

ANNEX AK – POA DESIGN CONSULTATION REPORT TEMPLATE

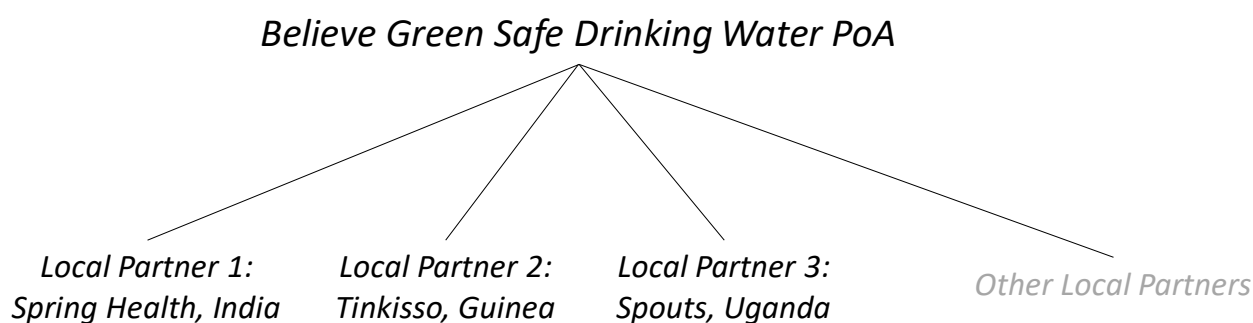
PoA Design Consultation Report

Believe Green Safe Drinking Water

General overview

This document is the PoA Design Consultation Report for the PoA ‘Believe Green Safe Drinking Water’.

As described in the PDD, this PoA includes a number of distinct technologies being used in different regions around the world. The diagram below shows a schematic overview of the overall PoA. More precisely, the PoA includes three projects operated by local partners in three different countries. A number of VPAs will be added under each local partner. For completeness, in the diagram we added a fourth group labeled ‘Other Local Partners’ to indicate that other technologies or local partners may be included in the future.



Structure of this report. We carried out separate Stakeholder Consultations for each of the above ‘local partners’. For more clarity, we present them separately in this report. In each case, we used the Gold Standard Template (Annex AK), but we repeated its structure for each local partner, as can be seen in the Table of Contents in the next page (i.e. under each local partner we repeat the original table of contents in the template Annex AK). Also, for easier reading and audit, the Table of Contents has hyperlinks to easily access each section in this document.

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Technology I – Tinkisso, Guinea

SECTION A. PROGRAMME DESCRIPTION

A. 1. Name and purpose of the Programme

Programme name: Believe Green Safe Drinking Water

Programme purpose: The purpose of this Programme of Activities is to reduce fuel consumption, such as wood, as it is traditionally used to boil water to make it safe to drink. This is done by offering low income populations affordable and easily accessible treated water that is safe to drink. This leads to carbon emission reductions that are approved to be Gold Standard certified under the methodology: “Technologies and Practices to Displace Decentralized Thermal Energy Consumption”¹. Since the people served by the PoA usually use inefficient cook stoves that cause large amounts of smoke leading to respiratory diseases, the project also has significant health co-benefits. Also, the PoA generates significant employment and income opportunities for the local villagers, who are invited to join the project across the production and delivery chain.

A. 2. Geographic boundary of the Programme

Country – Republic of Guinea

State – Initially, activities will focus on the prefecture of Kindia and will then expand to the rest of the country.

Town/Village – The project is spread across several villages in Guinea, with the intention to cover the entire geographical area of the country. Please refer to the VPAs for individual villages included.

Local Partner – Tinkisso. Please refer to section C.2 of the PoA-DD for a more details.

¹¹ http://www.goldstandard.org/sites/default/files/revised-tpddtec-methodology_april-2015_final-clean.pdf

A. 3. Tentative start date of the Programme

The project is already operational on the ground. See section A.5 for more details on the PoA status.

The start date of Tinkisso's project is December 23, 2014, when the company was officially registered (formally: Tinkisso-Antenna Sarl²).

A. 4. Programme eligibility under The Gold Standard

According to *Annex C – Guidance on Project Eligibility*, the present project is eligible because it falls under the project type 'End-user Energy Efficiency':

- The project reduces the amount of energy required to provide safe drinking water: by using a low energy filtration and electro-chlorination at the point of sale, water no longer needs to be boiled at the point of use, at people's homes, thus reducing energy use by the end user.
- The quality of service is not reduced, as end users still have access to safe drinking water.

