
March 2015	Nil	-
April 2015	Nil	-
May 2015	Nil	-
June 2015	2:20	Unit 2 under shutdown
July 2015	Nil	-
Aug 2015	1:00	Unit 3 tripped due to niddle-4 position sensor feedback error
	4:10	Unit 3 tripped due to niddle-4 position sensor feedback error

	1:40	Unit 3 ripped due to accumulator valve intermediate position signal
	10:00	Unit 3 tripped due to tempo sonic position sensor feedback error
	1:00	Unit 1 under shutdown
Total	62:15	-

2.2 Deviations

2.2.1 Methodology Deviations

No deviation is taken during the current monitoring period

2.2.2 Project Description Deviations

Deviation during current monitoring period:

There is no deviation during the current monitoring period which impacts the applicability of the methodology, additionality or the appropriateness of the baseline scenario.

Deviation in previous monitoring periods:

There is a deviation in the monitoring plan from registered PD in the previous monitoring period. As per the registered PD energy meters (two sets of main & check meters) are installed at the Jhakri substation of HPSEB. The location of the main and check energy meters have been shifted from Jhakri substation to powerhouse of the project activity from 12/05/2011 onwards. In the calculation of the baseline emissions, 0.65% transmission loss is being considered by the state electricity utility (HPSEB) as the location of the energy meters is changed from the substation of the HPSEB to power house of the project activity. Hence, the net energy supplied to the grid has been considered after deduction of the 0.65% transmission losses which is conservative and in accordance with the current practice being followed in the project activity after the change in the locations of the energy meters as per PPA.

The change in monitoring plan also fulfills all monitoring requirements of the applied methodology. Therefore, the project remains in compliance with *the applied* methodology. Hence, as per Section 3.6 of the VCS Standard document³ the deviations from the monitoring plan is acceptable.

2.3 Grouped Project

The project is not under grouped project.

3 DATA AND PARAMETERS

3.1 Data and Parameters Available at Validation

Data / Parameter	EF_{grid}
Data unit	tCO ₂ /MWh

³ <http://v-c-s.org/sites/v-c-s.org/files/VCS%20Standard,%20v3.3.pdf>

Description	Grid emission factor for the project activity
Source of data	CO ₂ database published by Central Electricity Authority (CEA) (http://www.cea.nic.in/reports/planning/cdm_co2/database_publishing_ver4.zip)
Value applied:	0.805
Justification of choice of data or description of measurement methods and procedures applied	Calculated using the latest version of the "Tool to calculate the emission factor for an electricity system".
Purpose of the data	The data is used for baseline and project emission calculation
Comments	--

Data / Parameter	ρ_{diesel}
Data unit	Kg/liter
Description	Density of diesel
Source of data	http://www.iocl.com/Products/DieselSpecifications.pdf , page 1, Serial. No. XIV
Value applied:	0.860
Justification of choice of data or description of measurement methods and procedures applied	-
Purpose of the data	The data is used for project emission calculation
Comments	Maximum value of density i.e. 0.860 kg/ l has been considered for the conservative estimation of project emissions for diesel combustion.

Data / Parameter	EF _{diesel}
Data unit	tCO ₂ / tonne
Description	Emission factor of diesel
Source of data	IPCC default
Value applied:	3.186
Justification of choice of data or description of measurement methods and procedures applied	-
Purpose of the data	The data is used for project emission calculation
Comments	-

Data / Parameter	GWP _{SF6}
Data unit	-
Description	Global Warming Potential of SF ₆

Source of data	IPCC default (Table 2.14, IPCC Fourth Assessment Report)
Value applied:	22,800 ⁴
Justification of choice of data or description of measurement methods and procedures applied	-
Purpose of the data	The data is used for project emission calculation
Comments	-

3.2 Data and Parameters Monitored

Data / Parameter	EG_y
Data unit	MWh
Description	Net Electricity supplied to the grid by the project activity during the year y
Source of data	Joint Meter Reading (JMR) by SEB
Description of measurement methods and procedures to be applied	For the measurement of net energy delivered to the grid, two transmission lines are provided. Each transmission line has a set of main meter and check meter have been installed at the power house of project activity. The meters are capable of metering export and import data separately. The net electricity delivered to the grid would be the difference of export and import energy. The JMR Readings form the basis for calculation of the emission reductions. The JMR Readings are taken at the power house of the project activity in the presence of SEB officials and the PP representative.
Frequency of monitoring/recording	Monitoring Frequency: Continuous Recording Frequency: Monthly
Value monitored:	1,770,128.89 ⁵
Monitoring equipment	Type of meters: Energy Meter Serial No: Line 1 (Old Main meter): HPU02547 Line 1 (Old Check Meter): HPU02548 Line 2 (Old Main Meter): HPU02549 Line 2 (Old Check Meter): HPU02550 Line -1 (New Main meter): UPU 01237

⁴ https://www.ipcc.ch/publications_and_data/ar4/wg1/en/ch2s2-10-2.html

⁵ The net generation value has been obtained after accounting Transmission Losses @ 0.65% between Baspa II power house and Jhakri substation as per PPA.

