

TEMPLATE

KEY PROJECT INFORMATION & PROGRAMME DESIGN DOCUMENT (POA-DD)

PUBLICATION DATE **14.04.2023**

VERSION **2.2**

RELATED SUPPORT

- [Programme of Activity requirements](#)
 - [TEMPLATE GUIDE Key Project Information & PoA Design Document v.2.2.1](#)
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This document contains the following Sections

Key Project Information

SECTION A – General description of PoA

SECTION B – Management System and Inclusion Criteria

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Appendix 2 – Design Changes

KEY PROJECT INFORMATION

GS ID of Programme	GS 12970
Title of Programme:	EcoSafi Clean Cooking Program
Type of PoA	☒ Non-Forestry and/or Non-AGR PoA ☐ Forestry and/or AGR PoA
VPAs scale included in the PoA <i>Note that same PoA can include VPAs of different scales. Please select all applicable.</i>	☐ Microscale ☐ Small scale ☒ Large scale
Start Date of POA	01/08/2023
Date of Design Certification	DD/MM/YYYY
Start date of crediting cycle of PoA	01/08/2023
Version number of the PoA-DD	4.0
Completion date of the PoA-DD	18/07/2025
Coordinating/managing entity	Better Cooking Company Incorporated
Project Participants and any communities involved	N/A
Host Country (ies)	Kenya and Uganda (Possible inclusion of other countries)
Activity Requirements applied	☒ Community Services Activities ☐ Renewable Energy Activities ☐ Land Use and Forestry Activities/Risks & Capacities ☐ N/A
Other Requirements applied	N/A
Methodology (ies) applied and version number	Gold Standard "Methodology for Metered and Measured Energy Cooking Devices" Version 1.2 ¹
Product Requirements applied	☒ GHG Emissions Reductions & Sequestration ☐ Renewable Energy Label ☐ N/A

REAL CASE VPAS (ALL REAL CASE VPAS INCLUDED IN THE POA)

GS ID	Title
GS12971	EcoSafi Clean Cooking Program VPA 01: Uganda
GS12972	EcoSafi Clean Cooking Program VPA 02: Kenya

¹ https://globalgoals.goldstandard.org/standards/431_V1.2_EE_ICS_Methodology-for-Metered-and-Measured-Energy-Cooking-Devices-1.pdf

SECTION A. General description of PoA

A.1. Purpose and general description of the PoA

(i) Policy Measure or Stated Goal

Better Cooking Company Incorporated (Inc.) (a US-registered corporation that does business as 'EcoSafi') developed the *EcoSafi Clean Cooking Program* (a Gold Standard Programme of Activities or "PoA") that seeks to replace inefficient cooking methods in households, small-to-medium enterprises (SMEs) and institutions (together as "end users") in the target countries. In the baseline scenario, end users cook with non-renewable biomass (mainly charcoal) and/or fossil fuels (mainly LPG), leading to greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions, indoor air pollution and other negative impacts.

The Better Cooking Company Inc. is the Coordinating/Managing Entity (CME) of the PoA. The technology that will be employed is the CME's clean cooking system: efficient gasification cookstoves and clean burning pellets produced from renewable or waste biomass. This stated goal will result in a reduction of GHG emissions and indoor air pollution, thereby combating climate change and improving the health of the end users, primarily women and their children. The implementing partners for each VPA will train households, SMEs, and institutions in the proper use and maintenance of the gasification stoves. Under the PoA, the implementing partners will be taught by the CME how to perform this training and to repair any faulty gasification stoves. These efforts will support transfer of the know-how for the use of the project technologies to the host countries supported via the PoA.

(ii) Framework for the implementation of the proposed PoA and inclusion of VPAs in the PoA

The CME will implement large-scale Voluntary Project Activities (VPAs) under the PoA in multiple countries. In each country, the CME will rely on local wholly-owned entities and/or partners to roll-out the CME's clean cooking system, described above, as well as for data collection and monitoring efforts. The CME will lead all work related to coordination of the PoA, communication with Gold Standard and approved Validation and Verification Bodies (VVBs), and monetization of resulting Gold Standard Verified Emission Reductions (VERs).

