

Gold Standard for the Global Goals
Verification Appraisal Report



March 2018 - version 1.1

KEY PROJECT INFORMATION

Title of the project	GS1247 ZobaAnseba Community Safe Water
Gold Standard project id	VPA 122 – GS 5951 VPA 123 – GS 5952 VPA 124 – GS 5953 VPA 125 – GS 5954 VPA 126 – GS 5955
Host Country	Eritrea
Date of Design Certification	04/04/2018
Start date of crediting period	GS5951: (03/11/2017) to (30/11/2018) MP1 GS5952: (05/11/2017) to (30/11/2018) MP1 GS5953: (04/11/2017) to (30/11/2018) MP1 GS5954: (31/10/2017) to (30/11/2018) MP1 GS5955: (09/11/2017) to (30/11/2018) MP1
Duration of this monitoring period (dd/mm/yyyy) to (dd/mm/yyyy)	GS5951: 03/11/2017 GS5952: 05/11/2017 GS5953: 04/11/2017 GS5954: 31/10/2017 GS5955: 09/11/2017
SDG Impacts targeted (as per approved PDD)	1 – SDG 3: 80% decrease in household smoke (All VPAs) 2 - SDG 5: 0.5 hours per household per day saved on firewood collection time (All VPAs) 3 - SDG 6: 17,183 additional people gain access to safe water: GS5951: 3,416 GS5952: 3,475 GS5953: 3,376 GS5954: 3,472 GS5955: 3,444 4 – SDG 13: 10,000 tCO ₂ e per VPA (All VPAs)

SECTION A. PROJECT STATUS DESCRIPTION

>>Please indicate the scheme applicable to the micro-scale project

1. Project is applying under the stand alonemicro-scale scheme
2. Project is applying under the micro-programme scheme

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Title of the Project or VPA:

- GS1247 VPA 122 ZobaAnseba Community Safe Water
- GS1247 VPA 123ZobaAnseba Community Safe Water
- GS1247 VPA 124ZobaAnseba Community Safe Water
- GS1247 VPA 125ZobaAnseba Community Safe Water
- GS1247 VPA 126ZobaAnseba Community Safe Water

Title of the PoA:GS1247 Improved Kitchen Regimes Multi-Country PoA Master Project

Project Documentation VersionsSupplied: Version 1

>>Briefly indicate when the project started operation and discuss its current status.

The main objective of the project was to identify broken boreholes, renovate them and supply a maintenance programme to ensure that clean, safe water is delivered and the fuelwood used for boiling water is reduced contributing to the reduction of CO₂ emissions. The local stakeholder consultation for this project as held on the 28th May 2017 in ZobaAnseba. The project started on the 30th of October 2017 and until 21stof December 2017 rehabilitated 42 boreholes.

The Project was design certified on the 4th April 2018 and all boreholes included in the project are currently operating and crediting under 5 VPAs.

SECTION B. OBJECTIVE OBSERVER'S OPINION

>>Provide an opinion as to whether the project activity is in line with The Gold Standard principles and whether SDG outcomes should be certified.

The VPAs 122, 123 , 124 125, 126:GS1247 ZobaAnseba Community Safe Water Project is in line with the Gold Standard principles as it is supporting the provision of safe water for hundreds of households through borehole or Hand dug Wells rehabilitation programme.

The borehole or Hand dug Wells rehabilitation project has enabled the beneficiaries/ households to reduce the amount of fuel wood used for boiling waterand thus reduces carbon dioxide emissions which is in line to Principle 1: Contribution to Climate Security and Sustainable Development as well as SDG 13 - Climate Action.

In all the visited villages the prevalence of water born/related and respiratory diseases has been drastically reduced. The picture taken at Adi-berbere where villagers used to use open source along with their livestock's in comparison with the rehabilitated borehole or Hand dug Well is a typical example how the project has improved the health and well-being of the beneficiaries (SDG -3); Improved provision of safe water and better hygiene and sanitation (SDG -6); improved Gender equality (SDG 5) in which young boys (Pic. 1) are also being involved in fetching water from the borehole or Hand dug Well.