	Line -1 (New Check meter): UPU 01235 Line -2 (New Main meter): UPU 01238 Line -2 (New Check meter): UPU 01236 Type: E3M021 Make: Secure meter Ltd. Accuracy Class:0.2s Energy meters (Main & Check meters) of Line 1 and Line 2 have been changed on 07 January 2015.
QA/QC procedures to be applied	Two sets of meters (main & check meters) are used for measuring the electricity export to the grid and electricity import from the grid. The meters are calibrated annually. The details of calibration are as can be referred from appendix- III
Purpose of the data	Calculation of baseline emissions
Calculation method	Net Energy Generation = (Total energy export to the Grid – Total energy import from the grid)
Comments	-

Data / Parameter	Q_{SF_6}
Data unit	tonne
Description	Quantity of SF_6 loss during the year y
Source of data	Measured
Description of measurement methods and procedures to be applied	SF_6 is stored in cylinders at the project site and are used to top up the circuit breaker compartments in event of pressure drop inside. The quantity of SF_6 thus filled into the system has been estimated based on difference in cylinder weight before and after any such topping up.
Frequency of monitoring/recording	Monitoring Frequency: Quarterly
Value monitored:	0
Monitoring equipment	Electronic balance Model No. CSP 2000k Sl. No. 8111312 Capacity : 2,000 kg Least count: 200gm Class: III
QA/QC procedures to be applied	The weight of the SF_6 is done using electronic balance. The details of calibration of Electronic balance are as below.

	Date of calibration ⁶	Calibration Validity	
	06.09.2013	05.09.2014	
	19.10.2014	18.10.2015	
Purpose of the data	Calculation of Project emissions		
Calculation method	-		
Comments	-		

Data / Parameter	P _{BAY VT}		
Data unit	bar		
Description	SF ₆ gas pressure in the BAY VT		
Source of data	Measured (please refer appendix II)		
Description of measurement methods and procedures to be applied	The pressure of SF6 of the bay is annually (once in a calendar year) checked with the help of a Digital pressure indicator (DPI-705) instrument. If the value of pressure is found to be below 3.05, it will require topping up.		
Frequency of monitoring/recording	Monitoring Frequency: Daily monitoring with GIS alarm system with consolidated monthly records or when abnormalities are observed.		
Value monitored:	Provided in Appendix II: Results of GIS pressure measurement		
Monitoring equipment	Details of the SF₆ Calibration Equipment		
	DPI-705	Least count 0.001 bar	
	Make: Druck Limited	Sr. No. 70553534/10-07	
	Range: 0-20 bars		
QA/QC procedures to be applied	The correctness is checked on the site on an annual basis.		
	Calibration details:		
	Date of Calibration	Calibration Validity	
	04.09.2013	03.09.2014	
	02.09.2014	03.09.2015	
Purpose of the data	-		
Calculation method	-		
Comments	-		

Data / Parameter	P _{breaker}
Data unit	bar
Description	SF ₆ gas pressure in the Breaker

⁶ There is a delay in calibration of electronic balance but no error is considered as there is zero consumption of SF₆ during the monitoring period. Hence it does not affect the emission reductions for the monitoring period.

Source of data	Measured (please refer appendix II)								
Description of measurement methods and procedures to be applied	The pressure of SF ₆ of the breaker is annually (once in a calendar year) checked with the help of a Digital pressure indicator (DPI-705) instrument. If the value of pressure is found to be below 4.95, it will require topping up. Monitoring Frequency: Daily monitoring with GIS alarm system with consolidated monthly records or when abnormalities are observed.								
Frequency of monitoring/recording	Monitoring Frequency: Daily monitoring with monthly records or when abnormalities are observed.								
Value monitored:	Provided in Appendix II: Results of GIS pressure measurement								
Monitoring equipment	<table border="1"> <tr> <th colspan="2">Details of the SF₆ Calibration Equipment</th></tr> <tr> <td>DPI-705</td><td>Least Count 0.001 bar</td></tr> <tr> <td>Make: Druck Limited</td><td>Sr. No. 70553534/10-07</td></tr> <tr> <td>Range: 0-20 bars</td><td></td></tr> </table>	Details of the SF ₆ Calibration Equipment		DPI-705	Least Count 0.001 bar	Make: Druck Limited	Sr. No. 70553534/10-07	Range: 0-20 bars	
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Make: Druck Limited	Sr. No. 70553534/10-07								
Range: 0-20 bars									
QA/QC procedures to be applied	The correctness is checked on the site on an annual basis. Calibration details: <table border="1"> <tr> <th>Date of Calibration</th><th>Calibration Validity</th></tr> <tr> <td>04.09.2013</td><td>03.09.2014</td></tr> <tr> <td>02.09.2014</td><td>03.09.2015</td></tr> </table>	Date of Calibration	Calibration Validity	04.09.2013	03.09.2014	02.09.2014	03.09.2015		
Date of Calibration	Calibration Validity								
04.09.2013	03.09.2014								
02.09.2014	03.09.2015								
Purpose of the data	-								
Calculation method	-								
Comments	-								