(iii) Confirmation that the PoA is a voluntary action by the coordinating/managing entity

The CME confirms that the PoA is a voluntary action.

A.2. Physical/Geographical boundary of the PoA

The PoA is a multi-country program. The initial boundary of the PoA covers the two countries with real-case VPAs at the time of registration, Kenya and Uganda. The GPS coordinates for the capital city of these countries is shown below.

Coordinates of Nairobi (Capital of Kenya): 1°16'S 36°48'E

Coordinates of Kampala (Capital of Uganda): 0°20'N 32°34'E

A.3. Technologies/measures

Under the PoA, the CME offers an “energy utility” business model as a replacement for cooking with charcoal, wood, fossil fuels, and other polluting fuels. In this model, the clean-burning gasifier stoves are the infrastructure, and they use renewable or waste biomass pellets. These biomass fuel pellets are therefore the energy. By creating a system that incorporates both the stove and the fuel, the CME creates scalable demand for an innovative product while maximizing the health, environmental, and social impacts of clean cooking.

Under this model, the gasifier stoves are distributed to end users who use polluting cooking fuels in the baseline and are therefore likely to benefit from the intervention. Because the gasifier stoves are clean and modern, they are expensive to manufacture and distribute. However, they are provided at near-zero cost to customers in order to overcome this barrier (in exchange for a small fee that helps to offset future service and maintenance costs). VPA Implementers will continue to own the stove and allow the end user to utilize the gasifier so long as they commit and continue to purchase minimum quantities of pellet fuel. In return, customers receive a guarantee of lifetime repair or replacement of the equipment without cost. The cost of the pellet fuel is typically lower than the cost of most baseline fuels (e.g. charcoal, LPG, kerosene, etc.), ensuring that end users under the VPA save money by switching to the clean-burning gasifier stoves and pellet fuel. This approach reduces the adoption risk, while allowing even low-income households to participate and benefit.

VPAs will use gasifier stoves that use renewable or waste biomass fuel pellets and have a thermal efficiency equal to or greater than 50% with a maximum energy output less than 150 kW. All gasifier stoves included in the VPAs will feature a simple, intuitive

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design, and offer robust performance while meeting World Health Organization (WHO) criteria for clean cooking². The exact model(s) of gasifier stoves implemented during the VPAs is subject to change depending on performance and suitability of the technology, while the exact gasifier stoves, volumes, technical specification, and performance will be specified at the time of performance review. This includes testing and performance certificates, along with evidence of technical lifetime.

A.4. Target/Indicator for each of the minimum three SDGs targeted by the PoA

SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT GOALS TARGETED	MOST RELEVANT SDG TARGET	SDG IMPACT <u>INDICATOR (SELECTED IN SDG TOOL)</u>
13 Climate Action (mandatory)	13.2 Integrate climate change measures into national policies, strategies and planning.	GSDM-I13.2.1: Amount of GHGs emissions avoided or sequestered
1 No Poverty	1.1 By 2030, eradicate extreme poverty for all people everywhere, currently measured as people living on less than \$1.25 a day.	GSDM-I1.1.1: Average household savings i.e., decrease in expenditure on basic service such as cooking, lighting, drinking
3 Good health and wellbeing	3.9 By 2030, substantially reduce the number of deaths and illnesses from hazardous chemicals and air, water and soil pollution and contamination.	GSDM-I3.9.6 Percentage of project population using polluting fuels
5 Gender equality	5.4 Recognize and value unpaid care and domestic work through the provision of public services, infrastructure and social protection policies and the promotion of shared responsibility within the household and the family as nationally appropriate.	GSDM-I5.4.1: Average time saving associated with cooking time and fuel collection

² <https://www.who.int/tools/clean-household-energy-solutions-toolkit/module-7-defining-clean>

7 Affordable and clean energy	7.1 By 2030, ensure universal access to affordable, reliable and modern energy services.	GSDM-I7.1.1: Number of beneficiaries: Individuals
8 Decent work and economic growth	8.5 By 2030, achieve full and productive employment and decent work for all women and men, including for young people and persons with disabilities, and equal pay for work of equal value.	GSDM-I8.5.1: Total number of jobs

A.5. Coordinating/managing entity

The CME is the Better Cooking Company Incorporated (d.b.a. EcoSafi), a corporation based in the United States. Contact information is provided in Appendix 1.