Pic.1

Water Source in Adiberebere before and after borehole or Hand dug Well rehabilitation

As the project is only a borehole or Hand dug Well rehabilitation programme there was no major construction works performed and hence there was not any identified negative impacts on sustainable development which is in line with the Gold Standards Safeguarding Principle. Similarly since the project is a rehabilitation programme it does not have any negative environmental, social and/or cultural damage; as well as complicit with political freedom.

SECTION C. DETAILS OF SITE VISIT

C.1 Team on site

>>List Objective Observer(s) that went on site. Provide brief information about his/her (their) background and relevant skills.

Mr. Mehreteab Michael, accompanied by Head of Water Resource Department of ZobaAnseba Administrative Region, Technicians and Project Development officers from the respective visited Sub-zoba.

Background: Has MSc. In Environmental Sciences. Worked with the Department of Environment for more than fifteen(15) years as senior expert and with different positions. Climate change issue is one of the area's he actively involved during this work period. Has taken several hands-on and distance education related to climate change sciences and management and has participated in several climate change negotiation sessions.

In 2009 worked with the UNFCCC as a fellow with the CDM information Team, Sustainable Development Mechanism. Since then has been supporting the DNA Eritrea to promote CDM projects in that country. Preparation of awareness materials, organizing CDM promotion workshops, and providing trainings were some of the activities being involved in the promotion of CDM projects.

C.2 Period of site-visit

>>Time period during which Objective Observer(s) was (were) on-site.

The site visit was conducted from 03/04 to 05/04/2019

C.3 People interviewed

>>Provide the list of the individuals interviewed during the site visit and include relevant information on the group or organisation they represent.

Village: Golagul

Date: 03/04/2019

S/r	Name	Village	Position	Telephone
1.	FrezghiKiflom	Golagul	Administrator	07183711
2.	WegahtaTefamichael	Golagul	Village manager	
3.	MosazghiAbraha	Golagul	WASH Committee-chairman	07192183
4.	DebesayDebretsion	Golagul	Village manager	
5.	GhirmayYohaness	Golagul	WASH Committee- finance	
6.	AmeteTekie	Golagul	Head of NUEW	
7.	HidatWeldeab	Golagul	Home economist	
8.	TimnitTekie	Golagul	Guard	

Village: Digdig

Date: 03/04/2019

S/r	Name	Village	Position	Telephone
1.	DesaleWeldeghebriel	Digdig	Administrator	
2.	BekitDebesay	Digdig	WASH Committee-chairman	
3.	KiflomKidane	Digdig	WASH Committee-secretary	
4.	AdhanetIssak	Digdig	Guard	
5.	YemaneGherezghere	Digdig	WASH Committee-Cashier	



Pic.2 one of the rehabilitated borehole in Digdig which also serves some districts of Aditecelezan Residents

Village:HabrenGheqa

Date: 03/04/2019

S/r	Name	Vilage	Position	Telephone
1.	AbedeTefamichael	HabrenGheqa	Administrator	07167972
2.	Huria Jabir	HabrenGheqa	WASH Committee –cashier	07544732
3.	IdrisFayid	HabrenGheqa	WASH Committee –chairman	
4.	NejatAbdella	HabrenGheqa	Guard	
5.	GhilayTekle	HabrenGheqa	Village representative	
6.	AdemHassebela	HabrenGheqa	Village representative	

Village:Balwa

Date: 03/04/2019

S/r	Name	Vilage	Position	Telephone
1.	TekleberhanTefatsion	Balwa	WASH Committee-chairman	
2.	HaddasDesale	Balwa	WASH Committee-cashier	07 4571 42
3.	ArafaFerej	Balwa	WASH Committee	
4.	HussienHiwar	Balwa	WASH Committee-secretary	
5.	Roma Alazar	Balwa	WASH Committee-sanitation	