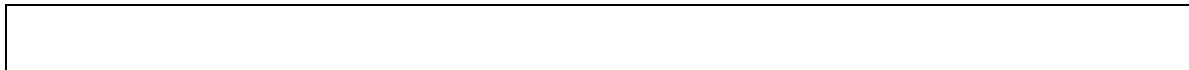
A. 5. Current status of the Programme

As mentioned in section A.3, the project is operational on the ground in Guinea. A first pilot to demonstrate the viability and eligibility of the approach was registered under the Gold Standard as a micro-scale project in India (Project title: Believe Green Spring Health Tankol Safe Drinking Water – Project ID: GS4205).

The purpose of this micro-scale PoA is to incorporate Tinkisso into the programme, and to follow the growth of the Tinkisso project on the ground and add new VPAs as new villages and Health Centers are added to the operations on the ground.

The general structure of the project, such as its monitoring methodology, will mirror the structure of the existing standalone micro scale project GS4205, and adapted where necessary.

² Société à responsabilité limitée.



SECTION B. DESIGN OF STAKEHOLDER CONSULTATION PROCESS

Since activities on the ground are already operational, as described in section A.5, this PoA is being registered as retroactive, so no Stakeholder Consultation meeting was carried out prior to the start of the project activity.

However, many stakeholders are involved in and impacted by the project activity, so we have collected feedback, comments and suggestions from them. The following sections show who we contacted, how we contacted them, and summarize the feedback we collected.

B.1. Description of the consultation methods

We identified a few dozen stakeholders. This included two groups: national stakeholders as well as stakeholders from international organizations and NGOs that support Tinkisso in a variety of forms.

We sent an introductory email to all stakeholders. This included a link to a dedicated webpage³ with details of the project, including three videos.

The webpage included a form to submit comments. Comments could also be submitted by email to info@believegreen.org.

Since the official language in Guinea is French, all the documentation was prepared in French (we reproduce it below with translations in English)

Below is the email we sent to the stakeholders:

Nous venons auprès de votre bienveillance, solliciter votre contribution.

En effet, nous apprécierons que vous donniez votre point de vue sur les activités de l'ONG Tinkisso dans le cadre de la lutte contre les maladies hydriques, notamment la production du chlore et la promotion du traitement de l'eau et lavage des mains.

Votre réaction dans les plus brefs délais serait hautement appréciée, nous permettant ainsi de satisfaire l'un des points de certification lié à la demande de crédit carbone.

Il suffit d'aller sur le lien <http://www.believegreen.org/copy-of-tinkisso-lsc>, et répondre aux questions "Commentaires des parties prenantes" au bas de page.

Cordialement.

Below is the translation into English:

³ <http://www.believegreen.org/copy-of-tinkisso-lsc> (password: consultation)

Dear Stakeholder,

We come to your benevolence and solicit your contribution.

We would like you to give your views on the activities of the NGO Tinkisso in the fight against water-borne diseases, in particular the production of chlorine and the promotion of water treatment and handwashing.

Your reaction as soon as possible would be highly appreciated, thus enabling us to meet one of the certification points related to the demand for carbon credit.

Please go to the link <http://www.believgreen.org/copy-of-tinkisso-lsc>, and answer the questions in the form "Stakeholder comments" at the bottom of the page.

Cordially.

The box below shows the form used to obtain the comments by the stakeholders. This is included at the bottom of the stakeholder consultation webpage.

Commentaires des parties prenantes

* Required

Nom et surnom *

Your answer

Institution

Your answer

Rôle

Your answer

Numéro de téléphone

Your answer

Adresse e-mail

Your answer

Commentaires *

Your answer

SUBMIT

Never submit passwords through Google Forms.

B.2. Non-technical summary of the Programme

A webpage was created to provide the non-technical summary of the programme:
<http://www.believgreen.org/copy-of-tinkisso-lsc>.

The boxes below show a copy of the introduction section of the Consultation webpage that stakeholders were invited to visit:

Consultation Locale de Parties Prenantes

(Local Stakeholder Consultation)



Projet Believe Green-Tinkisso pour la désinfection de l'eau, République de Guinée

Believe Green et Tinkisso souhaitent vous inviter à participer à la Consultation Locale de parties prenantes et à nous envoyer vos suggestions sur le "Projet Believe Green-Tinkisso pour la désinfection de l'eau" in Kindia, Guinée.

