

TEMPLATE

MONITORING REPORT

PUBLICATION DATE 14.10.2020

VERSION v. 1.1

RELATED SUPPORT - **TEMPLATE GUIDE Monitoring Report v. 1.1**

This document contains the following Sections

Key Project Information

SECTION A - Description of project

SECTION B - Implementation of project

SECTION C - Description of monitoring system applied by the project.

SECTION D - Data and parameters

SECTION E - Calculation of SDG Impacts

SECTION F - Safeguards Reporting

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KEY PROJECT INFORMATION

GS ID (s) of Project (s)	GS576
Title of the project (s) covered by monitoring report	Kuyucak 25.6 MW Wind Farm Project, Turkey
Version number of the PDD/VPA-DD (s) applicable to this monitoring report	0.8
Version number of the monitoring report	0.4
Completion date of the monitoring report	15/05/2025
Date of project design certification	15/04/2011 CP1 16/06/2023 CP2
Date of Last Annual Report	19/12/2023 (Because 2024 credits are issued)
Monitoring period number	5 th
Duration of this monitoring period	01/03/2024-10/11/2024 (Both days are included)
Project Representative	Alize Enerji Elektrik Üretim A.Ş. Rüzgar Karbon ve Enerji Danışmanlık Sanayi Ticaret Limited Şirketi
Host Country	Turkey
Activity Requirements applied	☐ Community Services Activities ☒ Renewable Energy Activities ☐ Land Use and Forestry Activities/Risks & Capacities ☐ N/A
Methodology (ies) applied and version number	ACM0002: Grid connected electricity generation from renewable electricity generation - Version 20.0
Product Requirements applied	☒ GHG Emissions Reduction & Sequestration ☐ Renewable Energy Label ☐ N/A

Table 1 - Sustainable Development Contributions Achieved

Sustainable Development Goals Targeted	SDG Impact	Amount Achieved	Units/ Products
SDG 7: Affordable and Clean Energy	T: 7.2 By 2030, increase substantially the share of renewable energy in the global energy mix I: 7.2.1 "Renewable energy share in the total final energy consumption	01/03/2024 to 10/11/2024: 52,597.351	MWh
SDG 8: Decent Work and Economic Growth	T: 8.5 By 2030 achieve full and productive employment and decent work for all 8.5.2 Unemployment rate, by sex, age and persons with disabilities	The project provides 8 employees	People
SDG 8: Decent Work and Economic Growth	T: 8.8 Protect labour rights and promote safe and secure working environments for all workers, including migrant workers, in particular women migrants, and those in precarious 8.8.2 Increase in national compliance of labour rights (freedom of association and collective bargaining) based on International Labour Organization (ILO) textual sources and national legislation, by sex and migrant status	8 people trained on health and safety issues during this monitoring period	All
SDG 13: Climate Action	13.3 Improve education, awareness-raising and human and institutional capacity on climate change mitigation, adaptation, impact reduction and early warning 13.3.2 Number of countries that have communicated the strengthening of institutional, systemic and individual capacity-building to implement adaptation, mitigation and technology transfer, and development actions" and following	01/03/2024 to 10/11/2024: 34,125	GSVERs

Table 2 – Product Vintages

Start Dates	End Dates	VER
01/03/2024	10/11/2024	34,125

SECTION A. DESCRIPTION OF PROJECT

A.1. General description of project

The Kuyucak 25.6 MW Wind Farm Project, Turkey, hereafter referred to as the project, involves a grid-connected onshore wind farm project in the Demirtaş village, Kırkağaç-Kuyucak district of Manisa Province. And this Kuyucak 25.6 MW Wind Farm Project, Turkey belongs to Alize Enerji Elektrik Üretim A.Ş.

The project consists of 12 wind turbines with an installed capacity of 2000 kW (E70) each and 2 wind turbines with an installed 800 kW (E44) each. With a total installed power generation capacity of 25.6 MW, the project is estimated to supply grid as 112,763 MWh and 71,578 tCO₂-eq per annum and which total to reduction of 501,047 tCO₂-eq over first 7-year crediting period according to registered first PDD. The project is estimated to supply grid as 74,006.983 MWh and expected annual emission reductions of the project is approximately 48,015 tCO₂/year during for the CP2 crediting period. The Project aims to generate electricity from wind energy and feed it to the national electricity grid.

And this project has supplied to grid net 52,597.351 MWh and 34,125 tCO₂ emission reductions during this 5th monitoring period.

The Project Proponent has been granted a 49-year generation license by the Turkish Energy Market Regulatory Authority for the proposed Project under the provisions of Law No. 4628 governing the electricity market in the Republic of Turkey.

The purpose of the project activity is to produce renewable electricity using wind as the power source and to contribute to Turkey is growing electricity demand through a sustainable and low carbon technology. The project displaces the same amount of electricity generated by the grid dominated with fossil fired power plants.

The project activity produces positive environmental and economic benefits through the following aspects:

- Displacing the electricity generated by fossil fuel fired power plants by utilising the renewable resources to avoid environmental pollution and GHG emissions,
- Contributing the economic development of the region by providing sustainable energy resources,

- Increasing the income and local standard of living by providing job opportunities for the local people.
- Production of pillar and other equipment in Turkey indirectly cause the know-how transfer and empower the local industry.

The project area belongs to the Ministry of Environment and the proposed project activity has been the installation of a grid-connected renewable power plant/unit. In the absence of the project activity, the electrical energy would have been delivered to the grid through a mix of existing power generation resources.

The project's capacity was increased to 50.1 MW in 2017 as added 24.5 MW capacity extension with 9 turbines with 5 of them each 2.3 MW capacity and 4 of them each 2.35 MW capacity. The capacity addition has not added as GS project because of delay timeline of one-year rules of Gold Standard. Accordingly, PP can use only 25.6 MW capacity's electricity generation for the purpose of emission reduction calculations. For this, the ratio between the electricity generations of 25.6 MW and of 50.1 MW capacities; namely, the ratio between the actual electricity generation of the initial (existing) capacity against the electricity generation of the total capacity has been calculated as every detail can be seen in ER excel calculation sheet.

Formulation: The following equation has been used to calculate the quantity of net electricity generation supplied to the grid by the project plant that has been added under the project activity:

$$EG_{PJ,y} = EG_{facility,y} * EG_{RATIO,y}$$

Where:

$EG_{PJ,y}$ = Design Certified Quantity of net electricity generation supplied to the grid in year y by the project plant/units that has been used under the 25.6 MW project activity (MWh/yr)

$EG_{facility,y}$ = Quantity of total net electricity generation supplied to the grid in year y by the facility [the Project Activity's existing capacity (50.1 MW) and capacity addition (24.5MW)] and measured by the TEİİAS meters (MWh/yr)

$EG_{RATIO,y}$ = Ratio between electricity generation of the plans/units of the Project Activity (25.6MW) and the total gross generation of the 50.1MW facility in year y (%) calculated as per SCADA.

