



**Verified Carbon  
Standard**

# OTLUCA HPPS RUN-OF-RIVER HYDRO PROJECT

Document Prepared by Life Enerji

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# 1 PROJECT DETAILS

## 1.1 Summary Description of the Project

Otluca HPPs is a 46.017 MWe<sup>1</sup> run-of-river hydro power plant project. It consists of three sub-projects (Otluca-1, Boğuntu, Otluca-2) which are located at the upstream part of the Anamur River in Anamur district. The sub-projects are described as follows:

Otluca-1 is a medium head plant using a weir structure to divert Anamur river water into an intake structure with three de-sanding basins. From there it enters a tunnel of about 3.8 km length followed by an open canal of about 500 m length and followed again by a tunnel of about 2.2 km length until the water reaches a head pond. An intake from this pond takes it through a 507 m long penstock to the powerhouse. The combined capacity of the 3 turbines is 36.888 MWe.

Boğuntu uses the water of the Boğuntu River (tributary of the Anamur River) and is a medium head structure with the same system as Otluca 1. It has one de-sanding basin, starts with 162 m long open canal and continues with a 1.5 km long headrace tunnel to a head pond. The penstock is about 94 m long and leads with a head of 67.6 m to a power plant with 3 turbines. The installed capacity is 3.321 MWe.

The weir of Otluca-2 is located only some 500 m downstream from where Otluca 1 and Boğuntu Projects feed the water back into the Anamur River. Otluca-2 diverts the water again to an intake structure and into three settlement ponds before it enters the conveyance system consisting out of 2 tunnels and 2 canals of an overall length of 1,547 m, out of which 1,137 m are tunnel. The water arrives at a head pond and feeds through a 57 m long penstock the powerhouse with 29.4 m head and 3 turbines. The combined installed capacity of 5.808 MWe.

There were no settlements in the project site before the project. The project area is mostly forest, so it was not used any purposes before the project activity. The purpose of the Project is to export the generated electricity to the regional grid, thereby contributing to the Türkiye's electricity demand and rapidly growing economy. Since the Project generates electricity from renewable energy resources, it makes a significant contribution to climate protection. The project was expected to generate 224,000 MWh of electricity annually, and to reduce 103,398 tons of CO<sub>2</sub> emissions per year for 2<sup>nd</sup> crediting period.

The electricity produced by project activity will result in an emission reduction of 103,398 tonnes of CO<sub>2</sub>e/year and total emission reduction by the project activity is estimated to be 1,033,980 tonnes of CO<sub>2</sub>e for the 2<sup>nd</sup> CP, which is 07-April-2021 to 06 -April-2031.

Third monitoring period that covers the 1<sup>st</sup> CP and 2<sup>nd</sup> CP including 2.8 years from 01-August-2019 to 31-May-2022 (both days included). The emission reductions achieved in 1<sup>st</sup> crediting period are 154,059 tons of CO<sub>2</sub>e for 01-August-2019 to 06-April-2021 and the emission reductions achieved in 2<sup>nd</sup> crediting period are 90,664 tons of CO<sub>2</sub>e for 07-April-2021 to 31-May-2022. Thus, total emission reductions achieved in this period are 244,723 tons of CO<sub>2</sub>e.

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<sup>1</sup> Please see; Provisional Acceptance Letters

As a result, 1,018,805 tons of CO<sub>2e</sub> avoidance and 1,886,720.45 MWh electricity generation will be implemented at the end of this monitoring period throughout the 1<sup>st</sup> crediting period of project.

<u>Audit Type</u>	<u>Period</u>	<u>Program</u>	<u>VVB Name</u>	<u>Number of years</u>
Validation	N/A	VCS Program	Burea Veritas Certification Holding SAS	N/A
1 <sup>st</sup> Verification	07-April-2011 to 31-July-2013	VCS Program	RINA Services S.p.A.	2.3
2 <sup>nd</sup> Verification	01-August-2013 to 31-July-2019	VCS Program	Re Carbon Gözetim Denetim ve Belgelendirme Ltd. Şti.	6
3 <sup>rd</sup> Verification of 1 <sup>st</sup> CP + RCP + 1 <sup>st</sup> Verification of 2 <sup>nd</sup> CP	01-August-2019 to 31-May-2022	VCS Program	LGAI Technological Center, S.A. (Applus+)	2.8
<u>Total</u>	07-April-2011 to 31-May-2022	VCS Program	N/A	11.1

## 1.2 Sectoral Scope and Project Type

**Title:** Grid Connected Electricity Generation from Renewable Sources

**Reference:** ACM0002 (Version 21.0)<sup>2</sup>

**Sectoral Scope:** ‘Energy industries (renewable/non-renewable sources)’

**Scope Number:** 1

The project is not a grouped project.

## 1.3 Project Eligibility

“Otluca HPPs Run-Of-River Hydro Project” is classified in the Renewable Energy Source category as electricity from non-fossil and non-depletable energy sources with scope number 1, in this case from hydro power, is fed into the Turkish electricity grid.

## 1.4 Project Design

The project includes a single location and installation only and the project activity is not a grouped project activity.

### Eligibility Criteria

This is not a grouped project activity.

<sup>2</sup> Please see <https://cdm.unfccc.int/UserManagement/FileStorage/ZPFJL010U2RYC6N3HASIXV7K840BG9>

## 1.5 Project Proponent

Organization name	Elen Enerji Üretimi Sanayi Ticaret A.Ş.
Contact person	Melis Ünal
Title	Deputy Manager
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Email	<a href="mailto:munal@akfen.com.tr">munal@akfen.com.tr</a>

## 1.6 Other Entities Involved in the Project

Organization name	Life İklim ve Enerji Ltd. Şti.
Role in the project	Project Developer
Contact person	Kerem Aslan
Title	Carbon Consultant
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Telephone	+90 312 481 2142
Email	<a href="mailto:kerem.aslan@lifeenerji.com">kerem.aslan@lifeenerji.com</a>

## 1.7 Ownership

The project is owned by individual Elen Enerji Üretimi Sanayi Ticaret A.Ş. and the project owner has the legal right to control and operate the project activity as per the project license<sup>3</sup>.

## 1.8 Project Start Date

Project start date is 07-April-2011 since project has started to feed national grid and generated the first GHG emission reduction as per the definition in VCS Standard.

<sup>3</sup> Please see the [appendix 3](#) for the generation license of the project activity.

## 1.9 Project Crediting Period

A two-times renewable crediting period shall apply over 10-years. Thus, the second crediting period shall begin just after the date of end of first crediting period (07-April-2021 and last until the end of 10-year period 06-April-2031).

First Crediting Period (1<sup>st</sup> CP):

Start of 1<sup>st</sup> CP : 07-April-2011

End of 1<sup>st</sup> CP : 06-April-2021

Second Crediting Period (2<sup>nd</sup> CP):

Start of 2<sup>nd</sup> CP : 07-April-2021

End of 2<sup>nd</sup> CP : 06-April-2031

## 1.10 Project Scale and Estimated GHG Emission Reductions or Removals

Project Scale	
Project	X
Large project	

Year	Estimated GHG emission reductions or removals (tCO <sub>2</sub> e)
2021((07-April-2021 to 31-December-2021)	76,203
2022 (01-January-2022 to 31-December-2022)	103,398
2023 (01-January-2023 to 31-December-2023)	103,398
2024 (01-January-2024 to 31-December-2024)	103,398
2025 (01-January-2025 to 31-December-2025)	103,398
2026 (01-January-2026 to 31-December-2026)	103,398
2027 (01-January-2027 to 31-December-2027)	103,398

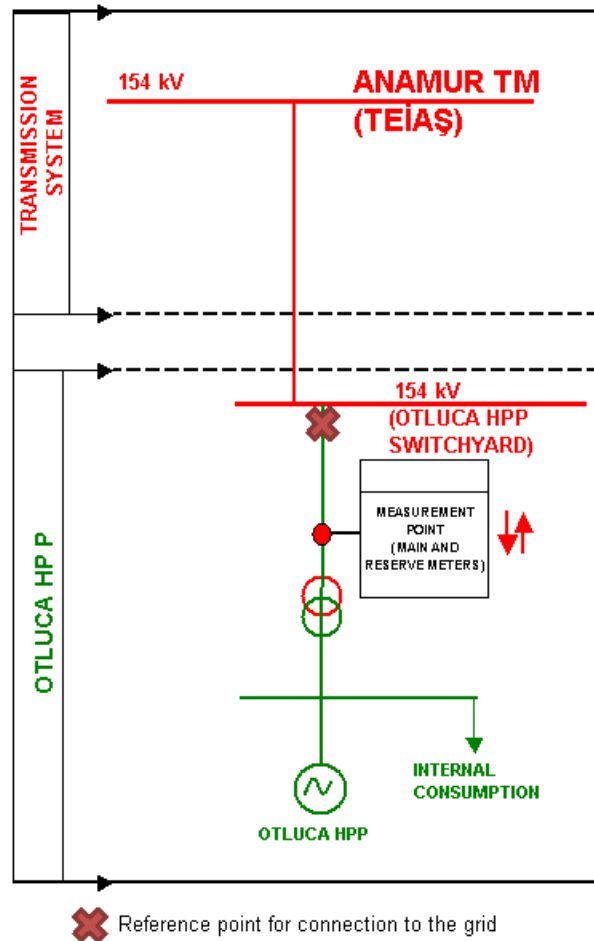
2028 (01-January-2028 to 31-December-2028)	103,398
2029 (01-January-2029 to 31-December-2029)	103,398
2030 (01-January-2030 to 31-December-2030)	103,398
2031 01-January-2031 to 06-April-2031	27,195
<b>Total estimated ERs</b>	<b>1,033,980</b>
<b>Total number of crediting years</b>	10
<b>Average annual ERs</b>	103,398

### 1.11 Description of the Project Activity

Otluca Run-of-River Hydro Project is a 46.017 MWe [(3\*12.296 MWe) + (3\*1.936 MWe) + (3\*1.107 MWe)] run-of-river hydro power plant. Commercial electricity production in 07-April-2011. Produced electricity is being fed into the national grid.

The Turbine type is Francis vertical axis for Otluca 1 and Otluca 2 and Francis horizontal axis for Boğuntu. The generated energy of Otluca HPPs is fed into the Namur switchyard, which is 20 km from Otluca-1 HEPP, where energy from all three plants is connected to the transmission line. Detailed technical characteristics of Otluca HPPs are given in Table 1 and illustration of the turbine is given in Figure 1 below.

Operational lifetime of the HPP is calculated as 40 years for the Otluca HPPs by using the 'Tool to determine the remaining lifetime of equipment'. In the tool it is said that lifetime for the Hydro Turbines is 150,000 hours. In order to determine operational lifetime of the HPP firstly capacity factor of the HPP should be calculated because HPP will not be in operation for whole year. By dividing annual generation (224,000 MWh/year) to the installed capacity (46.017 MW), the operation time in a year will be found which is 4,869.57 h/year. Since operation lifetime is related to the economic analysis, in the calculation of operational lifetime annual generation and installed capacity figures are taken from Generation License of the HPP. Finally dividing lifetime of the equipment (150,000 hours) to the operational time per year, lifetime of the equipment will be found in terms of year which is 30.8. To be conservative operational lifetime of the hydro turbines will be found as 31 years. Also, the operational lifetime is in line with the technical lifetime of the electromechanical equipment.

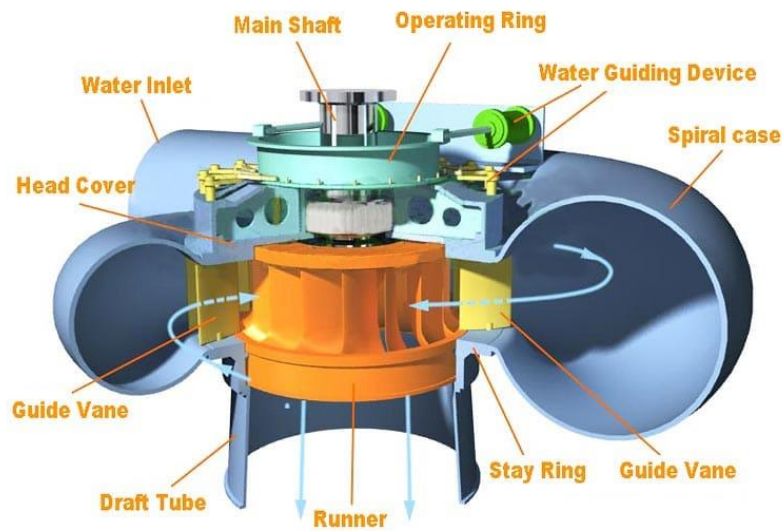
**OTLUCA HPP SINGLE LINE DIAGRAM**

**Figure 1** - Single Line Diagram of Otluca HPPs

**Table 1** - Technical Characteristics of Otluca Run-of-River Hydro Project

<b>Project Main Characteristics</b>	Type:	Run-of-river HPP
	HPP units	3
	Total Installed Power:	46.017 MWe
	Annual Power Generation:	224 GWh/year
<b>Otluca-1</b>		
<b>Weir</b>	Type	Concrete
	Elevation at crest	283.5 m
	Height from riverbed	11 m
	Length	29.8 m
<b>Conveying Tunnel I&amp;II</b>	Type	Standard horseshoe, right bank
	Gradient	0.00075
	Width	3.7 m
	Total length	3,896 m + 2,209 m = 6,105 m