Data / Parameter	P _{feeder}
Data unit	bar
Description	SF ₆ gas pressure in the Feeder
Source of data	Measured (please refer appendix II)
Description of measurement methods and procedures to be applied	The pressure of SF ₆ of the breaker is annually (once in a calendar year) checked with the help of a Digital pressure indicator (DPI-705) instrument. If the value of pressure is found to be below 4.95, it will require topping up. Monitoring Frequency: Daily monitoring with GIS alarm system with consolidated monthly records or when abnormalities are observed.
Frequency of monitoring/recording	Monitoring Frequency: Daily monitoring with monthly records or when abnormalities are observed.
Value monitored:	Provided in Appendix II: Results of GIS pressure

	measurement								
Monitoring equipment	<table> <tr> <th colspan="2">Details of the SF₆ Calibration Equipment</th></tr> <tr> <td>DPI-705</td><td>Least Count 0.001 bar</td></tr> <tr> <td>Make: Druck Limited</td><td>Sr. No. 70553534/10-07</td></tr> <tr> <td>Range: 0-20 bars</td><td></td></tr> </table>	Details of the SF ₆ Calibration Equipment		DPI-705	Least Count 0.001 bar	Make: Druck Limited	Sr. No. 70553534/10-07	Range: 0-20 bars	
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Make: Druck Limited	Sr. No. 70553534/10-07								
Range: 0-20 bars									
QA/QC procedures to be applied	The correctness is checked on the site on an annual basis. Calibration details <table> <tr> <th>Date of Calibration</th><th>Calibration Validity</th></tr> <tr> <td>04.09.2013</td><td>03.09.2014</td></tr> <tr> <td>02.09.2014</td><td>03.09.2015</td></tr> </table>	Date of Calibration	Calibration Validity	04.09.2013	03.09.2014	02.09.2014	03.09.2015		
Date of Calibration	Calibration Validity								
04.09.2013	03.09.2014								
02.09.2014	03.09.2015								
Purpose of the data	-								
Calculation method	-								
Comments	-								

Data / Parameter	Q _{diesel}
Data unit	Litre
Description	Quantity of diesel consumed during the year y
Source of data	Measured
Description of measurement methods and procedures to be applied	For measuring diesel consumption, a level gauge has been provided on the fuel injection tank of each DG set.
Frequency of monitoring/recording	Monitoring Frequency: Daily monitoring with monthly recording of data.
Value monitored:	15,053
Monitoring equipment	-
QA/QC procedures to be applied	The D.G. sets (2 x 625 KVA) have static graduated level gauges on the fuel injection tanks. Graduations on the level gauge have been marked by pouring diesel in tank using standard measuring jar (the capacity of the jar is 5 litres and the graduations on the tube are also having graduations of 5 litres). The level of the graduated glass tubing on the tank corresponds to the diesel level and the consumption is regularly recorded in the log book and can be verified.
Purpose of the data	Calculation of Project emissions
Calculation method	There are two tanks of 320 litres (80 cm tank height) and 280 litres (75 cm tank height) respectively. The DG sets are of Cummins India Limited make. The diesel is procured centrally from the store and is drawn on requisition for DG sets. Diesel consumption and running

	hours of the DG sets (on an average 10 hours daily) are recorded daily in the log-books. The consumption may be verified with the log books.
Comments	-