The ratio value has been calculated for each month and transparently be shown for each monitoring period. It is expected that monthly ratio values are not significantly different from each other. The ratio value is examined for any statistically significant deviation. The net electricity supplied by the Wind Farm (including the existing and additional capacity) to the national grid is measured by TEİAŞ_İ metering devices. As well, the electricity generation of each wind energy converter (wind turbine) under Kuyucak 25.6 MW Wind Farm Project (the existing capacity and added capacity) has been measured continuously with a SCADA system. Using the SCADA data, the total amount of electricity generated from the existing capacity under the proposed project activity and the added capacity has been measured on monthly basis and has been used to calculate the ratio of electricity generation. The PP can use the ratio for this monitoring period. The electricity generation of 30th- 31th of October and between 1st and 3rd of November could not monitored with SCADA because of hard drive damage. Due to this missing SCADA data for the last 2 days of October and the first 3 days of November in Kuyucak; the average of previous months rate of 2024 was used in the calculation of the Kuyucak WPP.

The second crediting period including between 11/11/2017 and 10/11/2024. PP can claim credits only between 08/10/2022 and 10/11/2024 from CP2 and then continue CP3.

- The project applies methodology ACM0002 Version 20.0, which is an approved methodology under Gold Standard.
- The project type is wind which is an eligible project type as it is in accordance with Eligible Project Types & Scope under Renewable Energy Activity Requirements.
- The project activity results in displacement of electricity from thermal power stations while contributing to sustainable development of Turkey. Hence, the project contributes to the Gold Standard vision and mission.
- Wind is an approved project type and does not require approval from Gold Standard.
- This project activity is not associated with geo-engineering or energy generated from fossil fuel or nuclear, fossil fuel switch, nor does it enhance or prolongs such energy generation.

Time schedule of the project activity may be seen in table 3 as followed:

Table 3: Time schedule of the project activity

Event	Actual / Expected	Date
Commissioning date of the T8,T12,T13 and T14 wind turbines (8 MW=4*2.0 MW)*	Actual	11/11/2010

Commissioning date of the T1 to and T11 wind turbines (17.6 MW=8*2.0 MW+2*0.8 MW)*	Actual	9/12/2010
Start and end of first crediting period (CP1)	Actual	11/11/2010-10/11/2017
Gold Standards registration of Project Activity	Actual	15/04/2011
First Monitoring Period	Actual	11/11/2010-31/12/2011
Second Monitoring Period	Actual	01/01/2012-31/12/2012
Third Monitoring Period	Actual	01/01/2013-31/03/2014
Commissioning date of the T19 to T24 wind turbines (15,1 MW=12*0.3 MW +5*2,3 MW)	Actual	12/09/2015
Commissioning date of the T15 and T18 wind turbines (4,7 MW=2*2.35 MW)	Actual	27/07/2017
Commissioning date of the T16 and T17 wind turbines (4,7 MW=2*2.35 MW)	Actual	25/08/2017
Starting and ending of Second crediting period (CP2)	Actual	11/11/2017-10/11/2024
Fourth Monitoring Period	Actual	08/10/2022-29/02/2024
Fifth Monitoring Period	Actual	01/03/2024-10/11/2024

*PP can use only use the registered turbines' electricity generation for SDG7 and SDG13 during CP1, CP2 and CP3.

A.2. Location of project

The Kuyucak 25.6 MW Wind Farm Project, Turkey is located in Demirtaş village, Kırkağaç-Kuyucak district of Manisa province, Marmara Region. The geographical location of the Project covers an area around 39° 17' N, 27° 53' E approximately. Please see below the maps showing the location of the project activity in Turkey.