Les études montrent que seulement le 12% de ménages en Guinée ont l'accès à un approvisionnement sûr en eau potable à la maison (eau courante) [1]. Pour rendre l'eau potable avant de la boire, beaucoup de familles doivent bouillir l'eau en employant le bois, le charbon ou d'autres biomasses proviennent de sources non-renouvelables. Beaucoup d'autres familles continuent à boire l'eau sans la désinfecter parce qu'elles ignorent les risques pour la santé.

Pour relever ce défi, Tinkisso a développé un modèle d'entreprise novateur pour la fabrication et la commercialisation des flasques de Chlore'C. Les bénéficiaires du programme de Tinkisso sont familles à revenus modestes qui ont la possibilité d'acheter la chlorine à un prix abordable et donc de désinfecter l'eau avant de la boire.

Cependant, un facteur qui limite la croissance de Tinkisso est l'accès à des capitaux. Pour surmonter cet obstacle, Tinkisso a établi un partenariat avec Believe Green (BG) pour certifier les réductions d'émission de carbone résultant de l'utilisation de la chlorine, qui permet de désinfecter l'eau sans la bouillir. La vente des crédits carbone peut générer des revenus supplémentaires qui permettra à Tinkisso d'accélérer sa croissance et atteindre d'autres communautés dans le Pays.

La Consultation Locale de parties prenantes est une étape très important pour l'avancement de la certification. Nous apprécierions grandement votre collaboration et sollicitons votre participation pour la compléter. Le but de cette consultation est de donner aux parties prenantes une occasion d'exprimer leurs avis personnel sur les impacts positifs et négatifs des activités de Tinkisso. Vous pouvez envoyer votre observations en utilisant le formulaire de contact ci-dessous ou en envoyant un courriel à l'adresse suivant: info@believegreen.org.

Si vous voulez plus d'informations sur le modèle d'entreprise et sur les activités de Tinkisso ou sur le processus de certification de les credit carbon de Believe Green, vous pouvez regarder les vidéos ci-dessous.

The webpage also provides detailed and easily digested information via three videos describing: a) Tinkisso's activities, b) technical details on how the chlorine is produced, b) an explanation of Believe Green's carbon finance contribution.

The webpage also includes a form to submit comments, which can also be submitted via email.

As requested by the Gold Standard, the webpage will remain open for at least 60 days starting on the 20th of December 2016

Below we include a translation of the page into English.

Local Stakeholder Consultation



Tinkisso Safe Drinking Water Project, Republic of Guinea

Believe Green and Tinkisso are pleased to invite you to submit your comments for the Local Stakeholder Consultation for the project "Believe Green Tinkisso safe drinking water project" in Kindia, Guinea.

Studies show that only 12% of households in Guinea have access to safe drinking water at home (tap water) [1]. To make water safe for drinking, many families boil it, using wood, charcoal or other biomass which comes from non-renewable sources. Many families also are unaware of the health risks and continue to drink unsafe water.

To help address this challenge, Tinkisso has developed an innovative business approach whereby it manufactures and distributes Chlore'C chlorine flasks that are then used by low income families to purify and disinfect their drinking water at home.

However, a limiting factor for Tinkisso to accelerate its growth is access to investments and capital. To help overcome this obstacle, Tinkisso has partnered with Believe Green (BG) to certify the carbon emission reductions arising from avoided boiling of water to make it safe to drink. The resulting carbon credits generate a much needed source of additional revenue that allows Tinkisso to accelerate its growth and reach more communities across Guinea.

As part of the carbon certification process, we would greatly appreciate your participation and support in this stakeholder consultation to help advance this project. The purpose of the consultation is to discuss positive and negative impacts of Tinkisso's activities and to give stakeholders and the general public an opportunity to express their views. You can submit your comments in the contact form below or by emailing us at info@believegreen.org.

For more information on Tinkisso's business model and activities or Believe Green's carbon finance process, please check the videos below.

B.3. Invitation tracking table

The table below summarizes the stakeholders that were invited and responded to our consultation. Section C.1 includes detailed comments from each of the respondents.