Village:Firkutu

Date: 03/04/2019

S/r	Name	Village	Position	Telephone
1.	MihreteabKibrom	Firkutu	WASH Committee-chairman	
2.	Amine Teklu	Firkutu	WASH Committee-assistant	
3.	AbedeTesfai	Firkutu	WASH Committee-secretary	
4.	LemlemSium	Firkutu	WASH Committee-cashier	
5.	MerhawiMehari	Firkutu	Village manager	
6.	EstifanosIssak	Firkutu	Village representative	
7.	WeldeyesusMenghistu	Firkutu	Village representative	
8.	Araya Habtezghi	Firkutu	Wash Committee-sanitation	

Village: Robto

Date: 03/04/2019

S/r	Name	Village	Position	Telephone
1.	Teclesenbet Haile	Robto	WASH Committee-chairman	07347739
2.	FissehatsionGhebreyesus	Robto	WASH Committee-assistant	
3.	MedhanieAsghedom	Robto	Village representative	
4.	MihreteabAraia	Robto	Village representative	
5.	Ibrahim Seid	Robto	Administrator	07340607
6.	LegesetTesfazghi	Robto	Guard	
7.	SenaitHagos	Robto	WASH Committee-sanitation	

Village: Jenbereg

Date: 03/04/2019

S/r	Name	Village	Position	Telephone
1.	Eyob Haj	Jenberek	WASH Committee-Cashier	07331666
2.	SulemanMohamedseid	Jenberek	Village representative	
3.	ZerezghiKibrom	Jenberek	WASH Committee-sanitation	07500180
4.	EyobHidru	Jenberek	WASH Committee-chairman	

5.	HabterghishGirme	Jenberek	WASH Committee	
6.	AmeteGherense	Jenberek	Guard	
7.	AlazarBereket	Jenberek	Village representative	

Village: Hashishay
Date: 04/04/2019

S/r	Name	Village	Position	Telephone
1.	Mohammed Mussa	Hashishay	Administrator	07306486
2.	Mohammed Osman Hussen	Hashishay	WASH Committee-chairman	
3.	Jimie Mohammed Omer	Hashishay	WASH Committee-Finance	
4.	Mohammed Abdella	Hashishay	WASH Committee-	
5.	Hamid Salih	Hashishay	Village manager	
6.	Fatma Ismail	Hashishay	Guard	

Village: Glass
Date: 04/04/2019

S/r	Name	Village	Position	Telephone
1.	AssenaiPetros	Glass	Administrator	07306486
2.	BerhinTesfa	Glass	WASH Committee-chairman	
3.	LeeseUqubaldet	Glass	WASH Committee-finance	
4.	TesfaldetHabte	Glass	Village representative	

Village: Shinara
Date: 04/04/2019

S/r	Name	Village	Position	Telephone
1.	ZereginbotFikad	Shinara	Administrator	073438389
2.	UqubazghiWeldehaimanot	Shinara	WASH Committee-chairman	07352334
3.	MihretYohaness	Shinara	Village representative	
4.	SenbetuMeskele	Shinara	WASH Committee-cashier	
5.	MedhinAregay	Shinara	WASH Committee	

6.	Hawa Ahmed	Shinara	Village representative	
7.	SinitMenghistu	Shinara	WASH Committee-sanitation	
8.	FissehaUqubaldet	Shinara	Village representative	
9.	Alijime Osman	Shinara	Village manager	
10.	WeldemichaelTesfamariam	Shinara	WASH Committee	
11.	KaleabWeldu	Shinara	Village representative	
12.	Tekioldris	Shinara	Village representative	



Pic.3 Group meeting with Shinara Village Representatives (Half of the Representatives are women Which Shows Gender Equality in line to SDG -5)