Figure 1 The location of the project activity in Turkey



Figure 2 The kmz map of Kuyucak WPP with indicating turbine

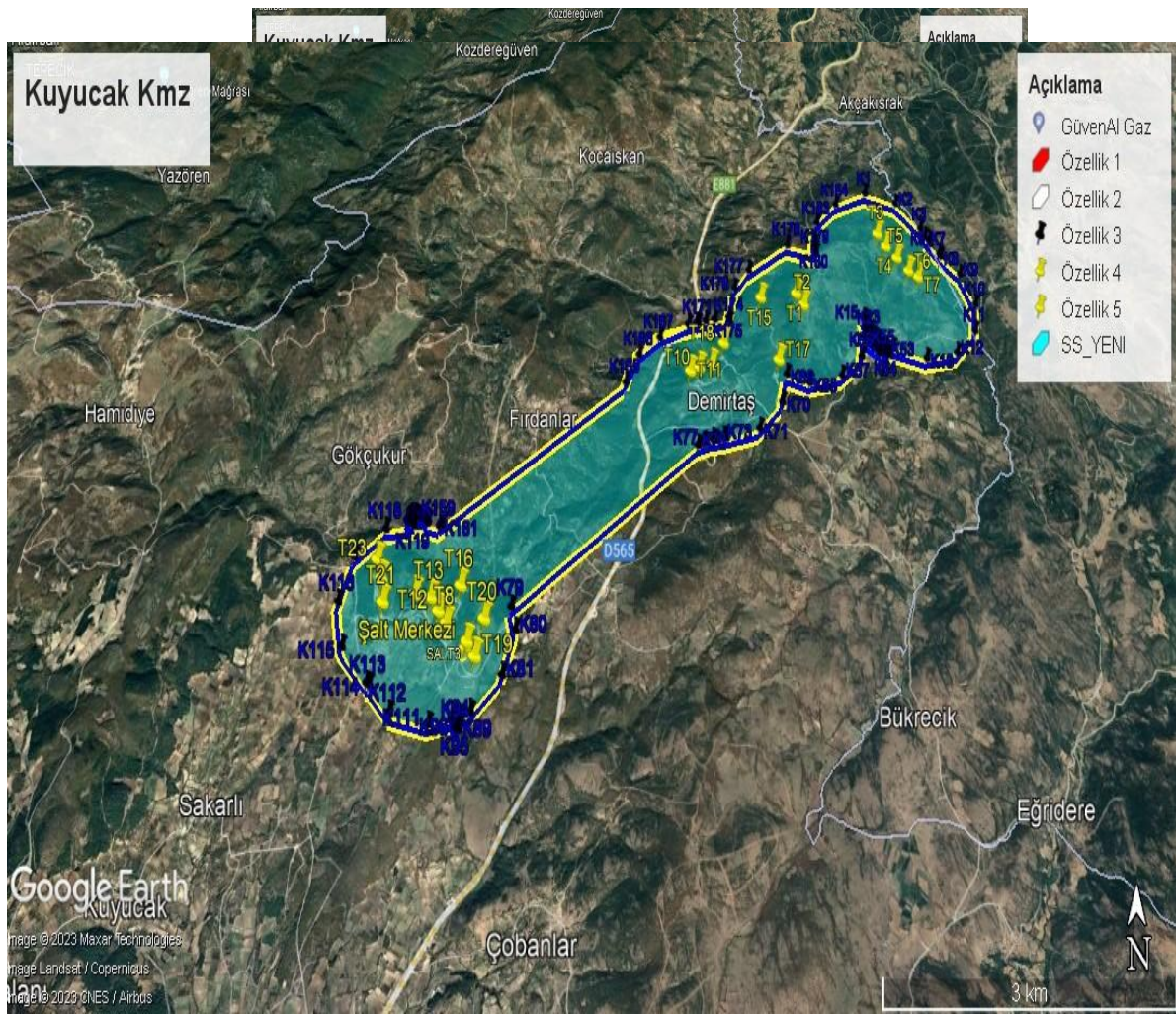
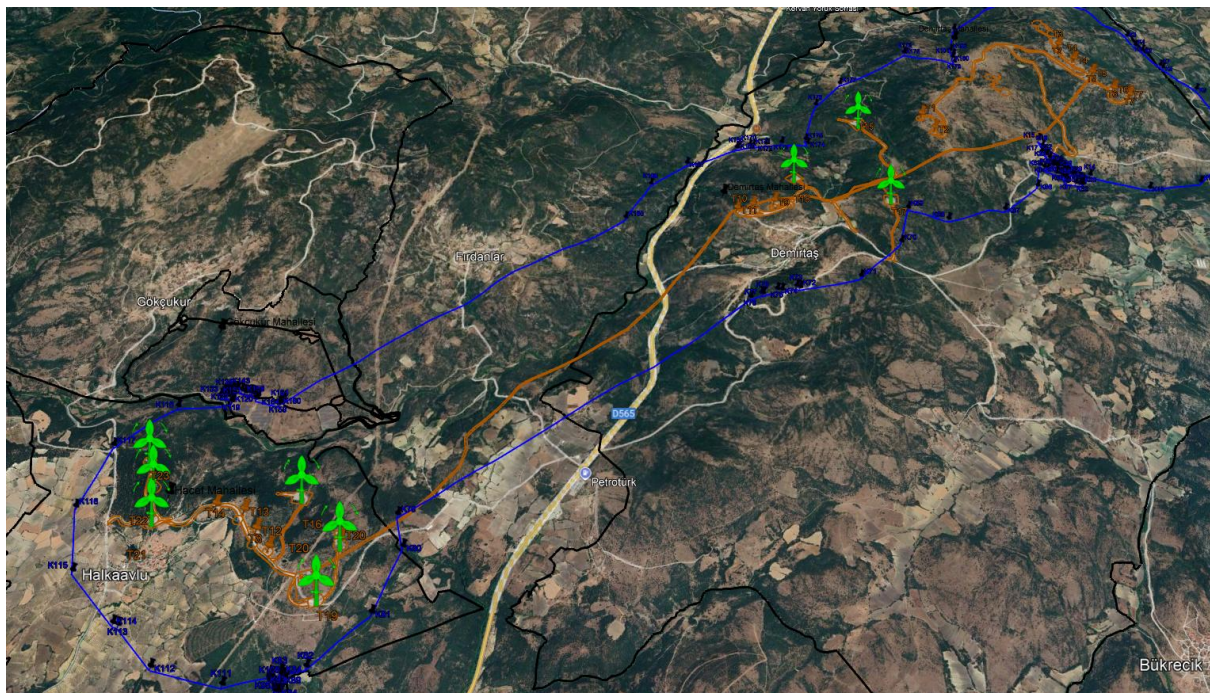


Figure 3 The kmz map of Kuyucak WPP's unregistered 9 green turbines



The nearest place is Demirtaş village 1.5 km from Kuyucak 25.6 MW Wind Farm Project.

Table 4: Registered 14 Turbine Coordinates¹

Nihai Türbin No	ED50 Değerleri		WGS84 Değerleri	
	Doğu (sağa değer)	Kuzey (yukarı değer)	Enlem	Boylam
T.1	580524	4351573	39.30813	27.93349
T.2	580612	4351382	38.40536	27.92277
T.3	581936	4352619	39.31742	27.95000
T.4	582033	4352407	39.31550	27.95110
T.5	582174	4352226	39.31386	27.95271
T.6	582315	4352010	39.31190	27.95432
T.7	582446	4351920	39.31107	27.95583
T.8	575661	4347256	39.26967	27.87662
T.9	579189	4350599	39.29948	27.91790
T.10	579009	4350576	39.29929	27.91581
T.11	578880	4350549	39.29905	27.91431
T.12	575551	4347387	39.27086	27.87535
T.13	575434	4347540	39.27225	27.87402
T.14	575230	4347589	39.27271	27.87166

Please find below the 9 turbine coordinates which is unregistered turbine for the Kuyucak 25.6 MW WPP for CP2. The electricity generation values of these turbines have not been included during the monitoring periods of CP2.

Table 5: Unregistered 9 Turbine Coordinates for CP2

Nihai Türbin No	ED50 Değerleri		WGS84 Değerleri	
	Doğu (sağa değer)	Kuzey (yukarı değer)	Enlem	Boylam
T.15	580007	4351633	39.30872	27.92751
T.16	575795	4347704	39.27370	27.87822
T.17	580170	4350635	39.29971	27.92928
T.18	579394	4350964	39.30275	27.92032
T.19	576045	4346915	39.26657	27.88103
T.20	576127	4347321	39.27022	27.88202
T.21	574833	4347489	39.27184	27.86704
T.22	574784	4347743	39.27414	27.86650
T.23	574699	4347960	39.27610	27.86554

¹ Generation License

A.3. Reference of applied methodology

The project applies CDM-EB approved "ACM0002: Grid-connected electricity generation from renewable sources - Version 20.0"²

The methodology refers to:

- "Tool 01, Tool for the demonstration and assessment of additionality", Version 07.0.³
- "Tool 02, Combined tool to identify the baseline scenario and demonstrate additionality", Version 07.0⁴
- "Tool 03, Tool to calculate project or leakage CO2 emissions from fossil fuel combustion", Version 03.0⁵
- "Tool 07, Tool to calculate the emission factor for an electricity system", Version 07.0.⁶
- "Tool to determine the remaining lifetime of equipment", Version 01⁷
- Tool 11 "Assessment of the validity of the original/current baseline and update of the baseline at the renewal of the crediting period" Version 3.0.1⁸

A.4. Crediting period of project

Type of crediting period: Renewable

Date of the first crediting period: 11/11/2010-10/11/2017

Date of the second crediting period: 11/11/2017-10/11/2024

Length: 7 years and 0 months, which is planned to be renewed. (21 years) This is second crediting period.

SECTION B. IMPLEMENTATION OF PROJECT

B.1. Description of implemented project

The Project Activity involves the generation of renewable energy from wind. It thereby displaces grid electricity that is partly generated from fossil fuel fired power plants. The wind-driven blades are connected to an electricity generator, which produces electrical energy and supplies it to the grid without storage. Within the scope of the project, all precautions have been taken for the environment during the design phase and the project has been implemented in line with the environmental law and related regulations. Enercon, a German turbine manufacturer, has been selected as technology provider due to the quality of its products in terms of high reliability, grid friendliness, low maintenance requirements and low noise levels. The turbines have been delivered from Germany to the project site. Blades and masts have been produced in Turkey.