<b>Conveying Canal</b>	Type	Rectangular, reinforced concrete, right bank
	Gradient	0.0006
	Width	4.5 m
	Total length	501 m
<b>Penstock</b>	Type	Steel, with trifurcation
	Units	1
	Diameter	2.30 m
	Total length	507 m
<b>Power Plant</b>	Design discharge	20 m <sup>3</sup> /s
	Net head	209 m
	Units	3
	Installed power	12.296 MWe
<b>Boğuntu</b>		
<b>Weir</b>	Type	Concrete
	Elevation at crest	233.5 m
	Height from riverbed	5.5 m
	Length	26 m
<b>Conveying Canal</b>	Turbine Type	Rectangular, reinforced concrete, left bank
	Gradient	0.00047
	Width	3 m
	Total length	161.8 m
<b>Conveying Tunnel</b>	Type	795 MCM
	Gradient	0.0004
	Width	2.6 m
	Total length	1,552 m
<b>Penstock</b>	Type	Steel, with trifurcation
	Units	1
	Diameter	1.4 m
	Total length	93.8 m
<b>Power Plant</b>	Design Discharge	6 m <sup>3</sup> /s
	Net head	66 m
	Turbine type	Francis, horizontal axis
	Units	3
	Installed power	1.107 MWe
<b>Otluca-2</b>		
<b>Weir</b>	Type	Concrete
	Elevation at crest	159 m
	Height from riverbed	2.5 m

	Length	159 m
<b>Conveying Tunnel I&amp;II</b>	Type	Standard horseshoe, right bank
	Gradient	0.00081
	Width	3.9 m
	Total length	457 m + 680 m = 1,137 m
<b>Conveying Canal</b>	Type	Rectangular, reinforced concrete, right bank
	Gradient	0.0006
	Width	5 m
	Total length	59 m + 351 m = 410 m
<b>Penstock</b>	Type	Steel, with trifurcation
	Units	1
	Diameter	3.20 m
	Total length	57 m
<b>Power Plant</b>	Design Discharge	24 m <sup>3</sup> /s
	Net head	28 m
	Turbine type	Francis, vertical axis
	Units	3
	Installed power	1.936 MWe



**Francis Turbine**

4

Figure 2 - Illustration of Francis Turbine

<sup>4</sup> Picture is taken from: <https://theconstructor.org/practical-guide/francis-turbines-components-application/2900/>

Plant Load Factor (PLF) is calculated as follows;

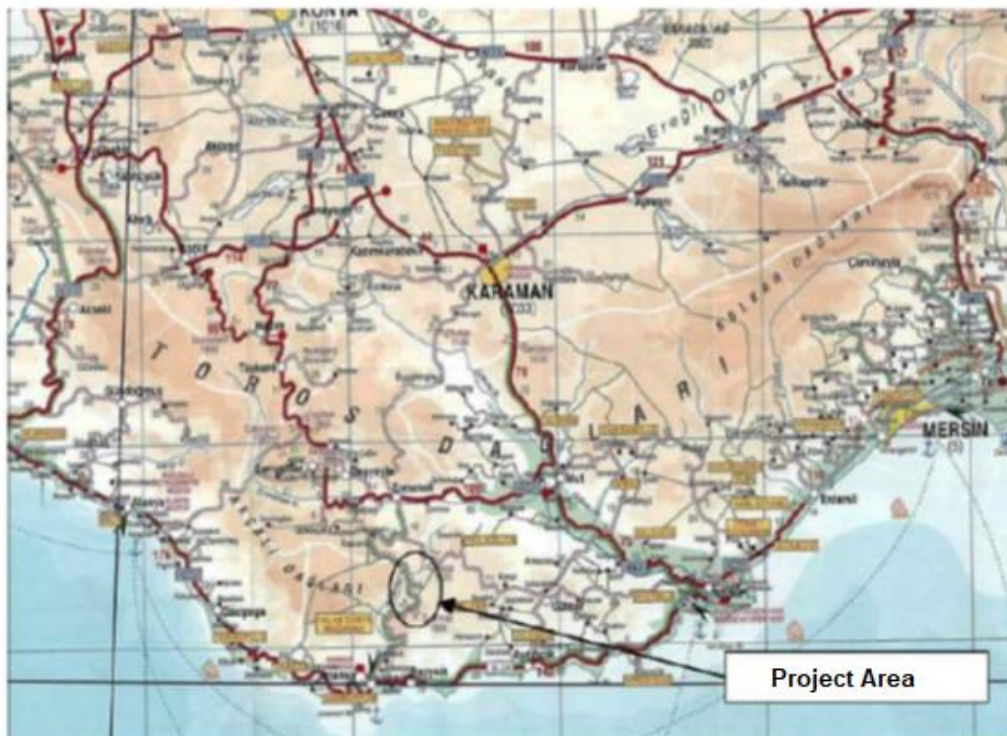
$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{PLF} &= \text{Annual Gen.} / (\text{Installed Cap.} * \text{working hours}) \\
 &= 224,000 / (46.017 * 8760) \\
 &= 0.55568
 \end{aligned}$$

### 1.12 Project Location

The project is located on the upstream part of Anamur River in Taşeli Plateau in southern Türkiye, Anamur district, Mersin province. The geographical coordinates of the weirs and the power plants are given in Table 2 below. Coordinates are the same as in the approved PD, and there is no change in the coordinates.

**Table 2** - Geographic coordinates of the Weir and the Otluca HPP

	Otluca-1 Weir	Otluca-1 HPP	Otluca-2 Weir	Otluca-2 HPP	Boğuntu Weir	Boğuntu HPP
<b>Lat.</b>	36° 18' 13.753" N	36° 15' 34.491" N	36° 15' 24.103" N	36° 14' 29.794" N	36° 16' 28.971" N	36° 15' 44.067" N
<b>Long.</b>	32° 46' 45.825" E	32° 49' 21.043" E	32° 49' 19.383" E	32° 49' 34.932" E	32° 49' 56.593" E	32° 49' 21.903" E



**Figure 3** - Location of the plant

### 1.13 Conditions Prior to Project Initiation

The pre-project scenario is the same as baseline scenario. Please refer to Section 3.4 (Baseline Scenario) for the description of baseline scenario.

### 1.14 Compliance with Laws, Statutes and Other Regulatory Frameworks

Laws as relevant to the project are (Law No. and Publication Date in Official Gazette):

- (1) Electricity Market Law (6446, 30-03-2013)<sup>5</sup>
- (2) Law on Utilization of Renewable Energy Resources for the Purpose of Generating Electricity Energy (5346, 18-05-2005)<sup>6</sup>
- (3) Environment Law (2872, 11-08-1983)<sup>7</sup>
- (4) Occupational Health and Safety Regulation (6331, 30-06-2012)<sup>8</sup>
- (5) Forest Law (Nr. 6831)<sup>9</sup>

The renewable Energy generation license for Otluca HPPs has been issued considering Electricity Law and Law in utilization of Renewable Energy Resources for generating electricity energy. The proposed project is also within the scope of and in compliance with Energy Efficiency Law. Environment Law is also satisfied, and it has been confirmed by Ministry of Environment that the Otluca HPPs is out of Environmental Impact Assessment Regulation. Forest Law, which specifies that forest areas can be allocated by Ministry of Environment and Forestry to institutions or individuals for energy, plants if the project implementation serves common good for public. As in Türkiye there is no applicable local regulations to HPP constructions the list above includes national regulation only.

### 1.15 Participation under Other GHG Programs

#### 1.15.1 Projects Registered (or seeking registration) under Other GHG Program(s)

The project has not been registered or is seeking registration under any other GHG programs.

#### 1.15.2 Projects Rejected by Other GHG Programs

Otluca HPPs has not applied for crediting under any other GHG program, nor has it been rejected by any other GHG program.

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<sup>5</sup> See: <https://www.resmigazete.gov.tr/eskiler/2013/03/20130330.pdf>

<sup>6</sup> See: <https://www.resmigazete.gov.tr/eskiler/2005/05/20050518-1.htm>

<sup>7</sup> See <http://www.mevzuat.gov.tr/MevzuatMetin/1.5.2872.pdf>

<sup>8</sup> See: <http://www.mevzuat.gov.tr/MevzuatMetin/1.5.6331.pdf>

<sup>9</sup> See: <https://www.mevzuat.gov.tr/MevzuatMetin/1.3.6831.pdf>

## 1.16 Other Forms of Credit

### 1.16.1 Emissions Trading Programs and Other Binding Limits

Not applicable.

The project activity is neither included in an emissions trading program nor does it take place in a jurisdiction or sector in which binding limits are established on GHG emissions.

### 1.16.2 Other Forms of Environmental Credit

The project has not created any form of other credit. Elen Enerji Üretimi Sanayi Ticaret A.Ş. does not obtain any public funding.

### 1.16.3 Supply Chain (Scope 3) Emissions

This project activity does not impact the emissions of goods and services in a supply chain and, therefore, Scope 3 emissions. Thus, this section is not applicable.

## 1.17 Sustainable Development Contributions

### 1.17.1 Sustainable Development Contributions Activity Description

The project is expected to contribute 3 SDGs which are SDG 7, 8 and 13 for the second crediting period.

**SDG 7 Energy:** The project contributes SDG Target 7.2 “By 2030, increase substantially the share of renewable energy in the global energy mix” and Indicator 7.2.1 by the utilization of hydro power as a renewable energy source.

**SDG 8 Decent Work and Economic Growth:** During the operation phase of the project, job opportunities are created. Therefore, the project contributes to SDG Target 8.8 “Protect labour rights and promote safe and secure working environments for all workers, including migrant workers, in particular women migrants, and those in precarious employment” and Indicator 8.8.2 by providing employment and job-related training to the employees. SGK (Social Security Institution) Records and HSE training certificates will be provided during each monitoring period.

**SDG 13 Climate Change:** The project produces clean renewable energy by diminishing CO<sub>2</sub> emissions. Therefore, it contributes SDG Target 13.0 “Tonnes of greenhouse gas emissions avoided or removed”.

### 1.17.2 Sustainable Development Contributions Activity Monitoring

The project helps Türkiye to stimulate and commercialize the use of grid connected renewable energy technologies and markets. The specific economic, social and technological benefits are:

- Reducing Türkiye’s expanding energy deficit;
- Diversification of Turkish electricity generation mix and reduction of import dependency;

- Creation of local employment and income during construction and operation of HPP (directly as well as indirectly via contracts with local providers for supply of construction material);
- Foster infrastructural investments with connected development benefits to the local rural community in the remote project area;
- Making rural electricity supply more reliable, better available and cost efficient thanks to decreasing distances between generation and consumption points.

The project is located on the upstream part of Anamur River in Taşeli Plateau in southern Türkiye, Anamur district, Mersin province. Electricity generated by the project is fed into the national electricity grid, displacing energy that would otherwise be generated by fossil fuels. The project facilitated 476,982.26 MWh renewable electricity generation, 244,723 tCO<sub>2e</sub> during its third monitoring period.

**Table 3: Sustainable Development Contributions**

Row number	SDG Target	SDG Indicator	Net Impact on SDG Indicator	Current Project Contributions	Contributions Over Project Lifetime
1)	13.0	Tonnes of greenhouse gas emissions avoided or removed	Implemented activities to increase	244,723 tCO <sub>2e</sub> emission reduction during this MP.	777,104 tCO <sub>2e</sub> emission reduction over the project lifetime 2 <sup>nd</sup> MP: (01-August-2013 to 31-July-2019) 3 <sup>rd</sup> MP: (01-August-2019 to 31-May-2022)
2)	7.2	7.2.1 Renewable energy share in the total final energy consumption	Implemented activities to increase	476,982.26 MWh renewable electricity generation during this MP.	1,446,542.83 MWh renewable electricity generation over the project lifetime. 2 <sup>nd</sup> MP: (01-August-2013 to 31-July-2019) 3 <sup>rd</sup> MP: (01-August-2019 to 31-May-2022)
3)	8.8	8.8.2 Quantitative employment and income generation	Implemented activities to increase	There are 21 employees have been working at the plant during this MP.	Throughout the construction and operation phases, employment record has been provided by the Project Activity over the project lifetime.  Now, 21 employees are working, and 24 employees have worked at the plant during the project lifetime. 2 <sup>nd</sup> MP: (01-August-2013 to 31-July-2019) 3 <sup>rd</sup> MP: (01-August-2019 to 31-May-2022)

## 1.18 Additional Information Relevant to the Project

### Leakage Management

There is no leakage management with respect to paragraph 61 of applied methodology ACM0002, Version 21.0<sup>10</sup>.

### Commercially Sensitive Information

Commercially sensitive information has been excluded from this document.

### Further Information

Not applicable.

## 2 SAFEGUARDS

### 2.1 No Net Harm

No negative environmental and socio-economic impacts have been observed/recorded for this monitoring period as confirmed by the project participant and stakeholders during the interviews. According to the relevant “Reporting form for Land Acquisition / Social Impacts of Portfolio Projects<sup>11</sup>” for Otluca HPPs, an Environmental Impact Assessment was not required.

The project activity takes into account negative comments -mostly provided by mukhtar- from local stakeholders for socio-economic impacts of the project activity and implements an action plan to take necessary actions accordingly. Project activity takes precautions for possible environmental impacts of the project such as; wastewater storage and disposal of them, hazardous and domestic waste storage, lifeline water and necessary training for all employees.

### 2.2 Local Stakeholder Consultation

Stakeholder engagement procedure was conducted at the Çaltıbükü Village with the village head and the local stakeholders in 30-April-2010.

The stakeholder groups, which included the local participants directly impacted by the project and local authorities, were informed through oral and written announcement about the meeting. There was a comprehensive meeting in which villagers found a chance to participate. The meeting was held in meeting room of the village, while there was no coffee house in the village. That meeting room is often used by villagers for social meetings and celebrations. So, it was the most popular and wide place of the village. Villagers meet each other there often. This is also a place where announcements are stated.