Village: Dghi

Date: 05/04/2019

S/r	Name	Vilage	Position	Telephone
1.	HabtayBeraki	Dighi	Administrator	07 425963

N.B In Dighi we met the guard in person and the administrator through telephone but we visit the borehole site as shown below:



Pic.4 Water Source in Dighibeofre and after boreholerehabilitation

Village: Adiberbere

Date: 05/04/2019

S/r	Name	Vilage	Position	Telephone
1.	Mussa Hamid	Adiberber	Village manager	
2.	Mohammed Omer	Adiberber	WASH Committee-chairman	
3.	Ibrahim Humed	Adiberber	Administrator	
4.	Asha Hamid	Adiberber	Guard	

Project National Team

S/r	Name	Vilage	Position	Telephone
1.	MulughetaMelake	Aditekelezan	Technician	
2.	ZereWeldetensae	Keren	Director of WRD	
3.	Mohammedidris Omer	Elabered	Head of projects	

C.4 Means for interviews

>>>Describe the means used to interview individuals during site visit; e.g. one to one interactions, telephonic conversations, etc.

Mode of Interview used during site-visit included: one to group; one to one; and telephone conversations especially when the village administrator and/or community leader (Anebabari in a local Language) were not present in person.

SECTION D. EVALUATION OF THE STATUS OF MITIGATION AND COMPENSATION MEASURES

>>Evaluate whether the measures to mitigate risks to safeguarding principles identified during project registration have been implemented. Also check if any compensation promised to stakeholders have been delivered.

No risks to safeguarding principles were identified during project registration and thus no compensation promised to stakeholders as part of the projects. The feedback during the local stakeholder consultation was very positive. There have been no negative comments or complaints regarding the projects to date through the various means of communication provided in the continuous input mechanism.

Mitigation or compensation measure	Comments (provide information on status of implementation)
NA	
NA	
NA	

SECTION E. STATUS OF SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT GOALS OUTCOMES

>>With reference to the Sustainability Monitoring Report, evaluate the outcomes against the SDGs addressed by the project, including SDG 13.

SDG 3: Ensure healthy lives and promote well-being for all at all ages

From the discussion made with the representatives of the borehole or hand dug well rehabilitation programme villages the prevalence of diarrhea, stomach aching and other water born/related diseases were common when they use open and polluted surface water. However, after rehabilitation of the boreholes or hand dug wells the incidence of such diseases has drastically decreased up to zero level.

Previously, the villagers accustomed to use fuel wood to boil water using inefficient three stone fires which exposes the women; girls and elders to in-door pollution. This was one of the factors that was the cause for respiratory diseases. Using the safe water from the rehabilitated boreholes or hand dug wells has reduced the incidences of such diseases.

Thus, the borehole or hand dug well rehabilitation project was crucial to decrease the health problems prevalent in the villages from the use of safe and potable water resources which indirectly capacitates the community to have more energy and time for other socio-economic activities that improves their livelihood.

In conclusion this project not only reduces the in-door pollution by 80% as stated in the approved PDD but also improves the overall livelihood of the beneficiary villages and in some instances the neighboring villages as well.

SDG 5: Achieve gender equality and empower all women and girls

Culturally, in ZobaAnseba the burden for water fetching, firewood collection, cooking, washing and cleaning falls upon women and girls. In addition, ZobaAnseba being one of the semi-arid area of the country the availability of fuel wood is likely to decrease with the increase of usage for water boiling and other usages. Through time the distance to the wood collecting area has been increasing continuously exposing the women and girls to spend more time in collecting fuel wood.

The borehole or hand dug well rehabilitation project has enabled the women and girls to have an access to safe water in the possible shortest distance. This reduces the use of fuel wood to boil water which in turn reduce the quantity of wood collected for household consumption.