² <https://cdm.unfccc.int/UserManagement/FileStorage/AG07ZJQ3EXD42LT5YV9HR16M8KINPO>

³ <https://cdm.unfccc.int/methodologies/PAmethodologies/tools/am-tool-01-v7.0.0.pdf>

⁴ <https://cdm.unfccc.int/methodologies/PAmethodologies/tools/am-tool-02-v7.0.pdf>

⁵ <https://cdm.unfccc.int/methodologies/PAmethodologies/tools/am-tool-03-v3.pdf>

⁶ <https://cdm.unfccc.int/methodologies/PAmethodologies/tools/am-tool-07-v7.0.pdf>

⁷ <https://cdm.unfccc.int/methodologies/PAmethodologies/tools/am-tool-10-v1.pdf>

⁸ <https://cdm.unfccc.int/methodologies/PAmethodologies/tools/am-tool-11-v3.0.1.pdf>

The Project have been composed of gearless, variable speed, variable pitch control wind turbines with a total installed capacity of 25.6 MW. The Project includes 12 units of E70 turbines with an output of 2000 kW and a rotor diameter of 71 m and 2 E44 unit with an output of 800 kW.

This Kuyucak WPP has been connected to the 154 kV high-voltage transmission lines to the Soma transformer station. The metering has been done at substation before electricity is fed into the grid.

The Project reduces greenhouse gas emissions by displacing electricity from grid connected fossil fuel fired power plants, thereby contributing to climate change mitigation along with other environmental benefits. The lifetime of the project activity has been supposed as 25 years.

The main equipment used in the Project is wind turbines with the following specifications.

Table 5: Technical specifications of the Enercon E44- E70 turbines⁸

Parameter	Value
Rated Power	800 kW-E 44
Rotor Diameter	44 m
Number of blades	3
Swept Area	1,521 m ²
Rotational speed	14.0 - 33.1 rpm
Cut in wind speed	2.5 m/s
Cut out wind speed	34 m/s
Remote monitoring:	Enercon SCADA

⁸ <https://en.wind-turbine-models.com/turbines/827-enercon-e-70-e4-2.000>
https://www.enercon.de/fileadmin/Redakteur/Medien-Portal/broschueren/EC_Datenblaetter_WEA_en_082019.pdf

Parameter	Value
Rated Power	2,000 kW-E 70
Rotor Diameter	71 m
Number of blades	3
Swept Area	3,959 m ²
Rotational speed	6.0 - 20.5 rpm
Cut in wind speed	2.5 m/s
Cut out wind speed	34 m/s
Remote monitoring	Enercon SCADA

The line diagram, which can be seen in the Section C of this MR, shows the connection points of Kuyucak 25.6 MW Wind Farm Project with the national grid. The wind farm is connected to Soma-B transformer station on 154 kV high voltage level. Two electricity meters are installed at Kuyucak 25.6 Wind Farm project. These meters are working in parallel.

B.1.1 Forward Action Requests

There is not FAR from previous performance review.

B.2. Post-Design Certification changes

B.2.1. Temporary deviations from the approved Monitoring & Reporting Plan, methodology or standardized baseline

There is no request for deviation applied during this monitoring period

B.2.2. Corrections

There are no corrections applied during this monitoring period.

B.2.3. Changes to start date of crediting period

There are no changes to start date of crediting period.

B.2.4. Permanent changes from the Design Certified monitoring plan, applied methodology or applied standardized baseline

There are no permanent changes from the Design Certified monitoring plan, applied methodology or applied standardized baseline.

B.2.5. Changes to project design of approved project

There are no changes to the Project Design of Approved Project

SECTION C. DESCRIPTION OF MONITORING SYSTEM APPLIED BY THE PROJECT

According to the Turkish Law and Regulations, the methods of monitoring the net electricity fed to the grid and quality control and assures are explained below:

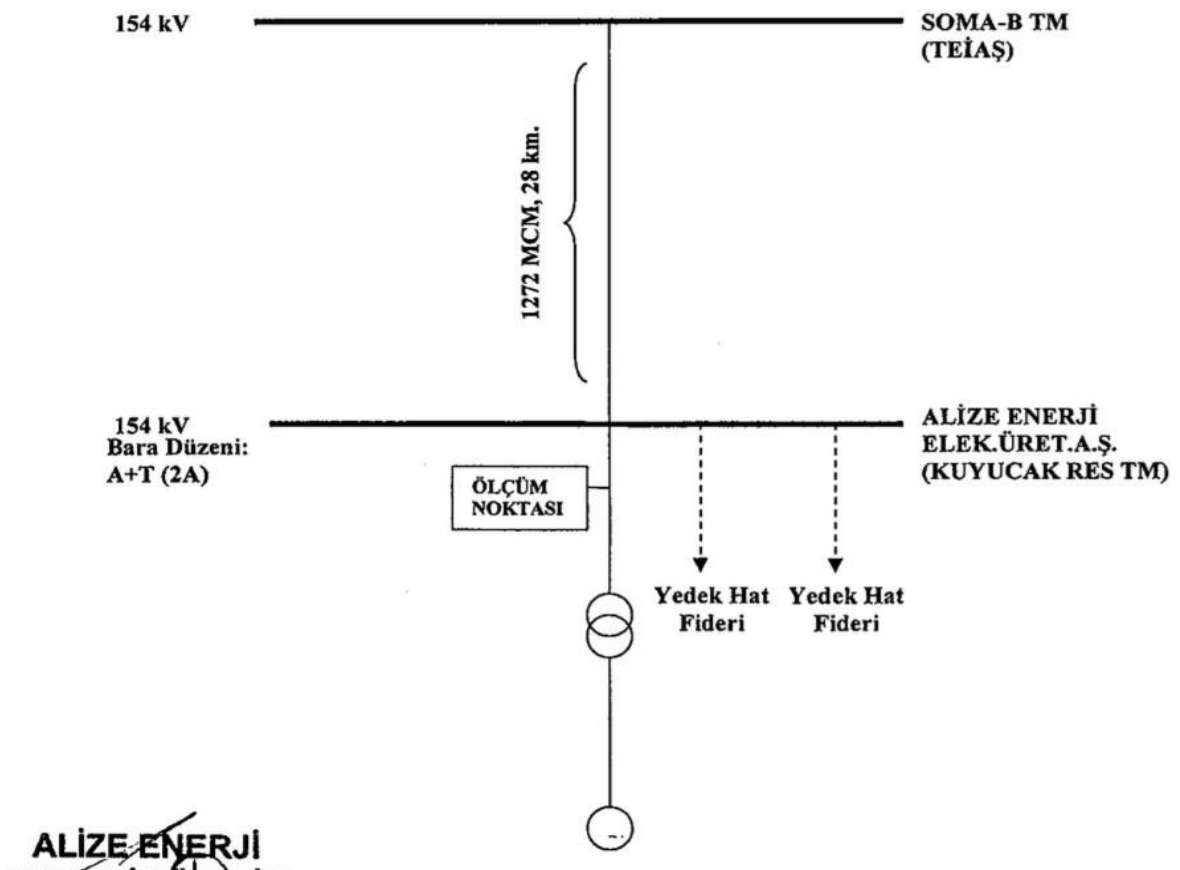
Data processing and archiving: Monitoring data is collected in accordance with the agreement done between the project owner and TEIAS Electricity Distribution Company (TEIAS) which provides the infrastructure for the connection to the national grid. The metering system is defined in the agreement as two groups: main meter and secondary meter. The design of the metering system is checked and approved by TEIAS before commissioning of the plant. The technical specifications of the power meters should be in line with Measure and Metering Devices Regulation by Ministry of Industry and Trade. In addition, the Communique for Power Meters announced by Energy Market Regulations Authority (EMRA) requires all meters to be in line with either Turkish Standards Institution or International Electro Technical Commissions Standards. The meters are placed at the point the electricity is fed to the grid and sealed on behalf of both parties. This prevents any intervention and assures the accuracy and quality of the measurements. All requirements and specifications of the meters have been done according to Communique on the counter to be used in the Electricity Market by Energy Market Regulatory Authority on 22/04/2011. The Enercon SCADA system also stores various data (e.g. electricity generated by each turbine, energy supplied etc.) electronically.