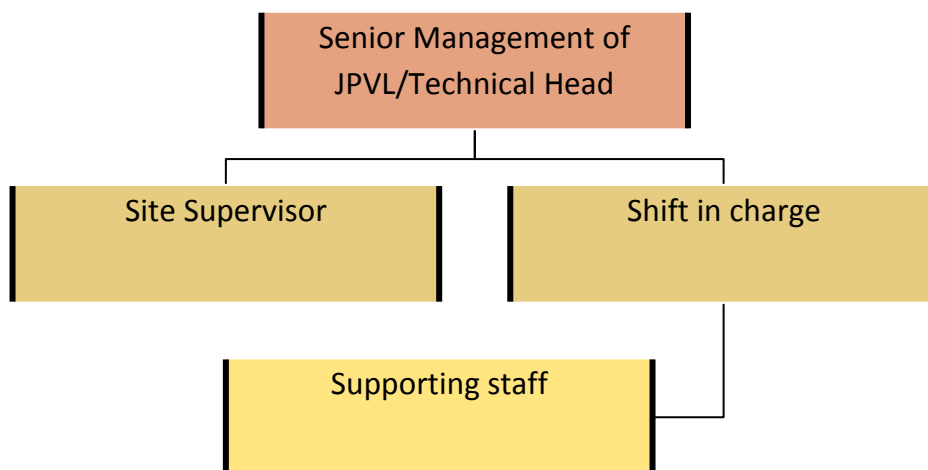
Data / Parameter	E _{22 kV}
Data unit	kWh
Description	Electricity consumed during the year y
Source of data	Monthly HPSEB invoices/ bills
Description of measurement methods and procedures to be applied	The energy meter at the substation is used to measure the reading.
Frequency of monitoring/recording	Monitoring Frequency: Continuous monitoring with hourly measuring and monthly recording by SEB Recording Frequency: Monthly
Value monitored:	3,382,000
Monitoring equipment	Type of meter: Energy Meter Serial No.HPS00409 513029 Type: C3v055 (Static Meter) Accuracy class:0.5 S
QA/QC procedures to be applied	The meters are calibrated on a periodic basis by HPSEB.
Purpose of the data	Calculation of Project emissions
Calculation method	-
Comments	-

3.3 Monitoring Plan

A project team is constituted with participation from relevant departments at the site. It comprises of personnel at the Kuppa barrage, and the Sholtu office. This team is responsible for data collection and archiving. They meet periodically to review the project activity, and check the data collected, etc. The Kuppa office is responsible for barrage control and the operation and maintenance of hydro mechanical equipment. The Sholtu office looks into the general administration along with the liaisons with various government departments viz civil administration, horticulture etc and is overall in charge of the Baspa plant along with the barrage, transmission lines and co-ordination with HPSEB. The JMR of commercial metering installed at the power house of project activity is jointly recorded by the representatives of JHPL and HPSEB every month.

The JMR reports are checked and discussed by the senior team members/managers periodically. In case of any irregularity observed by any of the team member, it is informed to the concerned person for necessary actions. The project site also has a digital system SCADA for the overall monitoring of the project.

The management structure is as given in the diagram below:



- **Senior Management of JPVL/Technical Head:** Overall responsibility of compliance with the Project activity monitoring plan.
- **Site Supervisor:** Responsibility for completeness of data, reliability of data (calibration of meters), and monthly report generation.
- **Shift In-charge:** Responsibility of daily generation
- **Supporting staff:** Assists in all routine activities

4 QUANTIFICATION OF GHG EMISSION REDUCTIONS AND REMOVALS

4.1 Baseline Emissions

Baseline Emissions (BE_y)

$$BE_y = EF_y \times EG_y$$

Where

BE_y : Baseline emissions due to displacement of electricity during year y in tons of CO_2

EG_y : Electricity supplied to the grid by the project activity during the year y in MWh, and

EF_y : CO_2 baseline emission factor for the electricity displaced due to the project activity was fixed ex ante in the PD as 0.805 tonne CO_2 /MWh.

Energy supplied to Grid (EG_y)

The energy supplied to grid is measured using electricity meters installed at the have been installed at the power house of project activity. The net electricity delivered to the grid is based on the JMR readings taken in the presence of the plant personnel and HPSEB official.

Monthly power generation details are given below:

Month	Power Exported to grid	Less Transmission Losses between Baspa II power house and Jhakri substation as per PPA @ 0.65%	Power Export to grid after deducting transmission loss*	Power Import from grid*	Power Export	Power Import	Net power exported to grid
	(MWh)	MWh	MWh	(MWh)	(MWh)	(MWh)	(MWh)
Jul-14	232,860.00	1,513.59	231,346.41	0.00	231,346.41	0.00	231,346.41
Aug-14	236,760.00	1,538.94	235,221.06	0.00	235,221.06	0.00	235,221.06
Sep-14	169,540.00	1,102.01	168,437.99	0.00	168,437.99	0.00	168,437.99
Oct-14	76,790.00	499.14	76,290.87	0.00	76,290.87	0.00	76,290.87
Nov-14	42,080.00	273.52	41,806.48	0.00	41,806.48	0.00	41,806.48
Dec-14	34,560.00	224.64	34,335.36	0.00	34,335.36	0.00	34,335.36
Jan-15	30,100.00	195.65	29,904.35	0.00	29,904.35	0.00	29,904.35
Feb-15	25,560.00	166.14	25,393.86	0.00	25,393.86	0.00	25,393.86
Mar-15	29,740.00	193.31	29,546.69	0.00	29,546.69	0.00	29,546.69
Apr-15	48,890.00	317.79	48,572.22	0.00	48,572.22	0.00	48,572.22
May-15	179,690.00	1,167.99	178,522.02	0.00	178,522.02	0.00	178,522.02
Jun-15	207,680.00	1,349.92	206,330.08	0.00	206,330.08	0.00	206,330.08
Jul-15	231,600.00	1,505.40	230,094.60	0.00	230,094.60	0.00	230,094.60
Aug-15	235,860.00	1,533.09	234,326.91	0.00	234,326.91	0.00	234,326.91
Total	1,781,710.00	11,581.12	1,770,128.89	0.00	1,770,128.89	0.00	1,770,128.89

*Power exported to grid by the power plant is imported by the grid and the power imported by the power plant is exported by the grid.

Grid Emission Factor (EF_y)

GEF has been fixed Ex-ante in the PD at 0.805 tCO₂/ MWh⁷ and the same has been used in calculation of emission reductions in this Monitoring Report.

Baseline Emissions (BE_y)

⁷ As per the registered VCS PD, CO₂ Emissions Data base version 4 -CEA, Downloaded from http://www.cea.nic.in/planning/c%20and%20e/user_guide_ver4.pdf..

Baseline emissions are calculated as the electricity produced multiplied by the grid emission factor.

Month	Net power exported to grid	Emission Factor	Baseline Emissions
	(MWh)	(tCO ₂ /MWh)	(tCO ₂)
Jul-14	231,346.41	0.805	186,233.86
Aug-14	235,221.06	0.805	189,352.95
Sep-14	168,437.99	0.805	135,592.58
Oct-14	76,290.87	0.805	61,414.15
Nov-14	41,806.48	0.805	33,654.22
Dec-14	34,335.36	0.805	27,639.96
Jan-15	29,904.35	0.805	24,073.00
Feb-15	25,393.86	0.805	20,442.06
Mar-15	29,546.69	0.805	23,785.09
Apr-15	48,572.22	0.805	39,100.63
May-15	178,522.02	0.805	143,710.22
Jun-15	206,330.08	0.805	166,095.71
Jul-15	230,094.60	0.805	185,226.15
Aug-15	234,326.91	0.805	188,633.16
Total	1,770,128.89		1,051,094.00

4.2 Project Emissions

A) Emissions from Diesel Consumption (PE_{y1})

There are two 625 KVA capacity DG sets of Cummins India Limited make. The records of diesel consumption are made on a daily basis in the DG operation logbook. This has been included in the project emission calculation from the project activity. Project Emissions from diesel consumption are found using the formula given below.

PE_{y1} is the project emission from diesel consumption.

$$PE_{y1} = Q_{\text{diesel}} \times \ell_{\text{diesel}} \times EF_{\text{diesel}} / 1000$$

Where

Q_{diesel} = Quantity of diesel consumed, litre

ℓ_{diesel} = Density of diesel, 0.860 kg/ litre⁸

EF_{diesel} = Emission factor of diesel, 3.186 tCO₂e/ tonne⁹ (IPCC Default value)

⁸ <http://www.iocl.com/Products/DieselSpecifications.pdf>

⁹ Source of IPCC default value: 2006 IPCC guidelines for National GHG Inventories - Table 1.2 for NCV value of diesel, and Table 1.4 for carbon oxidation factor and default carbon content for diesel.

Month	Diesel consumption	Project Emission (PE _{y1})
	(litres)	(tCO ₂)
Jul-14	490	1.34
Aug-14	215	0.59
Sep-14	409	1.12
Oct-14	1,030	2.82
Nov-14	778	2.13
Dec-14	2,842	7.79
Jan-15	1,906	5.22
Feb-15	2,160	5.92
Mar-15	3,268	8.95
Apr-15	1,325	3.63
May-15	131	0.36
Jun-15	184	0.50
Jul-15	166	0.45
Aug-15	149	0.41
Total	15,053	41.24

B) Emissions from 22 KV Transmission line (PE_{y2})

The project site at Sholtu is connected via a 22 kV line which supplies power from the HPSEB substation to the site to meet the daily electricity requirements. The reading is measured by the energy meters at the substation and monthly invoices are used to account for the project emissions¹⁰.