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<sup>10</sup> <https://cdm.unfccc.int/UserManagement/FileStorage/ZPFJL010U2RYC6N3HASIXV7K84QBG9>

<sup>11</sup> <https://documents1.worldbank.org/curated/en/637481468339114337/pdf/E20650v230P112000TSKB00TLUCAOPIF0EN.pdf>

### On-going communication with the stakeholders

Logbook is available for comments of local stakeholders. What's more, thanks to the Grievance Mechanism, local stakeholders have a chance to submit their requests and complaints to the project owner about the project. In addition, mukhtar (head of the village) had already taken the contact information (e.g mobile phone) of public relationships expert, project manager and assistant general director of the company so that the local stakeholders can be able to reach these people whenever they have any complaints, suggestions, or ideas about the project. They can be able to communicate with them in case of any problems. Since mukhtar is the head of the village, he is the main contact person between the project owner and the local stakeholders. Mukhtar is made sure that there is continuous communication between the two parties. However, most of the stakeholders orally convey their complaints/requests to Mukhtar instead of using the logbook. Then, Mukhtar is getting contact with project owner and employees at the sites regarding complaints/requests. In addition, there are two different declarations by Mukhtar based on the confirmation given by the Mukhtar that the notebook is in the Mukhtar and the comments by the stakeholders conveyed to the mukhtar orally.

## 2.3 Environmental Impact

In Türkiye, there are 35 Nature Preservation Area<sup>12</sup> and 33 National Parks<sup>13</sup>. The project is not located in any of these. Furthermore, in Türkiye, there are 58-registered Monument of Nature<sup>14</sup> and 16 registered Nature Park. None of these Monuments of Nature and Nature Parks is located in the project area.

According to the relevant Environmental Impact Assessment Regulation<sup>15</sup> which is in the 1.14 section for Otluca HPPs, an Environmental Impact Assessment is not required. The official letter from Environment and Forestry Ministry confirming the non-applicability of this regulation has been available during the re-validation process.

### **Environmental benefits**

The project helps Türkiye to stimulate and commercialize the use of grid connected renewable energy technologies and markets. The specific economic, social, and technological benefits are:

- Reducing Türkiye's expanding energy deficit;
- Diversification of Turkish electricity generation mix and reduction of import dependency;
- Creation of local employment and income during construction and operation of HPP (directly as well as indirectly via contracts with local providers for supply of construction material);
- Foster infrastructural investments with connected development benefits to the local rural community in the remote project area;
- Making rural electricity supply more reliable, better available and cost efficient thanks to decreasing distances between generation and consumption points.

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<sup>12</sup> <https://www.ktb.gov.tr/EN-99884/natural-protection-areas.html>

<sup>13</sup> <https://www.ktb.gov.tr/EN-99769/national-parks.html>

<sup>14</sup> <https://www.ktb.gov.tr/EN-99825/nature-monuments.html>

<sup>15</sup> <http://www.mevzuat.gov.tr/MevzuatMetin/1.5.2872.pdf>

## 2.4 Public Comments

There are no public comments.

## 2.5 AFOLU-Specific Safeguards

This is a non-AFOLU project.

# 3 APPLICATION OF METHODOLOGY

## 3.1 Title and Reference of Methodology

**Title:** Grid Connected Electricity Generation from Renewable Sources

**Reference:** ACM0002 (Version 21.0)<sup>16</sup>

For the determination of the baseline, CDM approved baseline and monitoring methodology ACM0002 version 21.0 – “Grid-connected renewable electricity generation” is applied. For baseline calculations, ACM0002 version 21.0 refers to the “Tool to calculate the emission factor for an electricity system”, Version 7.0. Additionality is demonstrated via application of the “Tool for the demonstration and assessment of additionality”, Version 07.0.

The methodology is used in conjunction with the following tools:

1. Tool to calculate the emission factor for an electricity system (TOOL07) (Version 07.0)<sup>17</sup>
2. Tool for the demonstration and assessment of additionality (TOOL01) (Version 07.0.0)<sup>18</sup>
3. Assessment of the validity of the original/current baseline and update of the baseline at the renewal of the crediting period (TOOL11) (Version 03.0.1)<sup>19</sup>

## 3.2 Applicability of Methodology

The choice of methodology ACM0002 Version 21 is justified as the proposed project activity meets the relevant applicability criteria:

The Hydroelectric Power Plant Project involves installation of a new 46.017 MWe grid connected renewable electricity generation plant,

The methodology is applicable under the following conditions:

Applicability Criteria	Applicability to the project activity
This methodology is applicable to grid connected renewable energy power generation project activities that: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) Install a Greenfield power plant;</li> <li>(b) Involve a capacity addition to (an) existing plant(s);</li> <li>(c) Involve a retrofit of (an) existing operating plant(s)/unit(s);</li> </ul>	The project activity is a greenfield hydro power plant which are renewable energy generation. Thus, the project activity complies with this criterion.

<sup>16</sup> Please see <https://cdm.unfccc.int/UserManagement/FileStorage/ZPFJL010U2RYC6N3HASIXV7K84QBG9>

<sup>17</sup> Please see <https://cdm.unfccc.int/methodologies/PAMethodologies/tools/am-tool-07-v7.0.pdf>

<sup>18</sup> Please see <https://cdm.unfccc.int/methodologies/PAMethodologies/tools/am-tool-01-v7.0.0.pdf>

<sup>19</sup> Please see <https://cdm.unfccc.int/methodologies/PAMethodologies/tools/am-tool-11-v3.0.1.pdf>

Applicability Criteria	Applicability to the project activity
<p>(d) Involve a rehabilitation of (an) existing plant(s)/unit(s); or            (e) Involve a replacement of (an) existing plant(s)/unit(s).</p>	
<p>In case the project activity involves the integration of a BESS, the methodology is applicable to grid-connected renewable energy power generation project activities that:</p>	<p>The project activity is a hydro power plant and no integration of a BESS involve within the boundary of the project activity. Thus, this criterion is not applicable for this project activity.</p>
<p>The methodology is applicable under the following conditions:            (a) Hydro power plant/unit with or without reservoir, wind power plant/unit, geothermal power plant/unit, solar power plant/unit, wave power plant/unit or tidal power plant/unit;            (b) In the case of capacity additions, retrofits, rehabilitations or replacements (except for wind, solar, wave or tidal power capacity addition projects) the existing plant/unit started commercial operation prior to the start of a minimum historical reference period of five years, used for the calculation of baseline emissions and defined in the baseline emission section, and no capacity expansion, retrofit, or rehabilitation of the plant/unit has been undertaken between the start of this minimum historical reference period and the implementation of the project activity;            (c) In case of Greenfield project activities applicable under paragraph 5 (a) above, the project participants shall demonstrate that the BESS was an integral part of the design of the renewable energy project activity (e.g. by referring to feasibility studies or investment decision documents);            (d) The BESS should be charged with electricity generated from the associated renewable energy power plant(s). Only during exigencies 2 may the BESS be charged with electricity from the grid or a fossil fuel electricity generator. In such cases, the corresponding GHG emissions shall be accounted for as project emissions following the requirements under section 5.4.4 below. The charging using the grid or using fossil fuel electricity generator should not amount to more than 2 per cent of the electricity generated by the project renewable energy plant during a monitoring period. During the time periods (e.g. week(s), months(s)) when the BESS consumes more than 2 per cent of the electricity for charging, the project participant shall not be entitled to issuance of the certified emission reductions for the concerned periods of the monitoring period.</p>	<p>(a) The project activity is a hydro power plant with a run-of-river reservoir.            (b) The project activity is not capacity additions, retrofits, or replacements.            (c) The project activity is not greenfield project activities applicable under paragraph 5 (a) of methodology. Thus, this criterion is not applicable for this project activity.            (d) The project activity is a hydro power plant and no integration of a BESS involve within the boundary of the project activity. Thus, this criterion is not applicable for this project activity.</p>
<p>In case of hydro power plants, one of the following conditions shall apply:            (a) The project activity is implemented in existing single or multiple reservoirs, with no change in the volume of any of the reservoirs; or</p>	<p>The project is resulted in construction of a new single reservoir with a power density greater than 4 W/m<sup>2</sup>.            As in the case of Otluca HPPs this density is well above the 4 W/m<sup>2</sup> threshold (~930.31 W/m<sup>2</sup>; reservoir</p>

Applicability Criteria	Applicability to the project activity
<p>(b) The project activity is implemented in existing single or multiple reservoirs, where the volume of the reservoir(s) is increased and the power density, calculated using equation (7), is greater than 4 W/m<sup>2</sup> ; or</p> <p>(c) The project activity results in new single or multiple reservoirs and the power density, calculated using equation (7), is greater than 4 W/m<sup>2</sup> ; or</p> <p>(d) The project activity is an integrated hydro power project involving multiple reservoirs, where the power density for any of the reservoirs, calculated using equation (7), is lower than or equal to 4 W/m<sup>2</sup> , all of the following conditions shall apply:</p> <p>(i) The power density calculated using the total installed capacity of the integrated project, as per equation (8), is greater than 4 W/m<sup>2</sup> ;</p> <p>(ii) Water flow between reservoirs is not used by any other hydropower unit which is not a part of the project activity;</p> <p>(iii) Installed capacity of the power plant(s) with power density lower than or equal to 4 W/m<sup>2</sup> shall be:</p> <p>a. Lower than or equal to 15 MW; and</p> <p>b. Less than 10 per cent of the total installed capacity of integrated hydro power project.</p>	<p>size: 49,464 m<sup>2</sup>, installed capacity: 46,017,000 W). emissions (CH<sub>4</sub> and CO<sub>2</sub>) from the reservoir are zero according to the equation (10) of ACM0002 version 21.0.</p> <p>Thus, criterion (c) is applicable for this project activity.</p>
<p>In the case of integrated hydro power projects, project participants shall:</p> <p>(a) Demonstrate that water flow from upstream power plants/units spill directly to the downstream reservoir and that collectively constitute to the generation capacity of the integrated hydro power project; or</p> <p>(b) Provide an analysis of the water balance covering the water fed to power units, with all possible combinations of reservoirs and without the construction of reservoirs. The purpose of water balance is to demonstrate the requirement of specific combination of reservoirs constructed under CDM project activity for the optimization of power output. This demonstration has to be carried out in the specific scenario of water availability in different seasons to optimize the water flow at the inlet of power units. Therefore, this water balance will take into account seasonal flows from river, tributaries (if any), and rainfall for minimum of five years prior to the implementation of the CDM project activity.</p>	<p>The project activity is a hydro power plant with a single run-of-river reservoir. Thus, this criterion is not applicable for this project activity.</p>
<p>The methodology is not applicable to:</p> <p>(a) Project activities that involve switching from fossil fuels to renewable energy sources at the site of the project activity, since in this case the baseline may be the continued use of fossil fuels at the site;</p> <p>(b) Biomass fired power plants/units</p>	<p>Project activities do not involve switching from fossil fuels to renewable energy sources at the site of the project activity and project activity is not a biomass-fired power plant. Thus, this criterion is not applicable for this project activity.</p>
<p>In the case of retrofits, rehabilitations, replacements, or capacity additions, this methodology is only applicable if the most plausible baseline scenario, as a result of the identification of baseline scenario, is “the continuation of the current situation, that is to use the power generation</p>	<p>The project activity is not retrofits, rehabilitations, replacements, or capacity additions. Thus, this criterion is not applicable for this project activity.</p>

Applicability Criteria	Applicability to the project activity
equipment that was already in use prior to the implementation of the project activity and undertaking business as usual maintenance”.	
In addition, the applicability conditions included in the tools referred to below apply.	The methodology is used in conjunction with the following latest approved versions of the tools: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Tool to calculate the emission factor for an electricity system (TOOL07) (Version 07.0)</li> <li>2. Tool for the demonstration and assessment of additionality (TOOL01) (Version 07.0.0)</li> <li>3. Assessment of the validity of the original/current baseline and update of the baseline at the renewal of the crediting period (TOOL11) (Version 03.0.1)</li> </ol>

#### Applicability Criteria for Tool 07 version 07.0.

Applicability Criteria	Applicability to the project activity
This tool may be applied to estimate the OM, BM and/or CM when calculating baseline emissions for a project activity that substitutes grid electricity that is where a project activity supplies electricity to a grid or a project activity that results in savings of electricity that would have been provided by the grid (e.g. demand side energy efficiency projects).	The project activity uses the calculated OM, BM and CM values which published by Turkish Ministry of Energy and Natural Resources which is indicating Türkiye’s National Electric Grid Emission Factor for the year of 2020 <sup>20</sup> . Thus, re-estimating the OM, BM and CM values will not be conducted by the project activity. Because publication includes calculated Emission Factor values that are Operating Margin (OM), Growth Based Margin (Build Margin-BM) and Combined Margin (CM) Emission Factors, for the relevant year with usage of the UNFCCC’s Clean Development Methodology Tool 07-V07.0 <sup>21</sup> .
Under this tool, the emission factor for the project electricity system can be calculated either for grid power plants only or, as an option, can include off-grid power plants. In the latter case, two sub-options under the step 2 of the tool are available to the project owners, i.e. option IIa and option IIb. If option IIa is chosen, the conditions specified in “Appendix 1: Procedures related to off-grid power generation” should be met. Namely, the total capacity of off-grid power plants (in MW) should be at least 10 per cent of the total capacity of grid power plants in the electricity system; or the total electricity generation by off-grid power plants (in MWh)	The emission factor for only grid power plants (off grid power plants are not taken into account) have been used by Turkish Ministry of Energy and Natural Resources to calculate emission factor.

<sup>20</sup> Latest data (published on 6<sup>th</sup> October 2021)

<sup>21</sup> <https://enerji.gov.tr/evced-cevre-ve-iklim-turkiye-ulusal-elektrik-sebekesi-emisyon-faktoru>

Applicability Criteria	Applicability to the project activity
should be at least 10 per cent of the total electricity generation by grid power plants in the electricity system; and that factors which negatively affect the reliability and stability of the grid are primarily due to constraints in generation and not to other aspects such as transmission capacity	
In case of CDM projects the tool is not applicable if the project electricity system is located partially or totally in an Annex I country.	Within the framework of the 7 <sup>th</sup> Conference of the Parties (COP 7), it was decided to remove Türkiye from the UNFCCC Annex-II list. In addition, Türkiye remains in Annex-I; however, with the emphasis that it is in a different position from the countries in the Annex-I list, a call was made to take into account the special conditions of Türkiye. <a href="#">Decision 26/CP.7</a> is accessible to further information. For this reason, even if a project activity developed within the borders of Türkiye cannot be developed in CDM, it can be developed in voluntary carbon standards.
Under this tool, the value applied to the CO <sub>2</sub> emission factor of biofuels is zero.	There is no/there will be no biofuels in this project activity which is hydro power project.