Data has been stored electronically, during the crediting period and at least two years after the last issuance of credits for the wind farm project activity in the concerning crediting period. The project participants also archived a hardcopy of meter reading protocols, scanned them, and stored them. The invoices are kept by the Project owner as hardcopies. Furthermore, the EPIAS system stores the reports electronically, which is accessible to the Project owner whenever necessary.

The project's capacity was increased to 50.1 MW from 25.6 MW but monitoring is very easy. The project's capacity was increased to 50.1 MW in 2017 as a capacity extension. Accordingly, PP can use only 25.6 MW capacity's electricity generation for the purpose of emission reduction calculations. For this, the ratio between the electricity generations of 25.6 MW and of 50.1 MW capacities; namely, the ratio between the actual electricity generation of the initial (existing) capacity against the electricity generation of the total capacity has been calculated.

The net electricity supplied by the Wind Farm (including the existing and additional capacity) to the national grid is measured by TEİAŞ metering devices. As well, the electricity generation of each wind energy converter (wind turbine) under Kuyucak 25.6 MW Wind Farm Project (the existing capacity and added capacity) has been measured continuously with a SCADA system. Using the SCADA data, the total amount of electricity generated from the existing capacity under the proposed project activity and the added capacity has been measured on monthly basis and has been used to calculate the ratio of electricity generation. The PP can use the ratio for monitoring. By applying this ratio to net electricity amount supplied to the national grid, the emission reduction project GS576 under the project activity has been calculated. The following figure represents the line diagram of the project activity:

Figure 4: Line Diagram of Kuyucak 25.6 MW Wind Farm Project

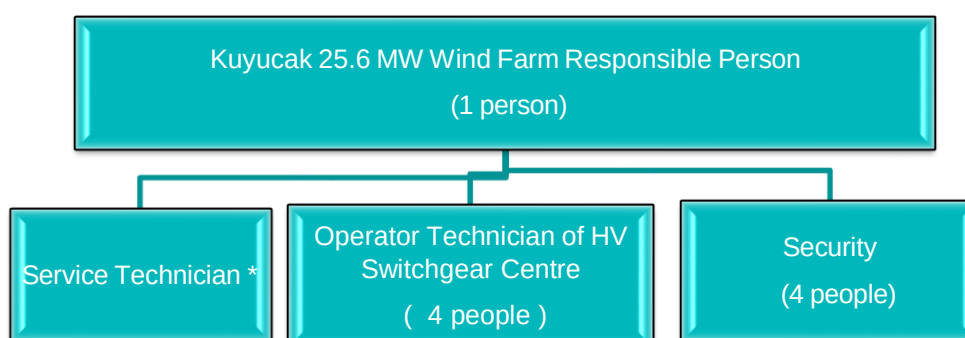


QA/QC procedures: The main and secondary meter readings are recorded monthly and cross-checked whether calibration is required. The capacity of the transmission line connected is to 154 kV, the accuracy class for power meters have been defined in the Communiqué for Power Meters. The calibration frequency of the meters is 10 years. It is under the responsibility of TEIAS. Since TEIAS meters are sealed by TEIAS, the project proponent cannot intervene with the devices.²⁷ The net electricity export/supplied to a grid is the difference between the measured quantities of the grid electricity export and the import. Data measured by meters have been crosschecked with the EPIAS records.

Roles and responsibilities: The authority and responsibility for registration, monitoring, measurement, reporting and reviewing of the data rests with the project proponent. PP proposed the following structure for data monitoring, collection, data archiving and calibration of equipment's for this project activity.

Plant engineer is responsible for the information flow and monitoring procedures in the name of the Project owner. These responsibilities include proper implementation of the monitoring plan, ensuring the information flow between the Project owner company and the VVB and management of the monitoring and verification procedures. The Electrical Engineer of Kuyucak WPP, responsible for monitoring issues on site.

The internal control procedures maintain the reliability and accuracy in the data transfer and calculations. The plant personal records the data on regular basis from both meters and compares the values for consistency. The responsible engineer performs regular checks of this procedure each month and controls the monthly data of main and second meters. If any difference occurs between the two meters, TEIAS has to be informed for further actions. Reliability and accuracy of monthly values is reached by comparative readings both from the project participant and TEIAS, where high accuracy is guaranteed and needed by the requirements of billing purposes.



*The Service Technician can be changed according to their work schedule and wind farm responsible. And Alize Enerji Elektrik Üretim A.Ş. has only responsible of wind farm electrical engineer, HV Switchgear Operators and Security personals. (8 people).