PE_{y2} is the project emission from the 22 kV line which is used for supplying electricity at the site.

$$PE_{y2} = E_{22 \text{ kV}} * EF_{\text{grid}} / 1000$$

Where

E_{22 kV} = Electricity consumed at the site in kWh

EF_{grid} = Grid Emission Factor for NEWNE Grid, 0.805 tCO₂/Mwh (fixed ex ante in PD)

Month	Power consumption	Project emissions (PE _{y2})
Unit	(Kwh)	(tCO ₂)
Jul-14	201,200	161.97
Aug-14	181,200	145.87
Sep-14	247,800	199.48

¹⁰ Monthly invoices are used to monitor these emissions, 22 kv line bill, has the data that has been used in the estimation of PE_{y2}

Oct-14	261,000	210.11
Nov-14	379,800	305.74
Dec-14	437,200	351.95
Jan-15	441,200	355.17
Feb-15	263,800	212.36
Mar-15	10,200	8.21
Apr-15	230,600	185.63
May-15	208,200	167.60
Jun-15	223,000	179.52
Jul-15	204,800	164.86
Aug-15	92,000	74.06
Total	3,382,000	2,722.51

C) Emissions from SF₆ (PE_{y3})

At the project site the PP stores some quantity of SF₆ which may be required to top up the circuit breaker compartments in case of any pressure drop as per the monitoring parameters. The PP monitors the SF₆ pressure parameter on the SCADA system to account for abnormalities¹¹. In case of any leakage or any abnormality observed in any of the units, the alarm trips on the SCADA system and the PP records the pressure in the various units. The tripping of the alarm is directly related to the pressure conditions of the breaker, bay and feeders at the respective pressures as per the table provided in appendix II.

The table shows the minimum pressure which must be maintained in the compartments to prevent the alarm from tripping and thus leakage of SF₆. The monthly statements maintained by the PP show that no leakage of the gas took place in the current monitoring period. The “no” in the statement indicates that there was no tripping of alarm on a particular day, thus implying that the minimum pressure was maintained in the individual compartments.

Annual readings of pressure are taken at bay, breaker and feeder using the Digital pressure indicator (DPI). These were taken on 20/12/2014 no abnormality was being reported from the pressure system. The pressure in all three – bay, feeder and breaker, was much above the required limit. Thus, this again proves that there was no need for SF₆ top ups during this verification period.

PE_{y3} is the project emission on account of leakage of SF₆ from the circuit compartments.

$$PE_{y3} = Q_{SF6} \times GWP_{SF6}$$

Where

Q_{SF6} = Quantity of SF₆ topped up from cylinders into circuit breaker compartments; tonnes

GWP_{SF6} = Global Warming Potential of SF₆ (22,800)

The SF₆ cylinders were installed at the site during the commissioning of the project by Alstom.

As indicated in the PD, an electronic balance has been installed on site in March 2009.

¹¹ SF₆ -SCADA logs and weights of cylinders, form the basis for the SF₆ monitoring.

Sr. No.	Weight of SF ₆ in cylinder before this verification period	Weight of SF ₆ in cylinder after this verification period	Weight of SF ₆ consumed	Project Emissions from SF ₆ consumption (PE _{y3})
	Kg	Kg	tonnes	(tCO ₂)
1	1,046.2	1,046.2	0.00000	0.000
2	68.6	68.6	0.00000	0.000
3	67.6	67.6	0.00000	0.000
4	73.6	73.6	0.00000	0.000
5	73.4	73.4	0.00000	0.000
Total	1,329.4	1,329.4	0.00000	0.000

There is no change in weight of gas in cylinders through this verification period and the SF₆ alarm log shows that no top up was needed in this verification period.

Since, in the current monitoring period of the project activity, the PP was not required to top up the compartments with SF₆, hence

PE_{y3} = 0.000 tCO₂e

Total Project Emissions:

$$PE_{y1} + PE_{y2} + PE_{y3} = 41.24 + 2,722.51 + 0.000 = 2,763.75 \text{ tCO}_2\text{e}$$

4.3 Leakage

As per the methodology, the main emissions potentially giving rise to leakage in the context of electric sector projects are emissions arising due to activities such as power plant construction, fuel handling (extraction, processing, and transport), and land inundation (for hydroelectric projects). Project participants do not need to consider these emission sources as leakage in applying this methodology.

Hence project participants do not need to consider leakage in applying this methodology.