Category	Institution	Name and Surname	Method of invitation	Date of invitation	Responded?
A	Tinkisso ONG	camara Aboubacar Sidiki	Email + weblink	20-Dec-16	Yes
F	UNICEF	Sekou soumaoro	Email + weblink	20-Dec-16	Yes
D	Consultant	Traore Sékou	Email + weblink	20-Dec-16	Yes
D		DIOP Abdoulaye Isaac	Email + weblink	20-Dec-16	Yes
D	Population Services International - PSI	Leonardo Shamamba Kinyungu	Email + weblink	20-Dec-16	Yes
D	sabari fm	koivoguiKolouba	Email + weblink	20-Dec-16	Yes
D	FaDJeB International Consulting	BAH Mamadou	Email + weblink	20-Dec-16	Yes
F	UNICEF WCARO	Kadjo Yao	Email + weblink	20-Dec-16	Yes
D	Plan international Guinee	Gassimou Diallo	Email + weblink	20-Dec-16	Yes
D	ONG Sauvons l'Environnement Guinéen	CISSE Mamadi Fatoumata	Email + weblink	20-Dec-16	Yes
A	Tinkisso	Mariama Berete	Email + weblink	20-Dec-16	Yes
B	Ministère de la Santé- Direction Nationale de l'Hygiène Publique	HOUNDJO Bienvenu	Email + weblink	20-Dec-16	Yes
B	Ministere des Affaires Etrangeres et des Guinéens de l'Etranger	Conté Fatoumata	Email + weblink	20-Dec-16	Yes
D	Internews	SY Mariam	Email + weblink	20-Dec-16	Yes
A	Tinkisso	Siga Camara	Email + weblink	20-Dec-16	Yes
B	Direction Regionale de la santé de Kindia	Dr Zoumanigui Antoine	Email + weblink	20-Dec-16	Yes
A	Tinkisso SA	Mariama Berete	Email + weblink	20-Dec-16	Yes
A	Tinkisso	Diakité Mariama	Email + weblink	20-Dec-16	Yes
A	Tinkisso	Camara paul	Email + weblink	20-Dec-16	Yes
A	Tinkisso	Diallo Kadiatou	Email + weblink	20-Dec-16	Yes
A	Tinkisso-Antenna	Sylla Mohamed	Email + weblink	20-Dec-16	Yes
A	Tinkisso	Barry Boubacar	Email + weblink	20-Dec-16	Yes
F	Enfance Du Globe	Camara Mohamed II	Email + weblink	20-Dec-16	Yes
A	Tinkisso	GHARE fatoumata	Email + weblink	20-Dec-16	Yes
C	Ministère de l'Environnement, des Eaux et Forêts	Mr. Abdel Kader Bangoura	Email + weblink	24-Jan-17	No
C	Ministère de l'Environnement, des Eaux et Forêts	Mr. Abou Cisse	Email + weblink	24-Jan-17	No
C	Ministère de l'Environnement, des Eaux et Forêts	Mme. Oumou Doumbouya	Email + weblink	24-Jan-17	No
F	University of St Gallen	Urs Heierli	Email + weblink	24-Jan-17	Yes
F	Antenna Foundation, Geneva	Fanny Boulloud	Email + weblink	24-Jan-17	Yes

B.4. Level of consultation

We will carry out a separate **Programme level LSC** for each country included in the PoA.

In other words, since we are including three countries in the PoA, we will carry out three separate Programme Level LSCs. (If in the future we include an additional country, we will carry out an additional and separate LSC).

More precisely, we will carry out a Programme level LSC specifically for Tinkisso in Guinea. Local partners in other countries, such as Spring Health in India, will have their own dedicated Programme Level LSC.

The Annex provides a detailed justification for undertaking a separate Programme level LSC for each country.

Also, please refer to section C.2 of the PoA-DD for a more details.

SECTION C. OUTCOME OF THE CONSULTATION PROCESS

C.1. Assessment of comments

Below we present a table with the complete feedback received from our stakeholders.

Most responses were in French, so we added a column with a translation in English.

Name and Surname	Comments (in French)	Comments (English translation)
camara Aboubacar Sidiki	Madames/Mrs, Bonsoir, étant Directeur Exécutif et partenaire de ce projet, je pense que la certification de ce projet améliorerait d'avantage l'accès à de l'eau de qualité au moins 300 000 personnes supplémentaires dans la zone d'intervention à travers le renforcement du marketing social et l'ouverture de points de vente de proximité au niveau communautaire.	Madams / Mrs, Good evening, being Executive Director and partner of this project, I believe that the certification of this project improved access to quality water at least 300 000 additional people in the zone of intervention to Through the strengthening of social marketing and the opening of local outlets at the community level.