Thus, the borehole or hand dug well rehabilitation project enabled the women and girls to spend less time in collecting fuel wood as the quantity of fuel wood used for boiling water is reduced. In my opinion given the size of households in these villages and the increasing users of the rehabilitated boreholes and hand dug wells from the nearby villages, the calculated 0.5 hours per household per day saved on firewood collection time might be much lower.

SDG 6. Ensure availability and sustainable management of water and sanitation for all

Ensuring the availability and sustainable management of water and sanitation is the main objective of the VPA:GS1247 ZobaAnseba Community Safe Water Project. Although the site visit was limited to certain beneficiary villages, the project rehabilitated 42 boreholes or hand dug wells as of 21st of December 2017.

During the field visit it was observed that the rehabilitated boreholes or hand dug wells served not only the target households but also from the surrounding villages as well. Thus the number of households and/or people having access to safe water is likely to increase from the calculated 17,183 additional people gain access to safe water.

SDG 13. Take urgent action to combat climate change and its impacts -

Like in many rural parts of Eritrea, ZobaAnseba rural District residents use fuel wood on inefficient three stone fires to purify their water collected from open and unsafe sources for drinking, cleaning and sanitation. If an average household is estimated to be of 5 person and the number of Households of the visited villages (Listed in the table below) is taken in to account, the fuel wood usage for one household to purify the daily consumption is massive. This implies the villagers has been cutting more fuel woods on a daily basis contributing to the expansion of desertification in the already semi-arid area; reducing the carbon sinks and increasing the release of green house gases emissions aggravating the effects of climate change.

During the field visit it was observed that the use of inefficient three stone fuel wood water boiling/purification process has stopped due to the provision of safe water through the rehabilitation of borehole or Hand dug Wells. Thus, the VPA:GS1247 ZobaAnseba Community Safe Water Project is contributing to the reduction of fuel wood cut for boiling water; this in turn enhances the carbon sink and reduces the green house gas emissions as part of the global action to combat the adverse effects of climate change.

Village	Households
Golagul	573

<i>Digdig</i>	<i>120</i>
<i>Habrengheka</i>	<i>230</i>
<i>Balwa</i>	<i>621</i>
<i>Firkutu</i>	<i>289</i>
<i>Robto</i>	<i>170</i>
<i>Jemberek</i>	<i>207</i>
<i>Hashishay</i>	<i>852</i>
<i>Glass</i>	<i>270</i>
<i>Shinara</i>	<i>694</i>
<i>Dighi</i>	<i>344</i>

During the field visit it was observed that the rehabilitated borehole or hand dug wells serve not only the targeted villagers but also the surrounding villages as well. This is due to the increased awareness of the villagers on the advantage of using safe water. If the additional users from the nearby villages are added the calculated emission reduction in the approved PDD might be lower than the actual emission reduction. Thus, the project is well performing beyond it's expectations.

Project Developer Sustainability Monitoring Report

Relevant SDG Indicator	SDG 3 (Good Health and Wellbeing)
Data / Parameter	HAPR _y
Unit	%
Description	Total reduction in Household Air Pollution for project activity in year y (%)
Source of data	Household lists; Usage Survey; Water Consumption Field Test
Value(s) applied	100%
Measurement methods, procedures, and how will it be documented	Review the number of people using the borehole according to the household lists for each VPA and multiply by the usage rate to calculate the number of people now using a safe water source in order to calculate the amount of biomass that would have been burnt to purify the water in the baseline scenario. Deduct from this any individuals that still boil water in the project scenario.