Thus $L_y = 0$

4.4 Net GHG Emission Reductions and Removals

Emission Reductions (ER_y)

$$ER_y = BE_y - PE_{y1} - PE_{y2} - PE_{y3} - L_y$$

Month	Baseline Emissions (BE _y)	Project Emissions from DG set (PE _{y1})	Project Emissions from 22 kV line (PE _{y2})	Project Emissions from SF ₆ (PE _{y3})	Leakage (L _y)	Emission Reductions (ER _y)
	(tCO ₂ e)	(tCO ₂ e)	(tCO ₂ e)	(tCO ₂ e)	(tCO ₂ e)	(tCO ₂ e)

Jul-14	186,233.86	1.343	161.97	0.000	0.000	186,070.55
Aug-14	189,352.95	0.589	145.87	0.000	0.000	189,206.50
Sep-14	135,592.58	1.121	199.48	0.000	0.000	135,391.98
Oct-14	61,414.15	2.822	210.11	0.000	0.000	61,201.22
Nov-14	33,654.22	2.132	305.74	0.000	0.000	33,346.35
Dec-14	27,639.96	7.787	351.95	0.000	0.000	27,280.23
Jan-15	24,073.00	5.222	355.17	0.000	0.000	23,712.61
Feb-15	20,442.06	5.918	212.36	0.000	0.000	20,223.78
Mar-15	23,785.09	8.954	8.21	0.000	0.000	23,767.92
Apr-15	39,100.63	3.630	185.63	0.000	0.000	38,911.37
May-15	143,710.22	0.359	167.60	0.000	0.000	143,542.26
Jun-15	166,095.71	0.504	179.52	0.000	0.000	165,915.70
Jul-15	185,226.15	0.455	164.86	0.000	0.000	185,060.83
Aug-15	188,633.16	0.408	74.06	0.000	0.000	188,558.69
Total	1,424,953.75	41.24	2,722.51	0.00	0.00	1,422,190

Year	Baseline emissions or removals (tCO ₂ e)	Project emissions or removals (tCO ₂ e)	Leakage emissions (tCO ₂ e)	Net GHG emission reductions or removals (tCO ₂ e)
2014	633,887.72	1,390.89	0.00	632,496.83
2015	791,066.03	1,372.86	0.00	789,693.17
Total	1,424,953.75	2,763.75	0.00	1,422,190

APPENDIX I : RECORDS OF SF₆ CYLINDERS WEIGHTS:

Date	Cylinder 1	Cylinder 2	Cylinder 3	Cylinder 4	Cylinder 5
	Gross Wt. (Kg)	Gross Wt. (Kg)	Gross Wt. (Kg)	Gross Wt. (Kg)	Gross Wt. (Kg)
09/06/2014	1046.2	68.6	67.6	73.6	73.4
05/09/2014	1046.2	68.6	67.6	73.6	73.4
03/12/2014	1046.2	68.6	67.6	73.6	73.4
04/03/2015	1046.2	68.6	67.6	73.6	73.4
01/06/2015	1046.2	68.6	67.6	73.6	73.4
12/09/2015	1046.2	68.6	67.6	73.6	73.4
08/12/2015	1046.2	68.6	67.6	73.6	73.4

APPENDIX II : RESULTS OF GIS PRESSURE MEASUREMENT

BASPA-II HEP

Amb. Temp. 28°C

13-12-2014

UNIT-1												
COMPARTMENT	G0(bar)			G1(bar)			G2(bar)			G4(bar)		
PHASE	R	Y	B	R	Y	B	R	Y	B	R	Y	B
Desired gas at 24 °c	5.88	5.88	5.88	3.84	3.84	3.84	3.84	3.84	3.84	3.84	3.84	3.84
Measured gas pressure	5.96	5.97	5.96	3.92	3.95	3.96	3.90	3.91	3.90	3.92	3.95	3.95
Gas pressure diff.	0.08	0.09	0.08	0.08	0.11	0.12	0.06	0.07	0.06	0.08	0.11	0.11

UNIT-2												
COMPARTMENT	G0(bar)			G1(bar)			G2(bar)			G4(bar)		
PHASE	R	Y	B	R	Y	B	R	Y	B	R	Y	B
Desired gas at 24 °c	5.88	5.88	5.88	3.84	3.84	3.84	3.84	3.84	3.84	3.84	3.84	3.84
Measured gas pressure	5.97	5.96	5.97	3.94	3.94	3.95	3.91	3.90	3.90	3.94	3.94	3.95
Gas pressure diff.	0.09	0.08	0.09	0.10	0.10	0.11	0.07	0.06	0.06	0.10	0.10	0.11

UNIT-3												
COMPARTMENT	G0(bar)			G1(bar)			G2(bar)			G4(bar)		
PHASE	R	Y	B	R	Y	B	R	Y	B	R	Y	B
Desired gas at 24 °c	5.88	5.88	5.88	3.84	3.84	3.84	3.84	3.84	3.84	3.84	3.84	3.84
Measured gas pressure	5.98	5.98	5.98	3.94	3.92	3.94	3.92	3.92	3.94	3.95	3.94	3.95
Gas pressure diff.	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.08	0.10	0.08	0.08	0.10	0.11	0.10	0.11