A.6. Funding sources of PoA

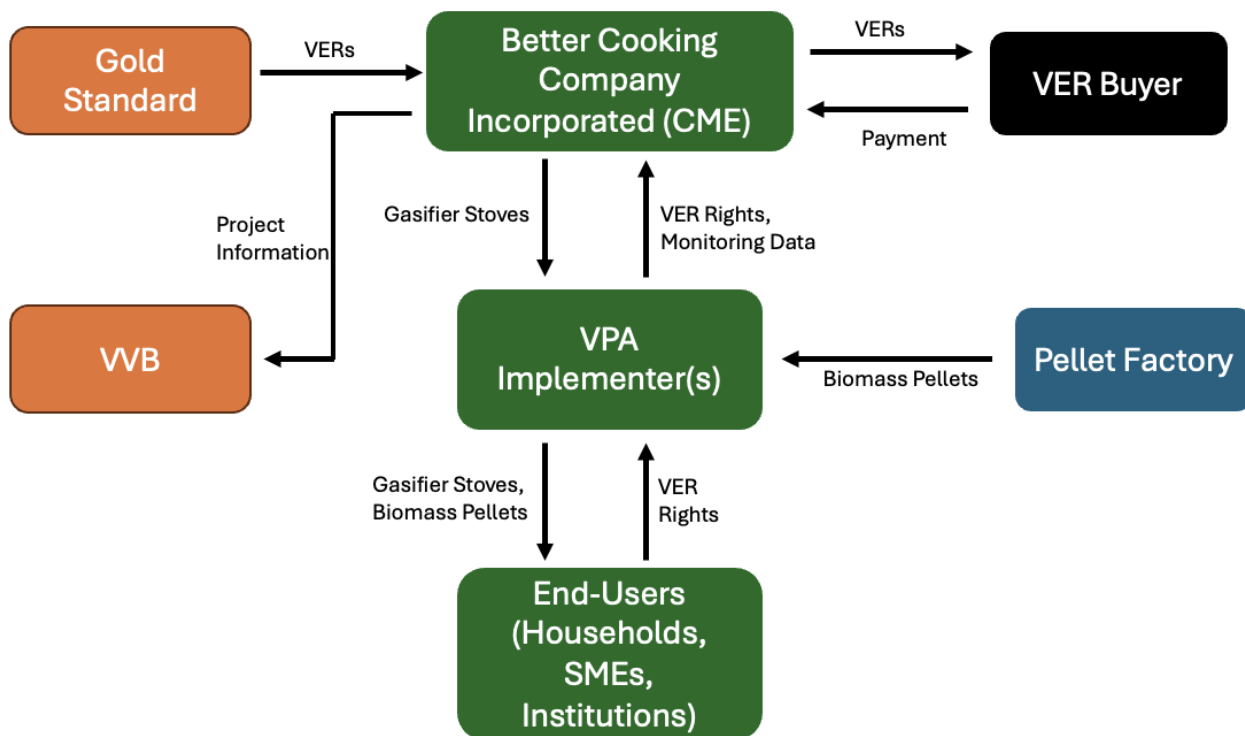
At the time of Design Review, only one VPA (GS12972 in Kenya) has received public funding, in the form of a grant from the Modern Cooking Facility for Africa (MCFA)³. To the CME's knowledge, public funding received has not and will not be tagged as overseas development assistance (ODA) and an ODA Declaration Form has been provided. Otherwise, at the time of Design Review the projects under the PoA do not receive any other public funding and the projects are otherwise privately funded by the CME. Future revenue from the sale of VERs is crucial to securing funding for the CME.