**Applicability Criteria for Tool 01 version 07.0.0.**

Applicability Criteria	Applicability to the project activity
The use of the “Tool for the demonstration and assessment of additionality” is not mandatory for project participants when proposing new methodologies. Project participants may propose alternative methods to demonstrate additionality for consideration by the Executive Board. They may also submit revisions to approved methodologies using the additionality tool.	The project activity is not proposing a new methodology. The project activity prefers to use this tool for renewal of crediting period.
Once the additionally tool is included in an approved methodology, its application by project participants using this methodology is mandatory.	Additionality tool is included in ACM0002 version 21.0 (approved methodology) and that is why Tool 01 shall be included in the project activity.

**Applicability Criteria for Tool 11 version 03.0.1.**

Applicability Criteria	Applicability to the project activity
This tool provides a stepwise procedure to assess the continued validity of the baseline and to update the baseline at the renewal of a crediting period, as required by paragraph 49 (a) of the modalities and procedures of the clean development mechanism.	The project activity will renew the crediting period for the first time that approved as ‘two-times renewable crediting period over 10 years’.
The tool consists of two steps. The first step provides an approach to evaluate whether the current baseline is still valid for the next crediting period. The second step	Two steps defined in the Tool11 is discussed in detail under Section 3.4 of this document.

Applicability Criteria	Applicability to the project activity
provides an approach to update the baseline in case that the current baseline is not valid anymore for the next crediting period.	

The methodology is applicable as the proposed project is a grid connected greenfield hydropower plant project with a power density greater than 4 W/m<sup>2</sup>. Hence, the approved consolidated methodology ACM0002 Version 21 is applicable to the project activity.

In addition, for the emission factors, that were used to calculate estimated emission reductions, publication of Turkish Ministry of Energy and Natural Resources, which is indicating Türkiye's National Electric Grid Emission Factor for the year of 2020 was used. Publication includes calculated Emission Factor values that are Operating Margin (OM), Growth Based Margin (Build Margin-BM) and Combined Margin (CM) Emission Factors, for the relevant year (which is 2020) with usage of the IPCC's Clean Development Methodology Tool 07-V07.0<sup>22</sup>. For this calculation, information regarding used data set is given detailed in [section 4.1](#) of this document. In brief, the latest version of the Turkish National Electricity Grid Emission Factor was published on 20<sup>th</sup> of September 2022 and the Emission Factors included in this document belong to the 2020 calculation period<sup>23</sup>. Therefore, the recent available data of the emission factors (the data set used for calculation of emission factors also belongs to 2020.) used in the calculation of the baseline scenario belongs to 2020.

Emission factor calculation is not given in detail in the document published by the Turkish Ministry of Energy and Natural Resources. However, the most recent data and official values for emission factor of Türkiye are those published in this report (Please see: <https://enerji.gov.tr/evced-cevre-ve-iklim-turkiye-ulusal-elektrik-sebekesi-emisyon-faktoru>).

### 3.3 Project Boundary

The spatial extent of the project boundary includes the project power plant and all power plants connected physically to the electricity system that the CDM project power plant is connected to.

Greenhouse's gases included in the project boundary and used in calculations of emission reductions are given in Table 4 below.

Table 4 - Emissions sources included in or excluded from the project boundary

Source	Gas	Included?	Justification/Explanation
Baseline	CO <sub>2</sub>	Yes	Main emission source: Fossil fuels fired for electricity generation cause CO <sub>2</sub> emissions. It is included to baseline calculation to find the displaced amount by the project activity.
	CH <sub>4</sub>	No	Minor emission source. Excluded for simplification. This is conservative

<sup>22</sup> <https://cdm.unfccc.int/methodologies/PAMethodologies/tools/am-tool-07-v7.0.pdf>

<sup>23</sup> <https://enerji.gov.tr//Media/Dizin/EVCED/tr/%C3%87evreVe%C4%B0klim/%C4%B0klimDe%C4%9Fi%C5%9Fikli%C4%9Fi/E-misyonFaktorleri/BilgiFormu.pdf>

Source	Gas	Included?	Justification/Explanation	
to the project activity	N <sub>2</sub> O	No	Minor emission source. Excluded for simplification. This is conservative	
Project	Emissions of CH <sub>4</sub> from the reservoir	CO <sub>2</sub>	No	Minor emission source. The project activity will not create a new reservoir. Therefore, there will not be any project emission. This is conservative
		CH <sub>4</sub>	Yes	
		N <sub>2</sub> O	No	

### 3.4 Baseline Scenario

The methodological tool “Assessment of the validity of the original/current baseline and update of the baseline at the renewal of the crediting period”<sup>24</sup> (version 03.0.1) is adopted to assess the continued validity of the baseline and to update the baseline. This tool provides a stepwise procedure to assess the continued validity of the baseline and to update the baseline at the renewal of a crediting period, as required by paragraph 49 (a) of the modalities and procedures of the clean development mechanism. According to this tool, the following steps are applied.

#### Step 1: Assess the validity of the current baseline for the next crediting period

The validity of the current baseline is assessed using the following Sub-steps:

##### Sub Step 1.1 Assess compliance of the current baseline with relevant mandatory national and/or sectoral policies.

The project baseline is the “Grid-connected electricity generation”. It complies with the current legal framework. There are no additional laws that came into force that has an impact on the project activity and the project activity is still in line with the available law and regulations.

##### Sub Step 1.2 Assess the impact of circumstances.

The new national circumstances have an impact on the EF of the grid and thus on the project’s current baseline emissions. Accordingly, the EF is updated for the second crediting period in conformity with the latest version of the publication of the Türkiye’s National Electric Grid Emission Factor for the year of 2020. There has been no major deviation or change in the market characteristic during the first crediting period.

##### Sub Step 1.3 Assess whether the continuation of use of current baseline equipment(s) or an investment is the most likely scenario for the crediting period for which renewal is requested.

Operational lifetime of the HPP is calculated as 40 years for the Otluca HPPs by using the ‘Tool to determine the remaining lifetime of equipment’. In the tool it is said that lifetime for the Hydro Turbines is 150,000 hours. In order to determine operational lifetime of the

<sup>24</sup> <https://cdm.unfccc.int/methodologies/PAMethodologies/tools/am-tool-11-v3.0.1.pdf>

HPP firstly capacity factor of the HPP should be calculated because HPP will not be in operation for whole year. By dividing annual generation (224,000 MWh/year) to the installed capacity (46.017 MW), the operation time in a year will be found which is 4,869.57 h/year. Since operation lifetime is related to the economic analysis, in the calculation of operational lifetime annual generation and installed capacity figures are taken from Generation License of the HPP. Finally dividing lifetime of the equipment (150,000 hours) to the operational time per year, lifetime of the equipment will be found in terms of year which is 30.8. To be conservative operational lifetime of the hydro turbines will be found as 31 years. Also, the operational lifetime is in line with the technical lifetime of the electromechanical equipment.

#### **Sub Step 1.4 Assessment of validity of the data and parameters.**

The emissions reduction calculations are based on two main parameters: the energy produced and the grid emission factor. The latter will be updated as explained in the next paragraph. As a requirement of the methodology, only the grid emission factor has been updated during the second crediting period renewal.

### **Step 2: Update the current baseline and the data and parameters**

#### **Sub Step 2.1: Update the current baseline**

As confirmed in Step 1, under the current context of the sectoral policies and circumstances, the project baseline for the next crediting period is the use of electricity from the national grid. This is conformed to the provisions of the latest version of the approved applicable methodology. Therefore, there has been no deviation in the baseline scenario.

#### **Sub Step 2.2: Update the data and parameters**

The grid emission factor is updated according to the publication of Turkish Ministry of Energy and Natural Resources that is indicating Türkiye's National Electric Grid Emission Factor for the year of 2020.

According to details of publication<sup>25</sup>,  
 Operating Margin-OM; 0.7424 tCO<sub>2</sub>/MWh  
 Build Margin-BM; 0.3680 tCO<sub>2</sub>/MWh  
 Combined Margin-CM (calculated for 2<sup>nd</sup> CP); 0.4616 tCO<sub>2</sub>/MWh

In addition, there was no change for the capacity and no change for the reservoir area during the 1<sup>st</sup> and 2<sup>nd</sup> monitoring period under 1<sup>st</sup> crediting period. Therefore, there is further no need to monitor the CAP<sub>PJ</sub> and A<sub>PJ</sub> parameters for the 3<sup>rd</sup> monitoring period under 1<sup>st</sup> crediting period. Even, newest version of ACM0002 version 21.0 state as the monitoring frequency<sup>26</sup>: "Once at the beginning of each crediting period" for CAP<sub>PJ</sub> and A<sub>PJ</sub> parameters. It is apparent that these two parameters, which are monitored in this

<sup>25</sup>  $(0.7424 * 0.25 + 0.3680 * 0.75 = 0.4616 \text{ tCO}_2/\text{MWh})$

<https://enerji.gov.tr//Media/Dizin/EVCED/tr/%C3%87evreVe%C4%B0klim/%C4%B0klimDe%C4%9Fi%C5%9Fikli%C4%9Fi/TUESEmisyonFktr/Belgeler/Bform2020.pdf>

<sup>26</sup> Please see: <https://cdm.unfccc.int/UserManagement/FileStorage/ZPFJL010U2RYC6N3HASIXV7K840BG9>  
 (Page 28 - Data / Parameter table 17.)

(3<sup>rd</sup>) monitoring period under 2<sup>nd</sup> crediting period, do not need to be monitored for the next verifications under 2<sup>nd</sup> crediting period. Thus, only parameter will be monitored for the next verification periods under 2<sup>nd</sup> crediting period will be “*EG<sub>PJ, facility, y</sub>*” which is related to electricity production.

### 3.5 Additionality

Alternative: the project activity undertaken without being registered as a VCS project activity.

This alternative is realistic and credible as Otluca HPPs may undertake project activity if it sees no risk for the project and/or if the project turns out to be financially attractive without Verified Carbon Units (VCUs) income. However, investments analyses show that the project is not economically feasible without VCUs income. Moreover, the sensitivity analysis confirms that the project activity is unlikely to be economically attractive without the revenues from VCUs as even the maximum IRR result for the best-case scenario (11.24%) is below the benchmark, which is 15%. Consequently, the project activity is still additional, and it still has ongoing financial need.

The energy sector in Türkiye has been privatized and the installation of hydro power plants is under the initiative of private companies if they obtain a license from EMRA (Energy Market Regulatory Authority). Any legal legislation, law or regulatory framework in Türkiye does not oblige hydro power plants installation. Otluca HPPs obtained 35-years – 1 month – 23 days license from EMRA and sells the produced electricity in the free market.

Any enforced law, statute, regulatory surplus, or other regulatory framework shall not mandate the project. The project activity is not mandated by any state or national laws. The project proponent is not bound by any legislative mandate to implement the project activity.

### 3.6 Methodology Deviations

No methodology deviations have applied during this monitoring period and renewal.

## 4 IMPLEMENTATION STATUS

### 4.1 Implementation Status of the Project Activity

**Table 5 - Project Implementation Schedule**

Date (DD-MM-YYYY)	Activity
05-07-2007	Issuance of the License
25-08-2007	Requests for proposals from consultants for VER development
04-01-2008	Start of first construction activities
28-05-2008	Contract with Hangzhou Yatai Hydro Equipment Comp.Co.Ltd. (generators/turbines)...
01-09-2008	Initial agreement with a VER consultant
27-03-2009	Financial closure with Bank
07-04-2011	Start date of the First Crediting Period
07-04-2011 – 31-07-2013	First monitoring period



According to details of publication above,  
 Operating Margin-OM; 0.7424 tCO<sub>2</sub>/MWh  
 Build Margin-BM; 0.3680 tCO<sub>2</sub>/MWh  
 Combined Margin-CM (calculated for 2<sup>nd</sup> CP); 0.4616 tCO<sub>2</sub>/MWh<sup>30</sup>

Baseline emissions include only CO<sub>2</sub> emissions from electricity generation in fossil fuel fired power plants that are displaced due to the project activity, calculated as follows:

$$BE_y = EG_{PJ,y} \times EF_{grid,CM,y}$$

Where:

$BE_y$  = Baseline emissions in year y (tCO<sub>2</sub>/yr).

$EG_{PJ,y}$  = Quantity of net electricity generation that is produced and fed into the grid as a result of the implementation of the CDM project activity in year y (MWh).

$EF_{grid,CM,y}$  = Combined margin CO<sub>2</sub> emission factor for grid connected power generation in year y calculated using the latest version of the “Tool to calculate the emission factor for an electricity system” v07.0. (tCO<sub>2</sub>/MWh).

The project activity is the installation of a new grid-connected renewable power plant so,

$$EG_{baseline} = 0$$

If the project activity is the installation of a Greenfield power plant, then:

$$EG_{PJ,y} = EG_{facility,y}$$

Where:

$EG_{PJ,y}$  = Quantity of net electricity generation that is produced and fed into the grid as a result of the implementation of the CDM project activity in year y (MWh/yr).

$EG_{facility,y}$  = Quantity of net electricity generation supplied by the project plant/unit to the grid in year y (MWh/yr).