SECTION D. DATA AND PARAMETERS

D.1. Data and parameters fixed ex ante or at renewal of crediting period

I: 7.2.1 "Renewable energy share in the total final energy consumption"

Data/parameter	EF _{CO2,i,y}
Unit	tCO ₂ /MWh
Description	Combined margin CO2 emission factor for the project electricity system in year y
Source of data	Republic of Turkey Ministry of Energy in Emission Factor 2020
Value(s) applied	0.6488
Choice of data or Measurement methods and procedures	Calculate baseline emission
Purpose of data	Calculation of baseline emissions - to demonstrate contribution to SDG7- 7.2.1 Renewable energy share in the total final energy consumption

D.2 Data and parameters monitored

SDG 7: Affordable and Clean Energy

7.2.1 Renewable energy share in the total final energy consumption

Data/parameter	EG P _{j,grid,y}		
Unit	MWh/yr		
Description	Quantity of electricity generated and supplied by the project power plant to the grid in year y		
Source of data	Monthly electricity meter readings		
Value(s) applied	Net electricity generation between 01/03/2024-10/11/2024: 52,597.351 MWh*		
Choice of data or Measurement methods and procedures	The net electricity generation supplied to the grid has been measured continuously by TEAIS meters (both main and spare) and recorded monthly.		
Monitoring frequency	Continuous measurement and at least monthly recording. (Automatic meter reading system-OSOS)		
		Electricity Meter (Primary)	Electricity Meter (Secondary)
	Manufacturer	EMH	EMH
	Model	LZQJ-XC-P2FB	LZQJ-XC-P2FB

QA/QC procedures	Serial number	8923676	8923677
	Date of installation	27/10/2019	14/12/2019
	Date of initial calibration	20/08/2019	20/08/2019
	Date of test by TEIAS	07/08/2021	07/08/2021
	Date of last test by TEIAS	23/04/2023	23/04/2023
	The accuracy of meters	0.2s active 0.5s re-active	0.2s active 0.5s re-active
Calibration frequency: According to the Article 9 of the relevant regulation, periodical inspections of “gauges for electric, water, coal gas, natural gas and, current and voltage measuring transformers has been made once in 10 years”⁹ This is in line with the monitoring plan and national requirements. TEIAS is deciding when to carry out the next calibration. The Project owner has no control over or access to the measurement devices and is not entitled to perform any type of maintenance or calibration. Date of initial calibration: The calibration of the monitoring equipment was carried out according to the information provided in the PDD. The PDD mainly includes the following obligation for the calibration of the appropriate meters: “TEIAS is responsible for calibration and maintenance of the devices. If any difference occurs between primary and secondary device TEIAS performs necessary calibration” • Measurements are undertaken using energy meters. • Concerning metering system accuracy, project participant has to comply with relevant national legislation. The project must ensure that the metering devices are in line with the technical requirements which are set out by the Communiqué for Metering Devices to be used in the Electricity Market¹⁰, which describes the minimum accuracy requirement the metering devices have to fulfil, which are categorized			

⁹ Measurement and Measuring Tools Inspection Regulation”, Date: 24/07/1994, Official Gazette Number: 22000 <https://www.mevzuat.gov.tr/mevzuat?MevzuatNo=6381&MevzuatTur=7&MevzuatTertip=5>

¹⁰ Measurement and Measuring Tools Inspection Regulation”, Date: 24/07/1994, Official Gazette Number: 22000 <https://www.mevzuat.gov.tr/mevzuat?MevzuatNo=6381&MevzuatTur=7&MevzuatTertip=5>

	according to the installed capacity. • Maintenance and calibration of TEIAS meters have been carried out according to the System Usage Agreement. Since meters are sealed by TEIAS the project proponent cannot intervene with the devices¹¹ • The net electricity export/supplied to a grid is the difference between the measured quantities of the grid electricity export and the import. Data measured by meters have been crosschecked with the EPIAS records.
Purpose of data	Baseline/emission reductions calculations
Additional comment	-

*The electricity generation of 30th- 31th of October and between 1st and 3rd of November could not monitored with SCADA because of hard drive damage. Due to this missing SCADA data for the last 2 days of October and the first 3 days of November in Kuyucak; the average of previous months rate of 2024 was used in the calculation of the Kuyucak WPP.

SDG 8: Decent Work and Economic Growth

8.5.2. Unemployment rate, by sex, age and persons with disabilities

Data / Parameter	Number of employment generation
Unit	Number
Description	Number of people employed directly due to the project activity
Source of data	SGK Records
Value(s) applied	The project provides 8 employments
Measurement methods and procedures	The total number of persons working in the plant would be calculated based on the SGK Records
Monitoring frequency	Once for each monitoring period
QA/QC procedures	Social insurance registries of employees have been provided annually.
Purpose of data	-
Additional comment	-

¹¹ <http://www.mevzuat.gov.tr/MevzuatMetin/1.5.3516.doc>

Relevant SDG Indicator	8.8.2 Increase in national compliance of labour rights (freedom of association and collective bargaining) based on International Labour Organization (ILO) textual sources and national legislation, by sex and migrant status.
Data / Parameter	Health and Safety Training Records
Unit	Number of people per monitoring period
Description	Number of people trained on health and safety issues during per monitoring period
Source of data	Training Records or Certificates
Value(s) applied	8 employees have been trained on health and safety issues during this monitoring period.
Measurement methods and procedures	The total number of Health and Safety training based on Training Records or Certificates
Monitoring frequency	Once for period each monitoring
QA/QC procedures	Training records or certificates have been provided
Purpose of data	Monitoring the health and safety trainings of employees to demonstrate contribution to SDG8-8.8 Protect labour rights and promote safe and secure working environments for all workers, including migrant workers, in particular women migrants, and those in precarious employment
Additional comment	n.a

Name/Surname	Position	Training given by	Subject	Training Date	Record	Content
MURAT A.	High voltage Switch gear operators	Hülyam Özel Sağlık ve İş Güvenliği	General occupational health and safety	16/09/2023 17/09/2023	Certificate or Attendance List	Basic Training about General Occupational Health and Safety
HÜSEYİN K.	High voltage Switch gear operators	Hülyam Özel Sağlık ve İş Güvenliği	General occupational health and safety	11/09/2024 12/09/2024	Certificate or Attendance List	Basic Training about General Occupational Health and Safety
AHMET T.	High voltage Switch gear operators	Hülyam Özel Sağlık ve İş Güvenliği	General occupational health and safety	16/09/2023 17/09/2023	Certificate or Attendance List	Basic Training about General Occupational Health and Safety
HASAN U.	High voltage Switch gear operators	Hülyam Özel Sağlık ve İş Güvenliği	General occupational health and safety	11/09/2024 12/09/2024	Certificate or Attendance List	Basic Training about General Occupational Health and Safety

MUSTAFA S.	Security Personnel	Hülyam Özel Sağlık ve İş Güvenliği	General occupational health and safety	11/09/2024 12/09/2024	Certificate or Attendance List	Basic Training about General Occupational Health and Safety
YALÇIN A.	Security Personnel	Hülyam Özel Sağlık ve İş Güvenliği	General occupational health and safety	16/09/2024 17/09/2024	Certificate or Attendance List	Basic Training about General Occupational Health and Safety
İLYAS B.	Security Personnel	Hülyam Özel Sağlık ve İş Güvenliği	General occupational health and safety	16/09/2023 17/09/2023	Certificate or Attendance List	Basic Training about General Occupational Health and Safety
VEFA K.	Security Personnel	Hülyam Özel Sağlık ve İş Güvenliği	General occupational health and safety	11/09/2024 12/09/2024	Certificate or Attendance List	Basic Training about General Occupational Health and Safety

SDG 13 Climate Action

13.3.2 Number of countries that have communicated the strengthening of institutional, systemic and individual capacity-building to implement adaptation, mitigation and technology transfer, and development actions” and following