SECTION B. MANAGEMENT SYSTEM AND INCLUSION CRITERIA

B.1. Management System

The CME of the PoA will operate a management system to cover the implementation and monitoring of the activities under each VPA in the PoA. A diagram of the management system is shown below.

³ www.moderncooking.africa
Gold Standard



Roles and Responsibilities

The CME and VPA implementers will enter into an agreement covering the roles and responsibilities of each party in the management system. The role⁴ of the CME and VPA Implementer are as follows:

1. CME Role:

- a. Manage the process of including VPAs (including review of the VPA DD to ensure PoA inclusion criteria are satisfied);
- b. Implementation of the monitoring plan, including aggregation and reporting of data on VPA implementation and operation;
- c. Communication with Validation and Verification Bodies and the Gold Standard for verification and issuance of VERs;
- d. Communication with international stakeholders regarding queries at the PoA-level; and
- e. Allocation of VER revenue (or its equivalent) to VPA Implementers.

2. VPA Implementer Role:

⁴ This is subject to change or revision and is documented in the agreement between the CME and each VPA Implementer.

- a. Implement VPA as per VPA DD;
- b. Own and distribute gasifier stoves and sell pellet fuel;
- c. Provide all information required as per the monitoring plan to the CME;
and
- d. Communicate with local stakeholders regarding queries at the VPA-level.

The CME will have a team of experts in carbon project development with the required experience to review the features of potential VPAs and ensure that each VPA meets the requirements and eligibility criteria for inclusion under the PoA. In addition to the expert team, the CME will train members of the VPA implementer in the development and implementation of a VPA under the PoA.

Training and Capacity Development

The CME will provide training to the VPA Implementers, specifically key persons involved in implementation, data collection, and monitoring, to ensure the implementation of the VPA as per the inclusion criteria and management system of the PoA. Evidence and documentation of these trainings will be maintained by the CME.

Procedure for Technical Review of VPA Inclusion

The CME will review each VPA to be included under the PoA to ensure that it meets the inclusion criteria of the PoA, as documented in section B.3.1 of the PoA DD. The Chief Climate Officer of the CME is responsible for the technical review and will consider the following:

1. Location of the proposed VPA;
2. Technology/service to be provided by the VPA;
3. Implementation plan of the proposed VPA;
4. Ability of the VPA Implementer to follow and meet the data collection and monitoring requirements of the PoA; and
5. Eligibility of the proposed VPA as per Gold Standard requirements.

Double Counting

Each VPA under the PoA will ensure there is no double counting. Each VPA will confirm that the underlying activity is not registered as a stand-alone project activity nor as a VPA under another PoA under the Gold Standard or any other carbon standard.

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Each VPA under the PoA will assign a unique identification number (Unique ID) to each end user under the VPA. For institutional and commercial end users (primarily restaurants), it is possible for end users to have multiple gasifier cookstoves. Given this, the Unique ID is assigned at the end user level as VERs are based on fuel use, and fuel use is tracked at the end user level. However, the number of gasifier stoves and serial number and model of each gasifier used by each end user will be recorded.

Records and Documentation Control Process for VPAs under the PoA

1. Unique Numbering System

Each participating end user is assigned a unique ID by the system at the time of onboarding. Moreover, each gasifier stove has a unique serial number. Unique order numbers identifying individual fuel purchases are also assigned by the system for each individual pellet fuel transaction, to which mobile money transaction numbers may also be linked (as applicable).

2. Stove Deployment Record

The project will maintain and continuously update an electronic database with all stove and customer records. Data will include:

- i. Unique customer ID
- ii. Date of stove distribution
- iii. Type of stove(s) used (including model/version number, as applicable)
- iv. Customer name and location
- v. Mobile phone number of customer
- vi. Baseline fuel use survey
- vii. ER rights waiver

Data entries are created when inserting user data in a smartphone app. Each user signs either a paper or digital contract during onboarding. This contract includes all stored data except for the customer ID and GPS data, which are automatically assigned by the system when the user's information is entered.