Monitoring frequency	Annually
QA/QC procedures	-
Purpose of data	To calculate the additional number of persons who have access to safe water in the project activity compared to the baseline scenario and to calculate from that the percentage decrease in biomass used to purify water through boiling.
Additional comment	-

Relevant SDG Indicator	SDG 6 (Clean Water and Sanitation)
Data / Parameter	P _{access}
Unit	Number of People
Description	Number of additional persons having access to safe water in the project activity compared to the baseline scenario.
Source of data	Baseline survey; Household lists; Usage Survey
Value(s) applied	GS5951: 3,416 GS5952: 3,475 GS5953: 3,376 GS5954: 3,472 GS5955: 3,444
Measurement methods, procedures, and how will it be documented	Review the number of people using the borehole according to the household lists for each VPA and multiply by the usage rate to calculate the number of people now using a safe water source.
Monitoring frequency	Annually
QA/QC procedures	-
Purpose of data	To calculate the additional number of persons having access to safe water in the project activity compared to the baseline scenario.
Additional comment	-

Relevant SDG Indicator	SDG 5 (Gender Equality)
Data / Parameter	TR _y
Unit	hours

Description	Total reduction time spent collecting firewood for project activity in year y (%)
Source of data	Project Survey
Value(s) applied	0.28
Measurement methods, procedures, and how will it be documented	Calculate the average amount of time spent collecting firewood in the project scenario and compare to the pre-project scenario.
Monitoring frequency	Annually
QA/QC procedures	-
Purpose of data	To quantify whether the project has contributed to a reduction in the amount of time spent collecting firewood compared to the pre-project scenario.
Additional comment	-

Relevant SDG Indicator	SDG 13 (Climate Action)
Data / Parameter	Er,y
Unit	tCO2e/y
Description	Total tonnes of CO2 equivalent emissions reductions for the current monitoring period.
Source of data	IPCC Defaults, Project survey, Baseline survey, Usage survey, Water consumption field test, Water boiling test, Household list
Value(s) applied	GS5951: 9,812 GS5952: 9,811 GS5953: 9,766 GS5954: 10,039 GS5955: 10,123
Measurement methods, procedures, and how will it be documented	Calculate the emissions reductions for each VPA using the associated parameters and applying a yearly cap on projects which reduce more than the microscale cap of 10,000 tCO2e/y. Emission reductions will be calculated for each monitoring period and presented in an excel document.
Monitoring frequency	Annually
QA/QC procedures	-
Purpose of data	To quantify the emissions reductions generated by the project compared to the pre-project scenario.
Additional comment	-

SECTION F. STATUS OF IMPLEMENTATION OF CONTINUOUS INPUT / GRIEVANCE MECHANISM & FEEDBACK RECEIVED

>>Evaluate whether the approved/selected methods of Continuous Input/Grievance Mechanism from the LSC report / other consultations have been implemented on site.

Evaluate the stakeholders' comments received by different methods and responses provided by project developer. Also provide opinion if any mitigation measures should be put in place to address the comments raised.

During this field validation it was assessed that there was no grievances received about the risk of safeguarding. The feedback from the villagers was very positive and were thankful for the project funders and implementers. Although it is in Local language the log-book found in both at the Zoba office and Vita Office were very positive as interpreted in English on page 17 of this report. The following picture is a sample of the scanned page from the Log-book in ZobaAnseba Water Resource Department office.

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	Bdho Street P.O. Box - 7681 Tel: +291-1-122103 or +291-8-211187 Asmara, Eritrea Grievance expression process book will be placed at all water points.	
Telephone access	Mr. IyassuGhebrerufael, Country Director, Vita, Telephone: 1122103 Gold Standard Telephone Number: +41 (0) 22 788 7080	The country director has responsibility for the way this project is implemented.
Internet/email access	This method has not been chosen for local input mechanism. However an online stakeholder Feedback Round will be created for international stakeholders. If stakeholders would like to contact Gold Standard they can do so at: info@goldstandard.org Or contact the project representative at: richard.stone@co2balance.com	Rural people cannot access internet due lack of infrastructure in rural Eritrea.
Nominated Independent Mediator (optional)	N/A	N/A

All comments that have been raised since the start of the project have been very positive hence no mitigation measures have been put in place thus far. Comments collected since the borehole rehabs in the logbooks held at the Ministry of Agriculture and Land in ZobaAnseba and Vita Eritrea office appear below.