### Calculation of the Operating Margin Emission Factor

By using all the data which were given above, Turkish Ministry of Energy and Natural Resources calculated  $EF_{grid,OMsimple,y}$  :



<b><math>EF_{grid,OMsimple,y} = 0.7424</math> (tCO<sub>2</sub>/MWh)</b>
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<sup>30</sup> (0.7424\*0.25+0.3680\*0.75 = 0.4616 tCO<sub>2</sub>/MWh)

<https://enerji.gov.tr//Media/Dizin/EVCED/tr/%C3%87evreVe%C4%B0klim/%C4%B0klimDe%C4%9Fi%C5%9Fikli%C4%9Fi/TUESEmisyonFktr/Belgeler/Bform2020.pdf>

### Calculation of the Build Margin Emission Factor

For BM factor calculation, Chronological order of power generation plants from TEİAŞ Load Dispatch Department with commissioning dates, plant names, fuel types, installed power values, electricity generation for the calculated year were used as input data. Consequently, Turkish Ministry of Energy and Natural Resources calculated  $EF_{grid,BM,y}$ .



$$EF_{grid,BM,y} = 0.3680 \text{ tCO}_2/\text{MWh}$$

### Calculating of the Combined Margin Emission Factor

Emission factor calculations have been corrected with the relevant weighted calculations as stipulated by the methodology for the second crediting period. According to “Tool to calculate the emission factor for an electricity system” (Version 07), Article 86 clause (b), calculation of the combined margin for renewable energy projects (except wind and solar) second crediting period, the following values need to be used for  $w_{OM}$  and  $w_{BM}$ .

According to Tool 07’s specifications, renewable energy projects – except for wind and solar ones – should calculate the CM factor for the second and third crediting period by taking  $w_{OM}$  as 0.25 and  $w_{BM}$  as 0.75.<sup>31</sup>

The data used to calculate the combined margin were published by Türkiye’s Energy and Natural Resources Ministry in 20-September-2022. The data -which includes build margin and operating margin factors - have been obtained from the ministry’s most recent factsheet. This document contains the latest available data in the country and is issued by the highest authority to make such calculations and determine the factors.



$$EF_{grid,CM,y} = 0.25 * 0.7424 + 0.75 * 0.3680 = 0.4616 \text{ tCO}_2/\text{MWh}$$

Then:

$$ER_y = BE_y - PE_y = EG_{facility,y} * EF_{grid,CM,y} = 224,000 \text{ MWh/year} * 0.4616 \text{ tCO}_2/\text{MWh} = 103,398 \text{ tCO}_2/\text{year (for 2}^{nd} \text{ crediting period)}$$

Baseline scenario is identified and described in this section. Emission reductions due to project activity is calculated according to “Tool to calculate the emission factor for an electricity system” (Tool 07) version 07.0.

A brief explanation of this methodology is given in Tool as:

This methodological tool determines the CO<sub>2</sub> emission factor for the displacement of electricity generated by power plants in an electricity system, by calculating the “combined margin” emission factor (CM) of the electricity system.

<sup>31</sup> Tool 07 v.07, Section 6.6.1.

## 5.2 Project Emissions

The project activity results in new reservoirs and the power density of the power plant, as per definitions given in the project emissions section, is greater than 4 W/m<sup>2</sup>. In addition, as in the case of Otluca HPPs this density is above the 10 W/m<sup>2</sup> threshold (930.31 W/m<sup>2</sup>; reservoir size: 49,464 m<sup>2</sup>, installed capacity: 46,017,000 W). Hence, the project emission (PE<sub>HP,y</sub>) is zero in line with the section [5.4.3 – 42 – c] – Equation (10)] of the ACM002 methodology version 21.0.

## 5.3 Leakage

No Leakage emissions are considered. The main emission potentially giving rise to leakage in the context of electrical sector projects is emission arising due to activities arising such as power plant construction and upstream emission from fossil fuel use (e.g. extraction, processing, and transport). These emission sources are neglected.

Then: ER<sub>y</sub> = BE<sub>y</sub>

## 5.4 Estimated Net GHG Emission Reductions and Removals

Year	Estimated baseline emissions or removals (tCO <sub>2</sub> e)	Estimated project emissions or removals (tCO <sub>2</sub> e)	Estimated leakage emissions (tCO <sub>2</sub> e)	Estimated net GHG emission reductions or removals (tCO <sub>2</sub> e)
2021 (07-April-2021 – 31-December-2021)	76,203	0	0	76,203
2022 (01-January-2022 – 31-December-2022)	103,398	0	0	103,398
2023(01-January-2023 – 31-December-2023)	103,398	0	0	103,398
2024 (01-January-2024 – 31-December-2024)	103,398	0	0	103,398
2025 (01-January-2025 – 31-December-2025)	103,398	0	0	103,398
2026 (01-January-2026 – 31-December-2026)	103,398	0	0	103,398
2027 (01-January-2027 – 31-December-2027)	103,398	0	0	103,398

2028 (01-January-2028 – 31-December-2028)	103,398	0	0	103,398
2029 (01-January-2029 – 31-December-2029)	103,398	0	0	103,398
2030 (01-January-2030 – 31-December-2030)	103,398	0	0	103,398
2031 (01-January-2031 – 06-April-2031)	27,195	0	0	27,195
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,033,980</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>1,033,980</b>

## 6 MONITORING

### 6.1 Data and Parameters Available at Validation

**For the 1<sup>st</sup> Crediting Period (On the purpose of 3<sup>rd</sup> Verification which spans the 1<sup>st</sup> Crediting Period):**

<b>Data / Parameter</b>	EF <sub>grid, BM, y</sub>
<b>Data unit</b>	tCO <sub>2e</sub> /MWh
<b>Description</b>	Combined margin CO <sub>2</sub> emission factor for grid connected power generation in year y calculated using the latest version of the “Tool to calculate the emission factor for an electricity system 02.2.0” <sup>32</sup>
<b>Source of data</b>	As per “Tool to calculate the emission factor for an electricity system 02.2.0”
<b>Value applied</b>	0.4448 tCO <sub>2</sub> /MWh
<b>Justification of choice of data or description of measurement methods and procedures applied</b>	As per “Tool to calculate the emission factor for an electricity system 02.2.0”
<b>Purpose of Data</b>	Calculation of baseline emissions
<b>Comments</b>	No additional comments

<sup>32</sup> <https://cdm.unfccc.int/methodologies/PAmethodologies/tools/am-tool-07-v2.2.0.pdf>

<b>Data / Parameter</b>	$EF_{grid,OM,y}$
<b>Data unit</b>	tCO <sub>2e</sub> /MWh
<b>Description</b>	Combined margin CO <sub>2</sub> emission factor for grid connected power generation in year y calculated using the latest version of the “Tool to calculate the emission factor for an electricity system 02.2.0” <sup>33</sup>
<b>Source of data</b>	As per “Tool to calculate the emission factor for an electricity system 02.2.0”
<b>Value applied</b>	0.6534 tCO <sub>2</sub> /MWh
<b>Justification of choice of data or description of measurement methods and procedures applied</b>	As per “Tool to calculate the emission factor for an electricity system 02.2.0”
<b>Purpose of Data</b>	Calculation of baseline emissions
<b>Comments</b>	No additional comments

<b>Data / Parameter</b>	$EF_{grid,CM,y}$
<b>Data unit</b>	tCO <sub>2e</sub> /MWh
<b>Description</b>	Combined margin CO <sub>2</sub> emission factor for grid connected power generation in year y calculated using the latest version of the “Tool to calculate the emission factor for an electricity system 02.2.0” <sup>34</sup>
<b>Source of data</b>	As per “Tool to calculate the emission factor for an electricity system 02.2.0”
<b>Value applied</b>	0.5491 tCO <sub>2</sub> /MWh
<b>Justification of choice of data or description of measurement methods and procedures applied</b>	As per “Tool to calculate the emission factor for an electricity system 02.2.0”
<b>Purpose of Data</b>	Calculation of baseline emissions
<b>Comments</b>	No additional comments

<sup>33</sup> <https://cdm.unfccc.int/methodologies/PAmethodologies/tools/am-tool-07-v2.2.0.pdf>

<sup>34</sup> <https://cdm.unfccc.int/methodologies/PAmethodologies/tools/am-tool-07-v2.2.0.pdf>

<b>Data / Parameter</b>	Gross electricity generation
<b>Data unit</b>	MWh
<b>Description</b>	Gross Electricity supplied to the grid by relevant sources (2006-2008)
<b>Source of data</b>	Turkish Electricity Transmission Company (TEİAŞ), Annual Development of Türkiye's Gross Electricity Generation of Primary Energy Resources (1975-2008) TEİAŞ. Please see: <a href="https://webapi.teias.gov.tr/file/d68d12d1-7b09-4c5a-bd1d-bd29b40b97e5?download">https://webapi.teias.gov.tr/file/d68d12d1-7b09-4c5a-bd1d-bd29b40b97e5?download</a>
<b>Value applied</b>	131,681,100 MWh; 154,982,500 MWh; 163,919,400 MWh
<b>Justification of choice of data or description of measurement methods and procedures applied</b>	This data presents the gross electricity production data by all the relevant energy sources. Low-cost/must run resources like hydro, wind, geothermal and biomass do not emit fossil CO <sub>2</sub> and thus are not taken into account in calculations.
<b>Purpose of Data</b>	Calculation of baseline emissions
<b>Comments</b>	No additional comments

<b>Data / Parameter</b>	Net Electricity Generation
<b>Data unit</b>	MWh
<b>Description</b>	Net electricity fed into the grid. Used for the calculation of the net/gross relation (Including Import and Export figures)
<b>Source of data</b>	Turkish Electricity Transmission Company (TEİAŞ), Annual Development of Electricity Generation Consumption and Losses in Türkiye (1984-2008) TEİAŞ. Please see: <a href="https://webapi.teias.gov.tr/file/ae3e13fb-9d07-4128-a1d9-d5ce9ed1458c?download">https://webapi.teias.gov.tr/file/ae3e13fb-9d07-4128-a1d9-d5ce9ed1458c?download</a>
<b>Value applied</b>	169,543.1 GWh; 183,339.7 GWh; 189,761.9 GWh
<b>Justification of choice of data or description of measurement methods and procedures applied</b>	This data is used to find relation between the gross and net electricity delivered to the grid by fossil fuel fired power plants. Import and Export data is used to identify total net electricity fed into the grid in the years of 2006, 2007 and 2008. TEİAŞ is the national electricity transmission company, which makes available the official data of all power plants in Türkiye.
<b>Purpose of Data</b>	Calculation of baseline emissions
<b>Comments</b>	No additional comments

<b>Data / Parameter</b>	Sample Group for BM emission factor
<b>Data unit</b>	Name of the plants, MW capacities, fuel types, annual electricity generations and dates of commissioning.
<b>Description</b>	Most recent power plants which compromise 20% of total generation
<b>Source of data</b>	<p>Annual Development of Fuels Consumed in Thermal Power Plants in Türkiye by the Electric Utilities, TEİAŞ:</p> <p>For plants in 2004:  <a href="https://webapi.teias.gov.tr/file/91891c1f-f8ba-4374-87c3-588730f53a73?download">https://webapi.teias.gov.tr/file/91891c1f-f8ba-4374-87c3-588730f53a73?download</a></p> <p>For plants in 2005:  <a href="https://webapi.teias.gov.tr/file/91891c1f-f8ba-4374-87c3-588730f53a73?download">https://webapi.teias.gov.tr/file/91891c1f-f8ba-4374-87c3-588730f53a73?download</a></p> <p>For plants in 2006:  <a href="https://webapi.teias.gov.tr/file/56efcc33-7319-40f9-b6e0-3cb8ba963f96?download">https://webapi.teias.gov.tr/file/56efcc33-7319-40f9-b6e0-3cb8ba963f96?download</a></p> <p>For plants in 2007:  <a href="https://webapi.teias.gov.tr/file/56efcc33-7319-40f9-b6e0-3cb8ba963f96?download">https://webapi.teias.gov.tr/file/56efcc33-7319-40f9-b6e0-3cb8ba963f96?download</a></p> <p>For plants in 2008:  <a href="https://webapi.teias.gov.tr/file/56efcc33-7319-40f9-b6e0-3cb8ba963f96?download">https://webapi.teias.gov.tr/file/56efcc33-7319-40f9-b6e0-3cb8ba963f96?download</a></p>
<b>Value applied</b>	See Validated VCS-PD
<b>Justification of choice of data or description of measurement methods and procedures applied</b>	TEİAŞ is the national electricity transmission company, which makes available the official data of all power plants in Türkiye. The latest data available during PD preparation was for 2008.
<b>Purpose of Data</b>	Calculation of baseline emissions
<b>Comments</b>	No additional comments

<b>Data / Parameter</b>	EF <sub>CO<sub>2</sub>,i,y</sub>
<b>Data unit</b>	tCO <sub>2</sub> /GJ
<b>Description</b>	Emission factor for fuel type i

<b>Source of data</b>	IPCC default values at the lower limit of the uncertainty at a 95% confidence interval as provided in table 1.4 of Chapter1 of Vol. 2 (Energy) of the IPCC Guidelines on National GHG Inventories. Please see: <a href="https://www.ipcc-nggip.iges.or.jp/public/2006gl/">https://www.ipcc-nggip.iges.or.jp/public/2006gl/</a>
<b>Value applied</b>	See Validated VCS-PD.
<b>Justification of choice of data or description of measurement methods and procedures applied</b>	The Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC) is an intergovernmental body of the United Nations that is dedicated to providing the world with objective, scientific information relevant to understanding the scientific basis of the risk of human-induced climate change, its natural, political, and economic impacts and risks, and possible response options.
<b>Purpose of Data</b>	Calculation of baseline emissions
<b>Comments</b>	No additional comments