3. Fuel Sales Record

Each pellet purchase transaction is recorded, assigned to the corresponding customer, and identified by a unique transaction number. All pellet purchases can be tracked on an individual user level. Mobile money transaction numbers may also be available and linked to each transaction, as applicable.

The pellet packaging process will follow national regulations established by the relevant government body. Bulk pellets are inspected for quality and then screened by hand over wire mesh trays to filter out fines and short pieces, and to make an inspection for contaminants. Retail pellet sacks will be filled and weighed individually on scales that have been calibrated, tested and sealed.

4. Measures to Guarantee Pellets are Used Only in Project Stoves

There are no sensible alternative usages for pellets in the target countries other than usage in the gasifier stoves distributed by the VPA Implementers, because:

- There are no other pellet-based cooking solutions being distributed to households in the target countries.
- Pellets are not suitable as a cooking fuel in other common cookstoves other than gasifiers, as they cannot be lighted properly and can cause smoke if used in the wrong stove. Users would quickly realize the error and discontinue the unauthorized use.
- Other potential usages for pellets, such as in biomass boilers or for animal bedding, make less economic sense given relatively higher costs compared to alternative fuels as well as infrastructure costs required to ensure a match between pellets and boilers.

Only pellet purchases occurring after the start of the monitoring period will be included in a monitoring period.

5. Data Preparation for Verification

Stove and fuel sales are recorded continuously in real time. For verifications, data is exported from the data management system to Excel or similar software. The resulting spreadsheets will contain a complete list of users, together with pellet purchase data individually assigned to these users. On a separate sheet, pellet purchases per customer will be disaggregated by single purchase events.

The key monitoring parameter $P_{p,d,y}$ (amount of pellets used in the project devices in year y) will be derived by summarizing pellet purchases by all individual users in the corresponding monitoring period.

Continuous Improvements of the PoA Management System

CME will continuously review and improve the management system of the PoA, as needed. This covers the process of VPA inclusion and data collection by VPA Implementers, as well as data aggregation and reporting processes of the CME. Updates made to the management system will be documented as evidence of continuous improvement of the management system.

B.2. Application of methodologies

VPAs under the PoA apply the Gold Standard “Methodology for Metered & Measured Energy Cooking Devices” Version 1.2⁵. Gasifier stoves using renewable/waste biomass pellets are not explicitly described in this version of the methodology. However, gasifier stoves are nearly identical to ethanol stoves, which are eligible under the methodology. Both gasifier and ethanol stoves are clean cooking technologies that use renewable/waste biomass and replace inefficient cooking methods. While the consumption of ethanol fuel can be tracked to satisfy the methodology’s application to ‘metered & measured’ ethanol stoves, for gasifier stoves the mass or volume of biomass pellets is tracked in a similar fashion.

B.2.1. Multiple technologies/measures

Not applicable. VPAs under the PoA will not apply multiple technologies/measures and/or multiple methodologies.

⁵https://globalgoals.goldstandard.org/standards/431_V1.2_EE_ICCS_Methodology-for-Metered-and-Measured-Energy-Cooking-Devices-1.pdf

B.3. Eligibility criteria for inclusion of a VPA in the PoA

ELIGIBILITY CRITERION		DESCRIPTION/ REQUIRED CONDITION	MEANS OF VERIFICATION/SUPPORTING EVIDENCE FOR INCLUSION
1	Project Type	All VPAs will be Community Services Activities and satisfy the criteria of the Community Services Activity Requirements published by the Gold Standard (GS).	The VPA is a Community Services Activity as it provides households, SMEs, and institutions with gasifier cookstoves.
2	Project Location	All VPAs will be within countries included under the PoA.	The VPA covers one or more target countries.
3	Project Technology	All VPAs will cover the distribution of gasifier cookstoves with a thermal efficiency equal to or above 50% and a maximum energy output less than 150 kW.	Testing certificates satisfying these requirements will be provided for each gasifier cookstove initially available for distribution under the project at the time of design review. All gasifier stoves distributed under the project will provide testing certificates satisfying these requirements at the time of performance review.