Data / Parameter	ER _y
Unit	tCO ₂ /y

Description	Emission Reductions in year y (t CO ₂ /yr) As per ACM0002 V 20.0, the baseline emissions (emission reductions) are calculated as the net electricity generated by the project activity, multiplied with the baseline emission factor for the project grid.
Source of data	Measured and calculated. (The emission reduction value the emission factor of the grid to which the project exports electricity (0.6488 tCO ₂ /MWh) and net electricity generated)
Value(s) applied	2024: 34,125 tCO ₂
Measurement methods and procedures	Please see B.6.2 for more detailed description of the monitoring plan.
Monitoring frequency	Once for each monitoring period
QA/QC procedures	Republic of Turkey Ministry of Energy in Emission Factor 2020
Purpose of data	-
Additional comment	-

D.3. Comparison of monitored parameters with last monitoring period

Not applicable

D.4. Implementation of sampling plan

Not applicable

SECTION E. CALCULATION OF SDG IMPACTS

E.1. Calculation of baseline value or estimation of baseline situation of each SDG Impact

SDG 7: Affordable and Clean Energy

The baseline for the project is no project, thus leading to generation in the relevant grid which is dominated by fossil fuel. The clean energy generated by the project is calculated based on the amount of electricity generated by the project per annum.

Net Generation (MWh) = Electricity Supplied to the Grid (MWh)– Electricity Consumption from the Grid (MWh)

The net generation and internal consumption identified and approved by authorized EPIAS.

SDG 8: Decent Work and Economic Growth

The project leads to employment opportunities which would not have been possible in

the baseline scenario.

The project contributes to the following indicators 8.5.2 “Unemployment rate, by sex, age and persons with disabilities” and following target: “8.5 By 2030, achieve full and productive employment and decent work for all women and men, including for young people and persons with disabilities, and equal pay for work of equal value”

The target has been monitored by the number of full-time employees with the SGK records during the verification process. Because of the social conditions of the project area, employment of woman and persons with disabilities is not possible.

SDG13: Climate Action:

The project contributes to the following indicators 13.3.2 “Number of countries that have communicated the strengthening of institutional, systemic and individual capacity-building to implement adaptation, mitigation and technology transfer, and development actions” and following target 13.3 “Improve education, awareness-raising and human and institutional capacity on climate change mitigation, adaptation, impact reduction and early warning”

The baseline emissions are calculated as follows:

$$BE_y = EG_y * EF_{CO_2,i,y}$$

Where:

BE_y = Baseline emissions in year y (tCO₂/yr)

$EG_{facility,y}$ = Net quantity of electricity generated and delivered to the grid by power facility in year y (MWh)

$EF_{CO_2,i,y}$ = CO₂ emission factor of fuel type i in year y (t CO₂/MWh)

Hence,

$$BE_y = 52,597.351 \text{ MWh} \times 0.6488 \text{ tCO}_2/\text{MWh}$$

Vintage	EG Net electricity supplied to the grid [MWh]	EF [tCO ₂ /MWh]	Baseline emission: BE = EG * EF [t CO ₂ -eq]
2024 (01/03/2024-10/11/2024)	52,597.351	0.6488	34,125

E.2. Calculation of project value or estimation of project situation of each SDG Impact

SDG 7: Affordable and Clean Energy

The baseline for the project is no project, thus leading to generation in the relevant grid which is dominated by fossil fuel. The clean energy generated by the project is calculated based on the amount of electricity generated by the project per annum.

Vintage	(A) Electricity supplied to the grid [MWh]	(B) Electricity consumption from the grid [MWh]	(C) = (A) - (B) EG Net electricity supplied to the grid [MWh]
2024 (01/03/2024- 10/11/2024)	52,606.254	8,903	52,597.351

SDG 8: Decent Work and Economic Growth

The project leads to employment opportunities which would not have been possible in the baseline scenario. The project has been provided employment of 8 people.

This helps to achieve SDG 8 with indicators 8.5.2 "Unemployment rate, by sex, age and persons with disabilities" and following target: 8.5 "By 2030, achieve full and productive employment and decent work for all women and men, including for young people and persons with disabilities, and equal pay for work of equal value". 8 people has taken 1 health and safety training per year.

SDG 13 Climate Action

The project contributes to the following indicators 13.3.2 Number of countries that have communicated the strengthening of institutional, systemic and individual capacity-building to implement adaptation, mitigation and technology transfer, and development actions" and following target 13.3. Improve education, awareness-raising and human and institutional capacity on climate change mitigation, adaptation, impact reduction and early warning. The expected emission reduction value is 48,015 tCO₂ according to registered PDD for 2nd crediting period.

E.3. Calculation of leakage

Leakage emission is considered as "0" as suggested in ACM0002 Version 20.0

E.4. Calculation of net benefits or direct calculation for each SDG Impact

SDG	SDG Impact	Baseline estimate	Project estimate	Net benefit
7	Affordable and Clean Energy	0	52,597.351 MWh	52,597.351 MWh
8	Decent Work and Economic Growth	0	8 people employed	8 people employed
8	Decent Work and Economic Growth	0	All employed has taken 1 Health and Safety Training per year	All employed has taken 1 Health and Safety Training per year
13	Climate Action	34,125 tCO ₂	0	34,125 tCO ₂

E.5. Comparison of actual SDG Impacts with estimates in approved PDD

SDG	Values estimated in ex ante calculation of approved PDD for this monitoring period	Actual values achieved during this monitoring period
7	51,703.509 MWh	52,597.351 MWh
8	8 people employed	8 people employed
8	All employed has been trained during the monitoring period	All employed has taken 1 Health and Safety Training
13	33,545 tCO ₂	34,125 tCO ₂

E.5.1. Explanation of calculation of value estimated ex ante calculation of approved PDD for this monitoring period

The expected annual electricity generation value is 74,006.983 MWh and emission reduction are 48,015 tCO₂ according to registered PDD for 2nd crediting period. PP has monitored 255 days (between 01/03/2024 and 10/11/2024) and so PP has calculated 33,545 tCO₂ emission reduction from 51,703.509 MWh electricity generation of 5th monitoring period.

E.6. Remarks on increase in achieved SDG Impacts from estimated value in approved PDD

The monitoring period covers the approximately 9 months operation.

The comparison shows that the actual emission reduction is 34,125 tCO₂ a higher (approximately 1.7%) than the expectation 33,545 tCO₂ according to the registered PDD of CP2. And the comparison shows that the actual net electricity generation is 52,597.351 MWh a higher (approximately 1.7%) than the expectation generation 51,703.509 MWh according to the registered PDD of 2nd crediting period. They are close to expectation values because of the wind speed conditions.

SECTION F. SAFEGUARDS REPORTING

There is no negative impact because of project related with Safeguarding Principles Assessment during this monitoring report. The project takes a precautionary approach regarding environmental challenges and is not complicit in practices contrary to the precautionary principle.