BASPA-II HEP

Ambient Temp:28°C

13.12.2014

BUS COUPLER & LIGHTING ARRESTER														
COMPARTMENT	G0(bar)			G1(bar)			G2(bar)			G5(bar)			G6(bar)	
PHASE	R	Y	B	R	Y	B	R	Y	B	R	Y	B	R	B
Desired gas at 24 °c	5.88	5.88	5.88	3.84	3.84	3.84	3.84	3.84	3.84	3.84	3.84	3.84	3.84	3.84
Measured gas pressure	5.96	5.95	5.97	3.93	3.93	3.94	3.93	3.93	3.96	3.94	3.94	3.97	3.95	3.94
Gas pressure diff.	0.08	0.07	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.10	0.09	0.09	0.12	0.10	0.10	0.13	0.11	0.10

BUS VT												
COMPARTMENT	G1(bar)			G2(bar)			G3(bar)			G4(bar)		
PHASE	R	Y	B	R	Y	B	R	Y	B	R	Y	B
Desired gas at 24 °c	3.84	3.84	3.84	3.84	3.84	3.84	3.84	3.84	3.84	3.84	3.84	3.84
Measured gas pressure	3.94	3.94	3.95	3.94	3.92	3.95	3.97	3.96	3.94	3.99	3.99	3.99
Gas pressure diff.	0.10	0.10	0.11	0.10	0.08	0.11	0.13	0.12	0.10	0.15	0.15	0.15

BASPA-II HEP

Ambient Temp:24°C

14.12.2014

FEEDER-1

COMPARTMENT	G0(bar)			G1(bar)			G2(bar)			G4(bar)			G5(bar)			G6(bar)			G7(bar) (At 26°C)		
PHASE	R	Y	B	R	Y	B	R	Y	B	R	Y	B	R	Y	B	R	Y	B	R	Y	B
Desired gas at 24 °c	5.88	5.88	5.88	3.84	3.84	3.84	3.84	3.84	3.84	5.69	5.69	5.69	5.62	5.62	5.62	5.62	5.62	5.62	5.47	5.47	5.47
Measured gas pressure	5.94	5.95	5.95	3.91	3.91	3.90	3.91	3.90	3.90	5.81	5.81	5.81	5.85	5.90	5.70	5.78	5.78	5.79	6.12	6.16	6.12
Gas pressure diff.	0.06	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.06	0.07	0.06	0.06	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.23	0.28	0.08	0.16	0.16	0.17	0.65	0.69	0.65

FEEDER-2

COMPARTMENT	G0(bar)			G1(bar)			G2(bar)			G4(bar)			G5(bar)			G6(bar)			G7(bar) (At 26°C)		
PHASE	R	Y	B	R	Y	B	R	Y	B	R	Y	B	R	Y	B	R	Y	B	R	Y	B
Desired gas at 24 °c	5.88	5.88	5.88	3.84	3.84	3.84	3.84	3.84	3.84	5.69	5.69	5.69	5.62	5.62	5.62	5.62	5.62	5.62	5.47	5.47	5.47
Measured gas pressure	5.97	5.96	5.96	3.94	3.94	3.94	3.91	3.89	3.90	5.78	5.80	5.79	5.82	5.82	5.83	5.88	5.89	5.91	6.06	6.10	6.15
Gas pressure diff.	0.09	0.08	0.08	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.07	0.05	0.06	0.09	0.11	0.10	0.20	0.20	0.21	0.26	0.27	0.29	0.59	0.63	0.68

APPENDIX III : CALIBRATION DETAILS FOR ENERGY METERS

Energy meters	Period of usage	Location of Energy meter	Date of last calibration	Validity of calibration	Accuracy class
HPU 02547	Continued from previous monitoring period	Line -1 Main Meter	11/01/2014	10/01/2015	0.2S
HPU 02548		Line -1 Check Meter	11/01/2014	10/01/2015	0.2S
HPU 02549		Line -2 Main Meter	11/01/2014	10/01/2015	0.2S
HPU 02550		Line -2 Check Meter	11/01/2014	10/01/2015	0.2S
Energy meters changed to new meters on 07/0/2015					
UPU 01237	Newly installed meters	Line -1 Main Meter	06/01/205	05/01/2016	0.2S
UPU 01235		Line -1 Check Meter	06/01/205	05/01/2016	0.2S
UPU 01238		Line -2 Main Meter	06/01/205	05/01/2016	0.2S
UPU 01236		Line -2 Check Meter	06/01/205	05/01/2016	0.2S