4 Project Area, Project Boundary and Scale	The project area and boundary will be as per GS's Methodology for Metered & Measured Energy Cooking Devices Version 1.2 which follows the requirements of TPDDTEC Version 4.0. As per TPDDTEC Version 4.0, the project boundary is the physical and geographical site of the project technologies/practices including the fuel collection and production area. Further for projects using processed fuels, this boundary also includes the area of baseline and project fuel production. For pellet fuel production from renewable or waste biomass there is no solid waste and effluent disposal or treatment facility associated with fuel processing. All VPAs will be large-scale VPAs.	The VPA will define the project boundary as the physical and geographical site of the project technologies/practices including the fuel collection and production area. Further for projects using processed fuels, this boundary also includes the area of baseline and project fuel production. The VPA will be a large-scale VPA.
5 Double Counting	All VPAs will prevent double counting, ensuring that end users and the emission reductions attributed to them are not included under a separate stand-alone activity, programmatic activity under the GS or other carbon standard, or under a deregistered activity or program. For VPAs under the PoA, each gasifier cookstove, end user, and pellet purchase will have a unique ID assigned in the digital tracking system.	The VPA uses a digital customer tracking system. This system will assign a unique ID to each gasifier cookstove, end user, and pellet purchase under the VA. This ensures that gasifier cookstoves, end users, and pellets can only be assigned to a single activity, and only be counted once, thus ensuring that double counting will not occur. End users will not be included under a separate stand-alone activity, programmatic activity under the GS or other carbon standard, or under a deregistered activity or program.

6	Methodology	All VPAs will apply the GS's Methodology for Metered & Measured Energy Cooking Devices Version 1.2.	The VPA applies the required methodology and satisfies the eligibility criteria of the methodology.
7	Additionality	All VPAs will demonstrate additionality through one, or more, of the following options: • Satisfy at least one of the following criteria from the positive list in Annex B of the GS's Community Services Activity Requirements Version 1.2: i. Be solely composed of isolated units where the users of the technology/measure are households, small businesses or institutions and where each unit results in less than, or equal to, 600 MWh of energy savings or less than, or equal to, 600 tonnes of emission reductions per year; ii. Involve technologies and/or practices providing thermal energy to the user that have less than a 20% adoption rate; or • Be located in an LDC, SIDS, LLDC; or Qualify as a micro-scale project.	The VPA will demonstrate it satisfies one or more of the options provided.
8	Ongoing Financial Need	All VPAs will at the time of crediting period renewal meet the GS's Principles & Requirements Version 1.2 by demonstrating ongoing financial need at the time of Design Certification Renewal.	The VPA will demonstrate ongoing financial need at the time of Design Certification Renewal.

9	Stakeholder Consultation	All VPAs will conduct a Local Stakeholder Consultation (LSC) at the VPA level as per the requirements of the GS.	A LSC will be held for the VPA. The LSC report showing how the consultation satisfied the requirements of the GS was provided to GS at the time of submission of the VPA.
10	Carbon Credit Rights	All VPAs will ensure ownership of rights to the expected GS VERs. This will be done through contracts and ER transfer agreements with end users, manufacturers, retailers, and other parties reasonably deemed to have a claim to the GS VER rights.	The VPA Implementer will enter into an agreement with each end user in which the end user assigns their rights to the expected GS VERs (carbon credits) to the VPA Implementer. The VPA Implementer will also show documentation from providers of gasifier stoves and providers of pellet fuel in which these parties cede their rights to the expected GS VERs to the VPA Implementer or CME. The VPA Implementer will enter into an agreement with the CME assigning these rights to the CME.
11	Crediting Period	All VPAs will have a 5-year crediting period, renewable twice for a total length of 15 years.	The VPA will have a 5-year, renewable, crediting period.
12	Start Date	All VPAs will evidence the start date through the date of the distribution of the first gasifier cookstove to a customer included in the VPA. For VPAs with a retroactive start date, the start date cannot be more than one year prior to the date of first submission of the PoA-DD for preliminary review.	The start date of the VPA and required evidence will be provided.