<b>Data / Parameter</b>	$\eta_{m,y}$
<b>Data unit</b>	-
<b>Description</b>	Average energy conversion efficiency of power unit m in year y
<b>Source of data</b>	Annex I the “Tool to calculate the emission factor for an electricity system”
<b>Value applied</b>	See Validated VCS-PD.
<b>Justification of choice of data or description of measurement methods and procedures applied</b>	For efficiency rates of Coal and Lignite Power Plants See Annex-1 of the Tool (highest rate is applied to be conservative) For Natural Gas and Oil plants efficiencies, default value given in the tool is applied: <a href="https://cdm.unfccc.int/methodologies/PAMethodologies/tools/a-m-tool-07-v2.2.0.pdf">https://cdm.unfccc.int/methodologies/PAMethodologies/tools/a-m-tool-07-v2.2.0.pdf</a>
<b>Purpose of Data</b>	Calculation of baseline emissions
<b>Comments</b>	No additional comments

<b>Data / Parameter</b>	$HV_{i,y}$
<b>Data unit</b>	Mass or volume unit
<b>Description</b>	Heating Values of fuels consumed for electricity generation in the years of 2006, 2007 and 2008

<b>Source of data</b>	Heating Values of Fuels Consumed in Thermal Power Plants in Türkiye by The Electric Utilities, TEİAŞ. Please see: <a href="https://webapi.teias.gov.tr/file/346a8564-97c6-4027-b674-6ac3def3ba29?download">https://webapi.teias.gov.tr/file/346a8564-97c6-4027-b674-6ac3def3ba29?download</a>
<b>Value applied</b>	See validated VCS-PD
<b>Justification of choice of data or description of measurement methods and procedures applied</b>	There is no national NVC data in Türkiye. However, TEİAŞ announces Heating values of fuels. This data is used to calculate annual NCVs for each fuel type. TEİAŞ is the national electricity transmission company, which makes available the official data of all power plants in Türkiye.
<b>Purpose of Data</b>	Calculation of baseline emissions
<b>Comments</b>	No additional comments

<b>Data / Parameter</b>	$FC_{i,y}$
<b>Data unit</b>	Mass or volume unit
<b>Description</b>	Fuels consumed for electricity generation in the years of 2006, 2007 and 2008
<b>Source of data</b>	Annual Development of Fuels Consumed in Thermal Power Plants in Türkiye by The Electric Utilities, TEİAŞ. Please see: (2000-2005) <a href="https://webapi.teias.gov.tr/file/91891c1f-f8ba-4374-87c3-588730f53a73?download">https://webapi.teias.gov.tr/file/91891c1f-f8ba-4374-87c3-588730f53a73?download</a>  (2006-2008) <a href="https://webapi.teias.gov.tr/file/56efcc33-7319-40f9-b6e0-3cb8ba963f96?download">https://webapi.teias.gov.tr/file/56efcc33-7319-40f9-b6e0-3cb8ba963f96?download</a>
<b>Value applied</b>	See Validated VCS-PD.
<b>Justification of choice of data or description of measurement methods and procedures applied</b>	TEİAŞ is the national electricity transmission company, which makes available the official data of all power plants in Türkiye.
<b>Purpose of Data</b>	Calculation of baseline emissions
<b>Comments</b>	No additional comments

<b>Data / Parameter</b>	$NCV_{i,y}$
<b>Data unit</b>	TJ/kton, TJ/million m <sup>3</sup>

<b>Description</b>	Net Calorific Value of fuel types in the years of 2006, 2007 and 2008
<b>Source of data</b>	Calculated by using $HV_{i,y}$ to $FC_{i,y}$ as Net Calorific Values of fuel types are not directly available in Türkiye.
<b>Value applied</b>	See Validated VCS-PD.
<b>Justification of choice of data or description of measurement methods and procedures applied</b>	TEİAŞ is the national electricity transmission company, which makes available the official data of power plants in Türkiye.
<b>Purpose of Data</b>	Calculation of baseline emissions
<b>Comments</b>	No additional comments

**For the 2<sup>nd</sup> Crediting Period (On the purpose of renewal crediting period and on the purpose of 3<sup>rd</sup> Verification which spans the 2<sup>nd</sup> Crediting Period):**

<b>Data / Parameter</b>	$EF_{grid,BM,y}$
<b>Data unit</b>	tCO <sub>2e</sub> /MWh
<b>Description</b>	<p>For the emission BM factor, that were used to calculate estimated emission reductions, publication of Turkish Ministry of Energy and Natural Resources which is indicating Türkiye's National Electric Grid Emission Factor for the year of 2020 was used.</p> <p>Publication includes calculated Emission Factor values that are Operating Margin (OM), Growth Based Margin (Build Margin-BM) and Combined Margin (CM) Emission Factors, for the relevant year with usage of the UNFCCC's Clean Development Methodology Tool 07-V07.0<sup>35</sup>.</p>
<b>Source of data</b>	Please see: <a href="https://enerji.gov.tr/evced-cevre-ve-iklim-turkiye-ulusal-elektrik-sebekesi-emisyon-faktoru">https://enerji.gov.tr/evced-cevre-ve-iklim-turkiye-ulusal-elektrik-sebekesi-emisyon-faktoru</a>
<b>Value applied:</b>	0.3680
<b>Justification of choice of data or description of measurement methods and procedures applied</b>	Ministry of Energy and Natural Resources makes available the official data in Türkiye. The latest data available during this document preparation was for 2020. Please see <a href="#">section 4.1</a> for further description of measurement methods.
<b>Purpose of Data</b>	Calculation of baseline emissions
<b>Comments</b>	-

<sup>35</sup> <https://cdm.unfccc.int/methodologies/PAMethodologies/tools/am-tool-07-v7.0.pdf>

<b>Data / Parameter</b>	$EF_{grid,OM,y}$
<b>Data unit</b>	tCO <sub>2e</sub> /MWh
<b>Description</b>	For the combined margin CO <sub>2</sub> emission factor that were used to calculate estimated emission reductions, publication of Turkish Ministry of Energy and Natural Resources which is indicating Türkiye's National Electric Grid Emission Factor for the year of 2020 was used.
<b>Source of data</b>	Please see: <a href="https://enerji.gov.tr/evced-cevre-ve-iklim-turkiye-ulusal-elektrik-sebekesi-emisyon-faktoru">https://enerji.gov.tr/evced-cevre-ve-iklim-turkiye-ulusal-elektrik-sebekesi-emisyon-faktoru</a>
<b>Value applied:</b>	0.7424
<b>Justification of choice of data or description of measurement methods and procedures applied</b>	The baseline emissions are the product of electrical energy baseline expressed in MWh of electricity produced by the renewable generating unit multiplied by an emission factor. Please see <a href="#">section 4.1</a> for further description of measurement methods.
<b>Purpose of Data</b>	Calculation of baseline emissions
<b>Comments</b>	-

<b>Data / Parameter</b>	$EF_{grid,CM,y}$
<b>Data unit</b>	tCO <sub>2e</sub> /MWh
<b>Description</b>	For the combined margin CO <sub>2</sub> emission factor that were used to calculate estimated emission reductions, publication of Turkish Ministry of Energy and Natural Resources which is indicating Türkiye's National Electric Grid Emission Factor for the year of 2020 was used.
<b>Source of data</b>	Please see: <a href="https://enerji.gov.tr/evced-cevre-ve-iklim-turkiye-ulusal-elektrik-sebekesi-emisyon-faktoru">https://enerji.gov.tr/evced-cevre-ve-iklim-turkiye-ulusal-elektrik-sebekesi-emisyon-faktoru</a>
<b>Value applied:</b>	0.4616 (this value will be used for second crediting period)
<b>Justification of choice of data or description of measurement methods and procedures applied</b>	The baseline emissions are the product of electrical energy baseline expressed in MWh of electricity produced by the renewable generating unit multiplied by an emission factor. Please see <a href="#">section 4.1</a> for further description of measurement methods.
<b>Purpose of Data</b>	Calculation of baseline emissions
<b>Comments</b>	-

## 6.2 Data and Parameters Monitored

<b>Data / Parameter</b>	$EG_{PJ, facility, y}$										
<b>Data unit</b>	MWh										
<b>Description</b>	Quantity of net electricity generation supplied by the project plant/unit to the grid in year y										
<b>Source of data</b>	The data from the Electricity Meters are the basis for the settlement notification of EPIAŞ. Data are gathered electronically from the meters by TEİAŞ and stored in secured website of EPIAŞ, which is accessible to project developer with a private password. For monitoring, the monthly settlement notification of EPIAŞ shall be used as source of data.										
<b>Description of measurement methods and procedures applied</b>	Regarding the electricity meters: two meters are placed (one main and one reserve) at the TEİAŞ substation. These meters are sealed by TEİAŞ and intervention by project proponent is not possible. The fact that two meters are installed in a redundant manner keeps the uncertainty level of the only parameter for baseline calculation low. High data quality of this parameter is in the interest of not only the emission reduction monitoring, but also paramount for the business relation between the plant operator and the electricity buyers.										
<b>Frequency of monitoring/recording</b>	Continuous monitoring, hourly measurement and at least monthly recording										
<b>Value applied:</b>	<b>224,000 MWh/year</b>										
<b>Monitoring equipment</b>	<p><u>Calibration frequency:</u> According to the Article 2 of the Communiqué of Meters in Electricity Sector : ‘The meters to be used in the electricity market shall be compliant with the standards of Turkish Standards Institute or IEC and have obtained “Type and System Approval” certificate from the Ministry of Trade and Industry.’ Therefore, Ministry of Trade and Industry (Ministry) is responsible from control and calibration of the meters. Also, according to Article 11 of this Communiqué, meters shall be in class of 0.5s, which means error interval for measuring is in +-0.5% range which is well acceptable according to rules.</p> <p>Paragraph b) of the Article 9 of the ‘Regulation of Metering and Testing of Metering Systems’ (Regulation) of Ministry states that: ‘b) Periodic tests of meters of electricity, water, coal gas, natural gas and current and voltage transformers are done every 10 years.’ TEİAŞ will decide when to carry out the next calibration. The Project owner has no control over or access to the measurement devices and is not entitled to perform any type of maintenance or calibration.</p> <p>The specification of current meters is provided below:</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Name</th> <th>Serial Number</th> <th>Brand - Model</th> <th>Accuracy Class</th> <th>Rated Frequency</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Main Meter</td> <td>4241357</td> <td>EMH - LZQJ-XC</td> <td>0.2s</td> <td>50 Hz</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Name	Serial Number	Brand - Model	Accuracy Class	Rated Frequency	Main Meter	4241357	EMH - LZQJ-XC	0.2s	50 Hz
Name	Serial Number	Brand - Model	Accuracy Class	Rated Frequency							
Main Meter	4241357	EMH - LZQJ-XC	0.2s	50 Hz							

	Back-up meter	4241358	EMH - LZQJ-XC	0.2s	50 Hz
QA/QC procedures applied	<p>The first protocol date (first calibration record) date was on 20-March-2014 for current meters.</p> <p>Latest test record date is 12-November-2020 for both meters during this monitoring period. The validity for both meters is 19-March-2024 as per the regulation of metering and testing of metering systems.</p> <p>According to the Article 2 of the 'Communiqué Regarding the Meters to be used in the Electricity Market'<sup>36</sup> (Communiqué): 'The meters to be used in the electricity market shall be compliant with the standards of Turkish Standards Institute or IEC and have obtained <b>"Type and System Approval" certificate from the Ministry of Trade and Industry.</b>' Therefore, Ministry of Trade and Industry (Ministry) is responsible from control and calibration of the meters.</p> <p>Paragraph b) of the Article 9 of the 'Regulation of Metering and Testing of Metering Systems'<sup>37</sup> (Regulation) of Ministry states that: ' b) Periodic tests of meters of electricity, water, coal gas, natural gas and current and voltage transformers are done <b>every 10 years.</b>' Therefore, periodic calibration of the meters will be done every 10 years.</p> <p>Also, according to Article 67 (page 20) of this regulation, the calibration shall be done in calibration stations which have been tested and approved by the Ministry of Trade and Industry. Article 10-d) of Communiqué requires the meters shall be three-phase four wire and Article 64 of Regulation clearly states how calibration shall be performed for this kind of meter.</p> <p>According to Article 3 of System Usage Agreement<sup>38</sup> done by 'Elen Enerji' and TEİAŞ; other than periodic tests, if a party alleges the meters are not working appropriately tests of the meters will be done by presence of both parties. If, after controls, it is seen that the meter is not working appropriately, the measurements of reserve meters are considered beginning from date both meters are reading the same.</p> <p>As above mentioned, the data acquisition and management and quality assurance procedures that are anyway in place, no additional procedures have to be established for the monitoring plan.</p> <p>EPIAŞ (Energy Market Regulatory Authority) data is used as a main source, and cross-check is done by using the TEİAŞ receipts.</p>				
Purpose of data	Calculation of baseline emissions				

<sup>36</sup> Please see, <https://www.epdk.gov.tr/Detay/DownloadDocument?id=+6B2PMv4N4A=>

<sup>37</sup> Please see, <http://www.mevzuat.gov.tr/Metin.Aspx?MevzuatKod=7.5.6381&MevzuatIliski=0&sourceXmlSearch=>

<sup>38</sup> Please see; <https://www.mevzuat.gov.tr/File/GeneratePdf?mevzuatNo=19357&mevzuatTur=KurumVeKurulusYonetmeligi&mevzuatTertip=5>

<b>Calculation method</b>	<p>Regarding the electricity meters: two meters are placed (one main and one reserve) at the Otluca HPPs which meters the electricity transferred to TEİAŞ substation. These meters are sealed by TEİAŞ and intervention by project proponent is not possible. The fact that two meters are installed in a redundant manner keeps the uncertainty level of the only parameter for baseline calculation low. High data quality of this parameter is not only in the interest of the emission reduction monitoring, but paramount for the business relation between the plant operator and the electricity buyers.</p> <p>Measured hourly and readings monthly. Monthly settlement notifications of EPIAŞ consist of hourly electricity production and withdrawn from the grid.</p> <p>Since the meters are reading electricity supplied to the system and withdrawn from the system separately, the net electricity amount supplied to the grid is calculated by electricity supplied minus electricity withdrawn which is be taken from monthly settlement notifications. Thus, with this procedure is monitored sufficient and no extra Monitoring has to be implemented.</p>
<b>Comments</b>	-

<b>Data / Parameter</b>	Cap <sub>PI</sub>
<b>Data unit</b>	W
<b>Description</b>	Installed capacity of the hydro power plant after the implementation of the project activity
<b>Source of data</b>	Equipment specifications that described in the equipment contracts
<b>Description of measurement methods and procedures to be applied</b>	Cross-checking of instrument specifications of the installed turbines/generators (MW) and the indication in the PD.
<b>Frequency of monitoring/recording</b>	Once at the beginning of each crediting period
<b>Value monitored</b>	46,017,000
<b>Monitoring equipment</b>	Official documents and photos of the generator and turbine
<b>QA/QC procedures to be applied</b>	Producing company is responsible for the information in the instrument specifications.
<b>Purpose of the data</b>	Calculation of baseline emissions
<b>Calculation method</b>	Equipment specifications and provisional acceptance
<b>Comments</b>	Cross-checked value of the installed power is same as previous monitoring period and approved PD.