Log Book – Vita Eritrea Office

	Name	Afewerki Solomon
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1	What do you like about the borehole project?	It is good to see that the hand pumps are repaired after a long time and people are drinking safe water.
2	What do you not like about the borehole project?	Nothing.
3	Any other comments?	I hope this project is replicated in the other zobas.
4	Signature	

	Name	Medhanie Mehari
1	What do you like about the borehole project?	It is good that this project is focusing on the most essential element of life which is water. I believe it is of a great significance to provide clean water by repairing the hand pumps.
2	What do you not like about the borehole project?	Nothing.
3	Any other comments?	I hope that the project will strengthen more its objective to widely work in the other villages.
4	Signature	

	Name	Russom Tesfamariam
1	What do you like about the borehole project?	It is good that the project is working in collaboration with the partners to repair the hand pumps.
2	What do you not like about the borehole project?	To repair the non-functioning broken hand pumps is very important.
3	Any other comments?	It is always good to evaluate it after the work is done.
4	Signature	

	Name	Zerezghi Dawit
1	What do you like about the borehole project?	It is a very good project. Repairing the hand pumps is very important as people will drink safe water.
2	What do you not like about the borehole project?	Nothing.
3	Any other comments?	To rehab them in a short time and give training to the WASH committee and technicians.
4	Signature	

	Name	Blena Ghirmay
1	What do you like about the borehole project?	It is good that people are drinking clean water.
2	What do you not like about the borehole project?	Nothing.
3	Any other comments?	Every village has to manage the hand pumps carefully, have a protection fence and guard.
4	Signature	

	Name	Azazi Bereketab
1	What do you like about the borehole project?	It is a very helpful project in which remote villages are getting access to clean water.
2	What do you not like about the borehole project?	Nothing.
3	Any other comments?	To strengthen continuous follow up, to work effectively in the ground, give training and encourage people to carefully use it.
4	Signature	

	Name	Solomon Berhane
1	What do you like about the borehole project?	It was great that survey was done and assessed the people's problem and brought a vital solution in a short time.
2	What do you not like about the borehole project?	Nothing.
3	Any other comments?	In the ground people are drinking clean water and hope this will be continuous.
4	Signature	

	Name	Amna Hussen
1	What do you like about the borehole project?	It is great to see that the hand pumps which were broken for long time are repaired and people are drinking safe water.
2	What do you not like about the borehole project?	Nothing.
3	Any other comments?	I hope that the started project will continue and there is timely follow up.
4	Signature	

	Name	Osman Bekit
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1	What do you like about the borehole project?	It is a very important project in which we are drinking clean water.
2	What do you not like about the borehole project?	Nothing.
3	Any other comments?	There should be continuous follow up and provide spare parts.
4	Signature	

	Name	Abdella Yegin
1	What do you like about the borehole project?	It is good because everyone is being responsible on the rehab of the boreholes.
2	What do you not like about the borehole project?	Nothing.
3	Any other comments?	For enrichment of water table there is a need of construction of water reservoirs like dams and ponds.
	Signature	

Log Book –Ministry of Agriculture and Land in ZobaAnseba's Office

	Name	Hadgu Habtu
1	What do you like about the borehole project?	I am so happy that this project is providing access to clean water to the people in the rural villages.
2	What do you not like about the borehole project?	Nothing. It is one of the projects which have all the needed facilities including a vehicle for repairing the hand pumps.
3	Any other comments?	I am very grateful for Vita Eritrea which is working in collaboration with our zoba to repair the hand pumps and saving the lives of the people.
	Signature	

	Name	Berhane Ghirmay
1	What do you like about the borehole project?	It is a great relief to see people drinking clean water.
2	What do you not like about the borehole project?	Nothing.
3	Any other comments?	If possible to help us in the transportation system.
	Signature	