13	CME Approval	All VPAs will have a VPA Implementer that is either the CME itself or another entity that has signed a contractual agreement with the CME. The agreement will clearly define responsibilities of both parties, VPA approval procedures, monitoring responsibilities, and transfer of carbon credit rights.	The CME and VPA Implementer will sign a contractual agreement clearly defining responsibilities of both parties, VPA approval procedures, monitoring responsibilities and transfer of GS VER rights.
14	Unique Identifier(s)	All VPAs will implement a unique identification system for each end user included therein, as well as every gasifier cookstove distributed to each customer during specific time periods, to avoid double counting of emission reductions.	For this VPA, unique identifiers are used for each customer, each gasifier cookstove, and each purchase of pellet fuel. The primary unique ID is the end user ID.
15	Host Country Requirements and Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA)	All VPAs will comply with applicable host country requirements and conduct an EIA, if required, as per the applicable national regulations.	The VPA will adhere to the national regulations of target countries.
16	Target Group	All VPAs will distribute gasifier cookstoves to households, SMEs, and/or institutions in urban, peri-urban, and rural areas.	The VPA distributes gasifier cookstoves to households, SMEs, and institutions throughout the target country(ies).
17	ODA Funding	All VPAs will not result in any diversion of ODA funding by completing the latest version of the Official Development Assistance Declaration Form.	The VPA will not make use of public funding from Annex I parties that could result in a diversion of ODA. This is evidenced by the completion of the Official Development Assistance Declaration Form.

18	Renewability of Biomass	All VPAs will adhere to the eligibility criteria covering project activities that use biomass resources in the latest version of the CSA requirements to ensure biomass resources are renewable.	The VPA will demonstrate that biomass resources used are renewable and the renewability of the biomass will be monitored during the crediting period.
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SECTION C. DEMONSTRATION OF ADDITIONALITY

VPAs under the PoA consist of voluntary activities that require revenue from VERs and would not be viable in absence of the PoA. As defined in eligibility criterion 6, above, each VPA under the PoA must satisfy one or more of the requirements for additionality as per the Gold Standard's Community Services Activity Requirements Version 1.2. Specifically, VPAs under the PoA will meet one or more of the following requirements:

- A. Qualify as at least one of the project types of Annex B of the Gold Standard's Community Services Activity Requirements Version 1.2, thereby demonstrating additionality as per paragraph 4.1.9 (a) of Gold Standard's Community Services Activity Requirements Version 1.2:
 - a. Be solely composed of isolated units where the users of the technology/measure are households or communities or institutions and where each unit results in ≤ 600 MWh of energy savings per year or ≤ 600 tonnes of emission reductions per year; and/or
 - b. Involve technologies and/or practices providing thermal energy to the user that have less than 20% adoption rate; or
- B. Be in an LDC, SIDS, or LLDC as per paragraph 4.1.9 (b) of Gold Standard's Community Services Activity Requirements Version 1.2.; or
- C. Qualify as a micro-scale project.

VPAs under the PoA will satisfy at least one of the criteria for additionality defined above (e.g. qualify as a project type on the positive list; be in an LDC, SIDS, or LLDC; or qualify as a micro-scale project).

SECTION D. DURATION OF PoA

D.1. Date of first submission of PoA to Gold Standard

24/07/2024

D.2. Duration of the PoA

20 years and 0 months
 Duration: 01/08/2023 – 31/07/2043

SECTION E. OUTCOME OF PoA LEVEL STAKEHOLDER CONSULTATION

E.1. Summary of stakeholder consultation at PoA Level

No mitigation measures were identified.