Data / Parameter	A <sub>PJ</sub>
Data unit	m <sup>2</sup>
Description	Area of the reservoir measured with topographic drawings in the surface of the water, after implementation of the project activity, when reservoir full
Source of data	Technical drawings from consultants
Description of measurement methods and procedures to be applied	Measured from topographical surveys or maps
Frequency of monitoring/recording	Once at the beginning of each crediting period
Value monitored	49,464
Monitoring equipment	Maps
QA/QC procedures to be applied	Area of the reservoir are preparing according to necessary calculations and Ministry of Energy and Natural Resources of Turkey is the responsible ministry for the confirmation of topographical survey and calculations.
Purpose of the data	Calculation of baseline emissions
Calculation method	N/A
Comments	No additional comments

### 6.3 Monitoring Plan

As described above, the only relevant data that has to be monitored is the net electricity generation ( $EG_{PJ, facility, y}$ ) per year.

#### ***EG<sub>PJ, facility, y</sub>***

These data are subject to the accounting quality systems of both parties to the power purchase agreement, TEİAŞ and Elen Enerji Üretimi Sanayi Ticaret A.Ş. With this, no additional structures or processes must be implemented to insure the availability of necessary data for monitoring. At the end of the monitoring period, the data from the monthly meter reading records by PMUM (In approved PD, PMUM records were given as reference for electricity generation. However, the name of this institution was changed, and electricity generation records have been belonged to EPIAŞ) Therefore, EPIAŞ records are adding up to the yearly electricity generation and multiplied with the combined margin emission factor with the help of an excel spreadsheet that also contains the combined margin calculation. In addition to the EPIAŞ records, TEİAŞ is responsible for reading monthly on both main and backup meters. Meter reading protocols for the whole of the monitoring period have been provided as cross check values apart from the invoices.

The project owner has no right to intervene in electricity meters. The electricity meters are controlling remotely to ensure the uninterrupted electricity generation. Therefore, the calibration and/or test protocol of the electricity meters depend on whether project owner/TEİAŞ has any doubt on the electricity values that is steadily monitoring. TEİAŞ has a right to conduct the calibration procedure or the testing procedure if any mismatching occurs between the values monitored by themselves and values monitored by project owner. The other case is that project owner can request testing protocol or calibration protocol from TEİAŞ if any mismatching occurs between the values monitored by TEİAŞ and values monitored by project owner. No non-conformance has been identified between follow-up by TEİAŞ and project owner’s internal auditing so far. As above mentioned, the data acquisition and management and quality assurance procedures that are anyway in place, no additional procedures must be established for the monitoring plan.

**Responsible personnel:**

TEİAŞ is responsible for monitoring and ensuring that the measurement devices satisfy the requirements. TEİAŞ is also responsible for the calibration of the measurement devices. In case of any detected problem (e.g. failure of one of the measurement devices, inconsistency between the readings of the primary and the back-up meter etc.), the plant manager in the name of the project owner is responsible for coordinating the necessary maintenance and calibration procedure with TEİAŞ. Thus, the complete baseline approach is always transparent and traceable. Technicians in Otluca HPPs daily reads meters and keeps record for electricity generation amount and reports to management. These records can be used for monitoring in case of any problem will arise in meters.

- Currently 21 people are working in the plant.
- All data monitored under the monitoring plan will be kept in electronic form and hard copy for 2 years after the end of the crediting period.

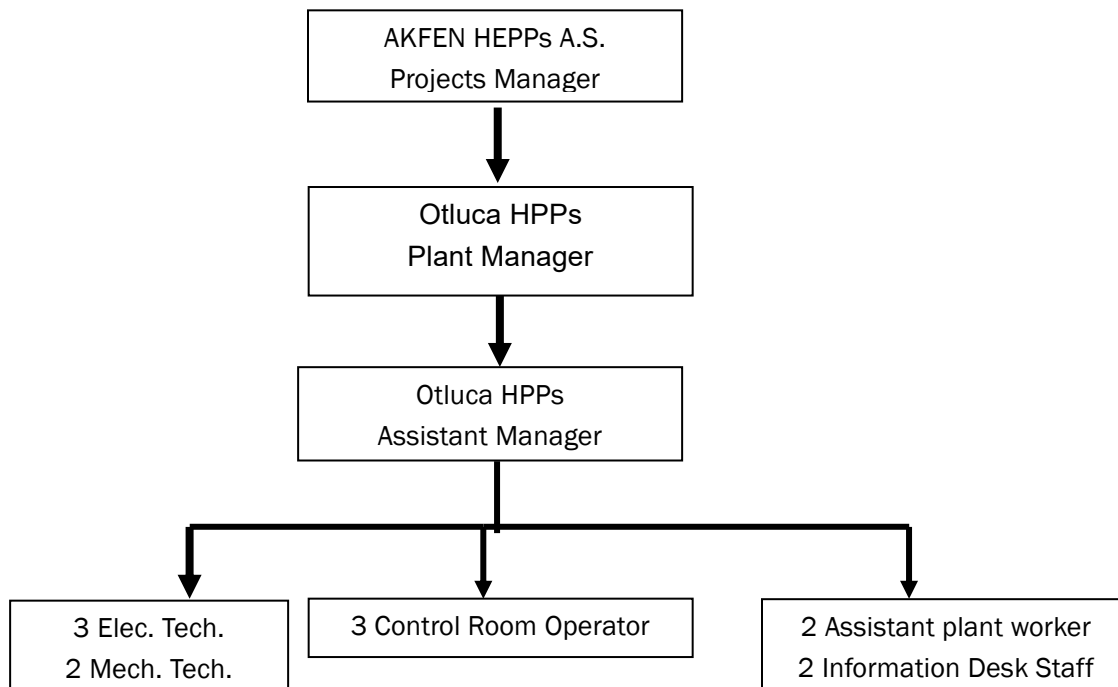


Figure 3 - Organisation chart

# 7 QUANTIFICATION OF GHG EMISSION REDUCTIONS AND REMOVALS

## 7.1 Data and Parameters Monitored

**For the 1<sup>st</sup> Crediting Period:**

<b>Data / Parameter</b>	EG <sub>facility,y</sub>				
<b>Data unit</b>	MWh				
<b>Description</b>	Quantity of net electricity generation supplied by the project plant/unit to the grid in year y				
<b>Value applied:</b>	<b>280,569.17 MWh</b>				
	Vintage		Electricity supplied to the grid (MWh)	Electricity consumption from the grid (MWh)	Net electricity supplied to the grid (MWh)
	01-August-2019	31-December-2019	39,896.96	0.02	39,896.94
	01-January-2020	31-December-2020	184,964.64	0.44	184,964.20
	01-January-2021	06-April-2021	55,708.04	0.01	55,708.03
	<b>Total</b>		<b>280,569.64</b>	<b>0.47</b>	<b>280,569.17</b>
<b>Comments</b>	The specification of current meters is provided below:				
	Name	Serial Number	Brand - Model	Accuracy Class	Rated Frequency
	Main Meter	4241357	EMH - LZQJ-XC	0.2s	50 Hz
	Back-up meter	4241358	EMH - LZQJ-XC	0.2s	50 Hz
	The first protocol date (first calibration record) date was on 20-March-2014 for current meters.				
	Latest test record date is 12-November-2020 for both meters during this monitoring period.				

<b>Data / Parameter</b>	Cap <sub>PJ</sub>
<b>Data unit</b>	W
<b>Description</b>	Installed capacity of the hydro power plant after the implementation of the project activity
<b>Source of data</b>	Equipment specifications that described in the equipment contracts
<b>Description of measurement methods and procedures to be applied</b>	Cross-checking of instrument specifications of the installed turbines/generators (MW) and the indication in the PD.
<b>Frequency of monitoring/recording</b>	Yearly
<b>Value monitored</b>	46,017,000
<b>Monitoring equipment</b>	Official documents and photos of the generator and turbine
<b>QA/QC procedures to be applied</b>	Producing company is responsible for the information in the instrument specifications.
<b>Purpose of the data</b>	Calculation of baseline emissions
<b>Calculation method</b>	Equipment specifications and provisional acceptance
<b>Comments</b>	Cross-checked value of the installed power is same as previous monitoring period and approved PD.

<b>Data / Parameter</b>	A <sub>PJ</sub>
<b>Data unit</b>	m <sup>2</sup>
<b>Description</b>	Area of the reservoir measured with topographic drawings in the surface of the water, after implementation of the project activity, when reservoir full
<b>Source of data</b>	Technical drawings from consultants
<b>Description of measurement methods and procedures to be applied</b>	Measured from topographical surveys or maps
<b>Frequency of monitoring/recording</b>	Yearly
<b>Value monitored</b>	49,464

Monitoring equipment	Maps
QA/QC procedures to be applied	Area of the reservoir are preparing according to necessary calculations and Ministry of Energy and Natural Resources of Türkiye is the responsible ministry for the confirmation of topographical survey and calculations.
Purpose of the data	Calculation of baseline emissions
Calculation method	N/A
Comments	No additional comments

**For the 2<sup>nd</sup> Crediting Period:**

Data / Parameter	EG <sub>facility,y</sub>																		
Data unit	MWh																		
Description	Quantity of net electricity generation supplied by the project plant/unit to the grid in year y																		
Value applied:	<b>196,413.09 MWh (for the 2<sup>nd</sup> crediting period)</b>																		
	Vintage		Electricity supplied to the grid (MWh)	Electricity consumption from the grid (MWh)	Net electricity supplied to the grid (MWh)														
	07-April-2021	31-December-2021	83,748.30	0.01	83,748.29														
	01-January-2022	31-May-2022	112,664.80	0.00	112,664.80														
	<b>Total</b>		<b>196,413.10</b>	<b>0.01</b>	<b>196,413.09</b>														
Comments	<p>The specification of current meters is provided below:</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Name</th> <th>Serial Number</th> <th>Brand - Model</th> <th>Accuracy Class</th> <th>Rated Frequency</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Main Meter</td> <td>4241357</td> <td>EMH - LZQJ-XC</td> <td>0.2s</td> <td>50 Hz</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Back-up meter</td> <td>4241358</td> <td>EMH - LZQJ-XC</td> <td>0.2s</td> <td>50 Hz</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>The first protocol date (first calibration record) date was on 20-March-2014 for current meters.</p> <p>Latest test record date is 12-November-2020 for both meters during this monitoring period.</p>				Name	Serial Number	Brand - Model	Accuracy Class	Rated Frequency	Main Meter	4241357	EMH - LZQJ-XC	0.2s	50 Hz	Back-up meter	4241358	EMH - LZQJ-XC	0.2s	50 Hz
Name	Serial Number	Brand - Model	Accuracy Class	Rated Frequency															
Main Meter	4241357	EMH - LZQJ-XC	0.2s	50 Hz															
Back-up meter	4241358	EMH - LZQJ-XC	0.2s	50 Hz															

<b>Data / Parameter</b>	Cap <sub>PJ</sub>
<b>Data unit</b>	W
<b>Description</b>	Installed capacity of the hydro power plant after the implementation of the project activity
<b>Source of data</b>	Equipment specifications that described in the equipment contracts
<b>Description of measurement methods and procedures to be applied</b>	Cross-checking of instrument specifications of the installed turbines/generators (MW) and the indication in the PD.
<b>Frequency of monitoring/recording</b>	Once at the beginning of each crediting period
<b>Value monitored</b>	46,017,000
<b>Monitoring equipment</b>	Official documents and photos of the generator and turbine
<b>QA/QC procedures to be applied</b>	Producing company is responsible for the information in the instrument specifications.
<b>Purpose of the data</b>	Calculation of baseline emissions
<b>Calculation method</b>	Equipment specifications and provisional acceptance
<b>Comments</b>	Cross-checked value of the installed power is same as previous monitoring period and approved PD.

<b>Data / Parameter</b>	A <sub>PJ</sub>
<b>Data unit</b>	m <sup>2</sup>
<b>Description</b>	Area of the reservoir measured with topographic drawings in the surface of the water, after implementation of the project activity, when reservoir full
<b>Source of data</b>	Technical drawings from consultants
<b>Description of measurement methods and procedures to be applied</b>	Measured from topographical surveys or maps
<b>Frequency of monitoring/recording</b>	Once at the beginning of each crediting period
<b>Value monitored</b>	49,464
<b>Monitoring equipment</b>	Maps

<b>QA/QC procedures to be applied</b>	Area of the reservoir are preparing according to necessary calculations and Ministry of Energy and Natural Resources of Türkiye is the responsible ministry for the confirmation of topographical survey and calculations.
<b>Purpose of the data</b>	Calculation of baseline emissions
<b>Calculation method</b>	N/A
<b>Comments</b>	No additional comments

## 7.2 Baseline Emissions

The total emission reductions can be calculated with the results of the below described equations. The emission reduction is equal to the baseline emissions minus project emissions and leakage emissions. Leakage emissions in this project are negligible. There are no project emissions in this kind of project. The general equation is as follows:

### Emission reductions

**For monitoring period (01-August-2019 to 06-April-2021) of 1<sup>st</sup> crediting period**, baseline emissions are calculated as per ACM0002 version 12.1 is as below:

$$BE_y = EG_{PJ,y} \times EF_{CO_2,grid,y} \quad (1)$$

Where:

$BE_y$  : Baseline emissions in year y (tCO<sub>2</sub>/yr).