Relevant SDG Indicator/Safeguarding Principle	Safeguarding Principle 9.4: Release of pollutants
Data / Parameter	Water Quality and Quantity (Disposal of the waste water)
Unit	N/A
Description	During the construction and operation phases, domestic wastewater produced by workers collected in impermeable septic tanks. This wastewater are collected by vacuum trucks of the Municipality of Manisa and disposed according to Regulation on Waste Water Control.
Source of data	Records of transfer of waste water from power plant by vacuum truck
Value(s) applied	One official record of transfer of wastewater from power plant by vacuum truck (07/03/2024)
Measurement methods and procedures	N/A
Monitoring frequency	Once for each monitoring period
QA/QC procedures	N/A
Purpose of data	To monitor compliance to Safeguarding Principle 9.4 (Release of pollutants)
Additional comment	-

Relevant SDG Indicator/Safeguarding Principle	Principle 9.10 High Conservation Value Areas and Critical Habitats
Data / Parameter	Birds observation

Unit	N/A
Description	Ensuring that the project creates no disturbance to the regional habitat
Source of data	Regular site vetting for bird/bat nests and carcasses and recording on logbook by appointed personnel
Value(s) applied	There is no bird/bat nests and carcasses and recording on logbook by appointed personnel until now
Measurement methods and procedures	Observations around the project area have been done for monitoring birds and carcass
Monitoring frequency	Once for each monitoring period
QA/QC procedures	Records of regular observations have been kept
Purpose of data	To monitor compliance to Safeguarding Principle 9.10
Additional comment	-

Safeguarding Principle 3 and 6.1 have already assessed as SDG8, so there is no need to add this principle in this section of MR.

Principles	Way of Monitoring-When / Mitigation Measures added to the Monitoring Plan	Chosen Data/ Parameter
Principle 1- Human Rights	Not Required	Not Required
Principle 2- Gender Equality	Not Required	Not Required
Principle 3-Community Health, Safety and Working Conditions	All the employees have been trained about health and safety issues during operation phase of the project. Monitoring the health and safety trainings of employees to demonstrate contribution to SDG8-8.8 Protect labour rights and promote safe and secure working environments for all workers, including migrant workers, in particular women migrants, and those in precarious employment 8.8.2 Increase in national compliance	Health and Safety Training Records/ Once for period each monitoring. It has assessed under the SDG8.

	of labour rights (freedom of association and collective bargaining) based on International Labour Organization (ILO) textual sources and national legislation, by sex and migrant status	
Principle 4-Cultural Heritage, Indigenous Peoples, Displacement and Resettlement	Not Required	Not Required
Principle 4.1- Sites of Cultural and Historical Heritage	Not Required	Not Required
Principle 4.2 Forced Eviction and Displacement	Not Required	Not Required
Principle 4.2 Forced Eviction and Displacement	Not Required	Not Required
Principle 4.3 Land Tenure and Other Rights	Not Required	Not Required
Principle 5. Corruption	Not Required	Not Required
Principle 6.1 Labour Rights	All the employees have been trained about health and safety issues during operation phase of the project. Monitoring the health and safety trainings of employees to demonstrate contribution to SDG8-8.8 Protect labour rights and promote safe and secure working environments for all workers, including migrant workers, in particular women migrants, and those in precarious employment 8.8.2 Increase in national compliance of labour rights (freedom of association and collective bargaining) based on International Labour Organization (ILO) textual sources and national legislation, by sex and migrant status	Health and Safety Training Records/ Once for period each monitoring. It has assessed under the SDG8.

Principle 6.2 Negative Economic Consequences	Not Required	Not Required
Principle 7.1 Emissions	Not Required	Not Required
Principle 7.2 Energy Supply	Not Required	Not Required
Principle 8.1 Impact on Natural Water Patterns/Flows	Not Required	Not Required
Principle 8.2 Erosion and/or Water Body Instability	Not Required	Not Required
Principle 9.1 Landscape Modification and Soil	Not Required	Not Required
Principle 9.2 Vulnerability to Natural Disaster	Not Required	Not Required
Principle 9.3 Genetic Resources	Not Required	Not Required
Principle 9.4 Release of pollutants	During the operation phases, domestic wastewater produced by workers collected in impermeable septic tanks. This wastewater is collected by vacuum trucks of the Municipality of Manisa and disposed according to Regulation on Wastewater Control.	Water Quality and Quantity (Disposal of the wastewater) /Once for period each monitoring
Principle 9.5 Hazardous and Non-hazardous Waste	Not Required	Not Required
Principle 9.6 Pesticides & Fertilisers	Not Required	Not Required
Principle 9.7 Harvesting of Forests	Not Required	Not Required
Principle 9.8 Food	Not Required	Not Required
Principle 9.9 Animal husbandry	Not Required	Not Required
Principle 9.10 High Conservation Value Areas and Critical Habitats	Observations around the project area have been done for monitoring birds and carcass	Birds Observation/Once for period each monitoring
Principle 9.11 Endangered Species	Not Required	Not Required

SECTION G. STAKEHOLDER INPUTS AND LEGAL DISPUTES

G.1. List all Inputs and Grievances which have been received via the Continuous Input and Grievance Mechanism together with their respective responses/mitigations.

This is the fifth monitoring period and there is no input received via the Continuous Input and Grievance Mechanism during the approximately fourteen years.

The continuous input/grievance mechanism expression method and discussed with the locals which place is convenient for the grievance book (logbook) during the meeting. As a result of discussion, the grievance book was given to the chosen representative person (owner of local market) of Demirtaş village and all stakeholders can reach this grievance mechanism notebook very easily and write their comment or request. At the same time, the contact details of the project owner, consultant and the GS Managers were shared with the stakeholders. All these details have been given in the logbook for stakeholders to make any comments they want to write. The PP has checked the comments in the book on a regular basis, and record responses. The grievance (logbook) book was checked and no complaints about the project until now. The PP are in a good relationship with the local stakeholders. And the PP has meet with the stakeholders and talk with them very often and there is no negative feedback or comment on the grievance mechanism notebook. Furthermore, the stakeholders reach the PP whenever they want to talk related with the project or request about everything.

G.2. Report on any stakeholder mitigations that were agreed to be monitored.

They were agreed no SDG monitoring parameter to be monitored when the PP asked the stakeholder during the 2nd crediting renewal period which has approved on 16/06/2023 by GS. And there are no changes during this 5th monitoring period of this project.

G.3. Provide details of any legal contest that has arisen with the project during the monitoring period.

No legal contest that has arisen with the project during this monitoring period.

Revision History

Version	Date	Remarks
1.1	14 October 2020	Hyperlinked section summary to enable quick access to key sections Improved clarity on Key Project Information Section for POA monitoring Forward action request section Improved Clarity on SDG contribution/SDG Impact term used throughout Clarity on safeguard reporting Clarity on design changes Leakage section added for VER/CER projects Addition of Comparison of monitored parameters with last monitoring period Provision of an accompanying Guide to help the user understand detailed rules and requirements
1.0	10 July 2017	Initial adoption