The CME organized a virtual design consultation for the EcoSafi Clean Cooking Program on 27/03/2024 and 28/03/2024. Feedback was collected during the virtual design consultations and for a 31-day period after the virtual stakeholder consultations (i.e. from a start date of 27/03/2024 through the end date of 27/04/2024).

No comments were received. No changes based on feedback were made, as no comments were received.⁶

VPAs included in the PoA can follow either option (a) or (b) for organizing VPA stakeholder consultations per Section 5.7.2 of Programme of Activity Requirements and Procedures.

E.2. Consideration of stakeholder comments received

No mitigation measures were identified.

E.3. Final Continuous Input / Grievance Mechanism at PoA Level

METHOD	INCLUDE ALL DETAILS OF CHOSEN METHOD (S) SO THAT THEY MAY BE UNDERSTOOD AND, WHERE RELEVANT, USED BY READERS.
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⁶ 20240724_T-PreReview_V2.0-Design-Consultation-Report_EcoSafi PoA_REDACTED & PUBLIC.pdf

Continuous Input / Grievance Expression Process Book (mandatory)	Addresses in Kenya: Registered Address: PO Box 1908, Karen Physical HQ Address: K-Mall, Koma Rock Road, Nairobi Office Address in Uganda: EcoSafi warehouse and office location at Plot 3300/3301/3302/4723 Bwaise, Kampala
GS Contact (mandatory)	help@goldstandard.org
Telephone access (optional)	Kenya: +254 711 08 2400 Uganda: +256 323 20 0869
Internet/email access (optional)	Carbon@ecosafi.com

APPENDIX 1 - CONTACT INFORMATION OF COORDINATING/MANAGING ENTITY AND RESPONSIBLE PERSON(S)/ ENTITY(IES)

CME and/or responsible person/ entity	☒ CME ☐ Responsible person/ entity for application of the selected methodology(ies) and, where applicable, the selected standardized baseline(s) to the PoA
Organization	Better Cooking Company Inc.
Street/P.O. Box	2648 International Boulevard, Suite 115
Building	-
City	Oakland
State/Region	California
Postcode	94601-1569
Country	United States
Telephone	-
E-mail	Carbon@ecosafi.com
Website	www.ecosafi.com
Contact person	Matthew King
Title	Chief Climate Officer
Salutation	Mr.
Last name	King
Middle name	David
First name	Matthew
Department	-
Mobile	-

Direct tel.	-
Personal e-mail	matt@ecosafi.com

APPENDIX 2 - DESIGN CHANGES

A2.1. Details of proposed or actual design change

>> *Provide the description of the proposed design change*

A2.2. Describe the Impacts of design change on the following

a. Additionality

>>

b. Applicability of methodology and other methodological regulatory documents with which the project activity has been certified

>>

c. Compliance with the monitoring plan of the applied methodology

>>

d. Level of accuracy and completeness in the monitoring of the project activity compared with the requirements contained in the registered monitoring plan

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e. Scale of the project activity

>>

f. Stakeholder consultation

>>

g. Sustainable development criteria

>>

h. Safeguarding assessment

>>

i. Compliance with applicable legislation

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Revision History

Version	Date	Remarks
2.2	14 April 2023	Integrated the design change memo as annex of the document. Editorial changes
2.1	31 May 2022	Editorial changes and revisions
2.0	04 May 2022	Key Project Information table revised to cater for the following information: - Scale of PoA - Title and GS ID of all real case VPAs included in the PoA A new Management System section included Safeguarding Principles Assessment section removed Outcome of PoA Level Stakeholder Consultation section revised in the following manner: - Justification for Stakeholder Consultation at PoA Level Only section removed A new Consideration of Stakeholder Comments Received section added
1.1	14 October 2020	Hyperlinked section summary to enable quick access to key sections Improved clarity on Key Project Information Inclusion criteria table added Clarification on POA level LSC and Safeguard Principles Assessment Improved Clarity on SDG contribution/SDG Impact term used throughout Clarity on Stakeholder Consultation information required Provision of an accompanying Guide to help the user understand detailed rules and requirements
1.0	10 July 2017	Initial adoption