$EG_{PJ,y}$  : Electricity supplied by the project activity to the grid (MWh).

$EF_{CO_2,grid,y}$  : Combined margin CO<sub>2</sub> emission factor for grid connected power generation in year y and validated value = 0.5491 tCO<sub>2</sub>/MWh.

Emission reductions achieved by the project activity are calculated as per formula 2 of ACM0002 version 12.1:

$$ER_y = BE_y - PE_y - LE_y \quad (2)$$

Where:

$ER_y$  : Emission reductions in year y (tCO<sub>2</sub>/yr).

$BE_y$  : Baseline emissions in year y (tCO<sub>2</sub>/yr).

$PE_y$  : Project emissions in year y (tCO<sub>2</sub>/yr); validated value = 0.

$LE_y$  : Leakage emissions in year y (tCO<sub>2</sub>/yr); validated value = 0.

$$BE_y = EG_{facility,y} * EF_{grid,CM,y} = 280,569.17 \text{ MWh} * 0.5491 \text{ tCO}_2/\text{MWh} = 154,059 \text{ tCO}_2 \text{ (round-downed)}$$

0.5491 tCO<sub>2</sub>/MWh is the emission factor of the 1<sup>st</sup> crediting period. Since the monitoring period specified above is a subject for the 1<sup>st</sup> crediting period, this emission factor is used in this section when calculation of emission reduction.

### Emission reductions

For monitoring period (07-April-2021 to 31-May-2022) of 2<sup>nd</sup> crediting period, baseline emissions are calculated as per ACM0002 version 21.0 is as below:

$$BE_y = EG_{PJ,y} \times EF_{grid,CM,y} \quad \text{Equation (11)}$$

Where:

$BE_y$  = Baseline emissions in year y (tCO<sub>2</sub>/yr)

$EG_{PJ,y}$  = Quantity of net electricity generation that is produced and fed into the grid as a result of the implementation of the CDM project activity in year y (MWh/yr)

$EF_{grid,CM,y}$  = Combined margin CO<sub>2</sub> emission factor for grid connected power generation in year y calculated using the latest version of "TOOL07: Tool to calculate the emission factor for an electricity system" (tCO<sub>2</sub>/MWh)

$$ER_y = BE_y - PE_y \quad \text{Equation (17)}$$

Where:

$ER_y$  : Emission reductions in year y (tCO<sub>2</sub>/yr).

$BE_y$  : Baseline emissions in year y (tCO<sub>2</sub>/yr).

$PE_y$  : Project emissions in year y (tCO<sub>2</sub>/yr); value= 0

Thus,  $ER_y = BE_y$ , Then,

$$BE_y = EG_{facility,y} * EF_{grid,CM,y} = 196,413.09 \text{ MWh} * 0.4616 \text{ tCO}_2/\text{MWh} = 90,664 \text{ tCO}_2 \text{ (Round-downed)}$$

0.4616 tCO<sub>2</sub>/MWh is the emission factor of the 2<sup>nd</sup> crediting period. Since the monitoring period specified above is a subject for the 2<sup>nd</sup> crediting period, this emission factor is used in this section when calculation of emission reduction.

**As a result**, emission reduction in total of the monitoring period of 1<sup>st</sup> crediting period and the monitoring period of 2<sup>nd</sup> crediting period are (154,059+ 90,664) = **244,723 tCO<sub>2</sub>e (Round-downed)**.

## 7.3 Project Emissions

There are no project emissions in this kind of project.

## 7.4 Leakage

No leakage needs to be considered.

## 7.5 Net GHG Emission Reductions and Removals

Baseline emissions are equal to Net GHG emission reductions.

Year	Baseline emissions or removals (tCO <sub>2e</sub> )	Project emissions or removals (tCO <sub>2e</sub> )	Leakage emissions (tCO <sub>2e</sub> )	Net GHG emission reductions or removals (tCO <sub>2e</sub> )
2019 (01-August-2019 to 31-December-2019)	21,907	0	0	21,907
2020 (01-January-2020 to 31-December-2020)	101,563	0	0	101,563
2021 (01-January-2021 to 31-December-2021)	69,247	0	0	69,247
2022 (01-January-2022 to 31-May-2022)	52,006	0	0	52,006
<b>Total</b>	<b>244,723</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>244,723</b>

<u>Ex-ante emissions reductions /removals</u>	<u>Achieved emissions reductions /removals</u>	<u>Percent difference</u>	<u>Justification for the difference</u>
51,560	21,907	-58%	Electricity productions and thence, emission reductions in year 2019 (01-August-2019 to 31-December-2019) are calculated by considering last months of the year. The difference in emission reduction and estimated emission reduction in these months, when production is expected to be low, is normal.
123,340	101,563	-18%	It is observable that there are drastic decreases and increases in the velocity of the river course with the effect of rainfall. The difference is quite in agreement with estimated emission reductions.
113,726	69,247	-39%	For the drop in the electricity generation of project activity in 2021-year, data, and studies on changes in the related river course may not be available. But the graph of 'Yearly Rainfall and Rain Days Averages' for Mersin region is accessible via <a href="#">link</a> . We can easily observe the rainfall amount of 2021 year Therefore, it is observable that there are drastic decreases and increases in the velocity of the river course with the effect of rainfall apart from the other factors such as such as freezing in the river due to the climate condition of related area. The difference in 2021 year -where electricity production has decreased significantly due to climate change in this project activity- is normal since rainfall amount is seriously decreased in related year.

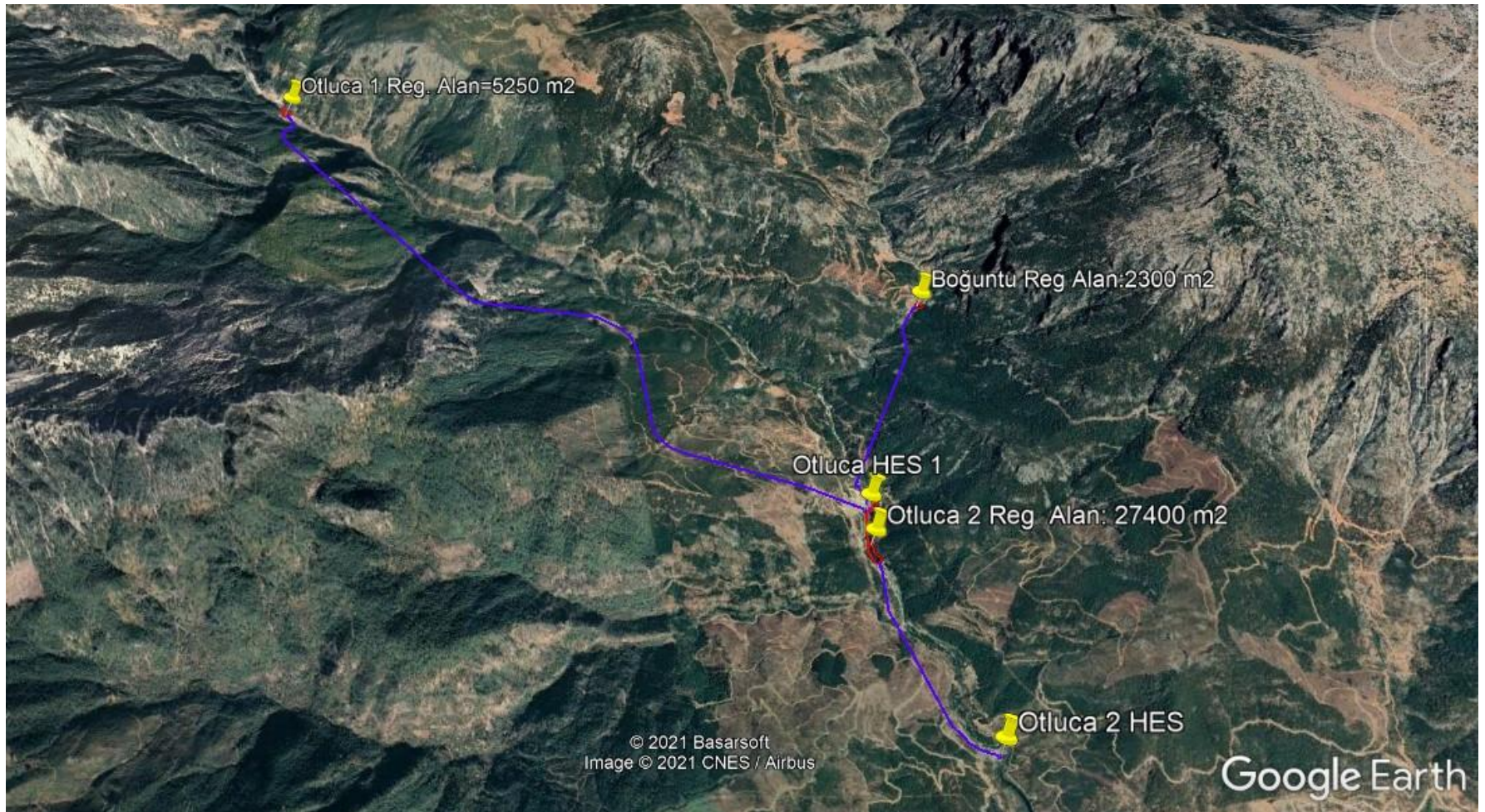
<b>45,679</b>	52,006	14%	Electricity productions and thence, emission reductions in year 2022 (01-January-2022 to 31-May-2022) are calculated by considering first months of the year. The difference in emission reduction and estimated emission reduction in these months, when production is expected to be high, is normal.
<b>334,305</b>	244,723	-27%	Despite the decreasing precipitation due to climate change, it is obvious that the estimated value for emission reductions do not cause serious differences despite the low amount of precipitation.

# APPENDIX 1: < MONTHLY ELECTRICITY GENERATION DATA >

Months		Electricity supplied to the grid (MWh) (1)	Electricity consumption from the grid (MWh) (2)	Net electricity supplied to the grid[MWh] (3) =(1)-(2)
01-Aug-2019	31-Aug-2019	7,423.54	0.01	7,423.53
01-Sep-2019	30-Sep-2019	5,300.86	0.00	5,300.86
01-Oct-2019	31-Oct-2019	4,343.37	0.01	4,343.36
01-Nov-2019	30-Nov-2019	4,424.50	0.00	4,424.50
01-Dec-2019	31-Dec-2019	18,404.69	0.00	18,404.69
<b>Sum 2019</b>		<b>39,896.96</b>	<b>0.02</b>	<b>39,896.94</b>
01-Jan-2020	31-Jan-2020	16,103.13	0.03	16,103.10
01-Feb-2020	29-Feb-2020	22,242.81	0.06	22,242.75
01-Mar-2020	31-Mar-2020	30,681.47	0.04	30,681.43
01-Apr-2020	30-Apr-2020	31,463.08	0.00	31,463.08
01-May-2020	31-May-2020	31,775.59	0.00	31,775.59
01-Jun-2020	30-Jun-2020	16,143.63	0.01	16,143.62
01-Jul-2020	31-Jul-2020	8,195.71	0.00	8,195.71
01-Aug-2020	31-Aug-2020	5,062.33	0.08	5,062.25
01-Sep-2020	30-Sep-2020	3,876.95	0.21	3,876.74
01-Oct-2020	31-Oct-2020	4,228.91	0.00	4,228.91
01-Nov-2020	30-Nov-2020	3,755.91	0.00	3,755.91
01-Dec-2020	31-Dec-2020	11,435.12	0.01	11,435.11
<b>Sum 2020</b>		<b>184,964.64</b>	<b>0.44</b>	<b>184,964.20</b>
01-Jan-2021	31-Jan-2021	10,547.76	0.00	10,547.76
01-Feb-2021	28-Feb-2021	17,916.71	0.00	17,916.71
31-Mar-2021	31-Mar-2021	22,397.58	0.01	22,397.57
01-Apr-2021	30-Apr-2021	29,321.14	0.00	29,321.14
01-May-2021	31-May-2021	22,189.66	0.00	22,189.66
01-Jun-2021	30-Jun-2021	7,622.35	0.00	7,622.35
01-Jul-2021	31-Jul-2021	4,981.02	0.00	4,981.02
01-Aug-2021	31-Aug-2021	3,736.26	0.00	3,736.26
01-Sep-2021	30-Sep-2021	2,892.59	0.00	2,892.59
01-Oct-2021	31-Oct-2021	2,870.06	0.01	2,870.05
01-Nov-2021	30-Nov-2021	4,374.26	0.00	4,374.26
01-Dec-2021	31-Dec-2021	10,606.95	0.00	10,606.95
<b>Sum 2021</b>		<b>139,456.34</b>	<b>0.02</b>	<b>139,456.32</b>
01-Jan-2022	31-Jan-2022	16,197.75	0.00	16,197.75
01-Feb-2022	28-Feb-2022	15,467.93	0.00	15,467.93

<i>01-Mar-2022</i>	<i>31-Mar-2022</i>	17,517.16	0.00	17,517.16
<i>01-Apr-2022</i>	<i>30-Apr-2022</i>	31,535.35	0.00	31,535.35
<i>31-May-2022</i>	<i>31-May-2022</i>	31,946.61	0.00	31,946.61
<i>Sum 2022</i>		112,664.80	0.00	112,664.80
<i>Total Sum</i>		476,982.74	0.48	476,982.26

## APPENDIX 2: < RESERVOIR AREA >



## APPENDIX 3: < GENERATION LICENSE >