	Name	Mulugheta
1	What do you like about the borehole project?	It is so important, even the people are happy that they are drinking clean water.
2	What do you not like about the borehole project?	Everything is good.
3	Any other comments?	In the zoba we have a problem with the transportation that we can't always maintain the hand pumps.
	Signature	

	Name	ZereWeldetensae
1	What do you like about the borehole project?	It is a top priority of the zoba and it is good that Vita is helping at the right time to repair the hand pumps.
2	What do you not like about the borehole project?	Nothing, but to continuously provide vehicle for regular follow up.
3	Any other comments?	To provide training and to introduce solar water supply system.
	Signature	

	Name	Dawit Kibreab
1	What do you like about the borehole project?	People are benefiting from the provision of clean water.
2	What do you not like about the borehole project?	Nothing.
3	Any other comments?	In the future to plan to pipe water to dwelling.
	Signature	

	Name	YosufWeldu
1	What do you like about the borehole project?	People are drinking safe water.
2	What do you not like about the borehole project?	Everything is good.
3	Any other comments?	To give continuous training to the people.
	Signature	

	Name	TesfalemWelderufael
1	What do you like about the borehole project?	The provision of drinkable water.
2	What do you not like about the borehole project?	It has to be sustainable.
3	Any other comments?	To reach out to all broken hands pumps and further contribute to tap water.
	Signature	

CONFLICT OF INTEREST DECLARATION

I, Mehreteab Michael Yemane, aged 44 years, residing at ZobaMaekel, Sub ZobaArbaete Asmara, and working for Ministry of Land, Water and Environmente, which is located at [insert company headquarters address], having been selected to serve as an Objective Observer on behalf of The Gold Standard Foundation, hereby certify and declare as follows:

Neither I nor anyone else having influence over me has an interest with any person or in any firm, corporation or other business entity that is involved in the assessed project activity "GSVPA:GS1247 ZobaAnseba Community Safe Water" nor have I participated, directly or indirectly, by committee or as a consultant, advisor, employee, officer, director, agent, trustee, or otherwise, in the development, implementation, or administration of GSVPA:GS1247 ZobaAnseba Community Safe Water. I further certify and declare that in no way do I have a bias in favor or against any person, firm, corporation or business entity involved with GSVPA:GS1247 ZobaAnseba Community Safe Water, and I understand that such bias would disqualify me as an Objective Observer. If at any time during the evaluation process I should become aware of any interest or bias, I will report it immediately to The Gold Standard Foundation.

For purposes of this declaration, I understand "interest" to include any consideration or other thing of economic value, including future consideration.

Name: Mehreteab Michael Yemane

Signed this _____ day of _____ Year _____

Gold Standard

CONFLICT OF INTEREST DECLARATION

I, Mehreteab Michael Yemane, aged 44 years, residing at Zoba Maekel, Sub Zoba Arbaene Asmara, Kebabi Gheza Khenisha Asmara, Eritrea, and working for Ministry of Land, Water and Environment, which is located at Asmara, having been selected to serve as an Objective Observer on behalf of The Gold Standard Foundation, hereby certify and declare as follows:

Neither I nor anyone else having influence over me has an interest with any person or in any firm, corporation or other business entity that is involved in the assessed project activity "GS1247 Zoba Anseba Community Safe Water" nor have I participated, directly or indirectly, by committee or as a consultant, advisor, employee, officer, director, agent, trustee, or otherwise, in the development, implementation, or administration of GS1247 Zoba Anseba Community Safe Water. I further certify and declare that in no way do I have a bias in favor or against any person, firm, corporation or business entity involved with GS1247 Zoba Anseba Community Safe Water, and I understand that such bias would disqualify me as an Objective Observer. If at any time during the evaluation process I should become aware of any interest or bias, I will report it immediately to The Gold Standard Foundation.

For purposes of this declaration, I understand "interest" to include any consideration or other thing of economic value, including future consideration.

Name: Mehreteab Michael Yemane 

Signed this 11th day of April Year 2019