<p>Sekou soumaoro</p>	<p>Tinkisso a grandement participé à l'amélioration des conditions de vie de la population en Guinée à travers la production du chlore C localement, et reste un partenaire privilégié pour l'UNICEF à travers son programme WASH pour l'accès à l'eau potable aux familles en Guinée, Tinkisso a beaucoup amélioré ces services en augmentant sa capacité de production pendant la lutte contre MVE, et continu à fournir à nos familles.</p> <p>Nous demandons à Tinkisso de beaucoup communiquer sur les bonnes pratiques familiales et de l'utilisation et le traitement de l'eau dans les ménages.</p> <p>Nous encourageons ce programme dans l'objectif d'avoir l'eau potable dans les 88% des familles qui n'ont pas encore accès à l'eau potable.</p>	<p>"Tinkisso has greatly contributed to the improvement of the living conditions of the population in Guinea through the production of chlorine C locally and remains a privileged partner for UNICEF through its WASH program for access to drinking water Families in Guinea, Tinkisso has greatly improved these services by increasing its production capacity during the fight against MVE, and continues to provide our families.</p> <p>We ask Tinkisso to communicate much about good family practices and the use and treatment of water in households.</p> <p>We encourage this program to have drinking water in the 88% of families who do not yet have access to drinking water. "</p>
<p>Traore Sékou</p>	<p>Tinkisso est une ONG nationale qui contribue efficacement dans l'amélioration de l'état de santé des populations en guinée dans le cadre TED.</p>	<p>Tinkisso is a national NGO that contributes effectively to the improvement of the health status of the populations in Guinea within the framework of TED.</p>
<p>DIOP Abdoulaye Isaac</p>	<p>Durant mon séjour à Conakry j'ai constaté que la distribution de l'eau potable faisait défaut et surtout à l'intérieur du pays. Vu que le pouvoir d'achat des populations reste relativement faible comme la plupart des pays tiers monde il n'est pas toujours facile de se payer quotidiennement de l'eau minéral pour toute une famille c'est dans ce sens d'ailleurs que pas mal de ménage que nous avons approché nous ont conseillé d'utiliser le chlore C fabriqué par Tinkisso pour pouvoir consommer les eaux de puits et l'eau de SEG sans risque. Sans se tromper nous pouvons dire que l'ONG Tinkisso participe à la disponibilité de l'eau potable donc participe activement à l'amélioration d'une part des conditions de vie car l'eau est indispensable à la vie et d'autre part au système de santé car la consommation d'une eau de qualité douteuse pour ne pas dire saine peut favoriser la prolifération de pas mal de maladies qui se manifestent souvent par une diarrhée intensive. Cependant nous suggérons à Tinkisso Antenna de parfaire davantage la sensibilisation sur les bienfaits de ses produits et de travailler en collaboration avec les ministères concernés sur un programme d'installation de mini forage dans les villages pour permettre aux familles de bénéficier d'une eau saine.</p>	<p>"During my stay in Conakry I noticed that the distribution of drinking water was lacking and especially in the interior of the country. It is not always easy to pay daily mineral water for a whole family is in this sense besides that a lot of household we approached advised us to use the chlorine C manufactured by Tinkisso to be able to drink water from SEG without risk. Without being mistaken, we can say that the NGO Tinkisso participates in the availability of drinking water and therefore actively participates in the improvement of part of the living conditions because water is essential to life and, on the other hand, to the health system because the consumption of water of doubtful or even healthy quality can promote the proliferation of many illnesses, which often manifest themselves as intensive diarrhea. However, we suggest to Tinkisso Antenna to improve the awareness of the benefits of its products and to work with the relevant ministry on a mini-drilling program in the villages to allow the families to benefit from clean water . "</p>

<p>Leonardo Shamamba Kinyungu</p>		<p>I really appreciated Tinkisso project to secure safe water both for direct consumption and for hand washing stations during Ebola epidemic. On one hand, safe water for consumption using "Chlore C" is a great way to reduce waterborne diseases and Tinkisso has done a great job on this; on the other hand, the use of chlore 5% produced by Tinkisso on behalf of PSI to supply hand washing stations has greatly contributed to stop the Ebola epidemic in Guinea. The use of both "Chlore C" and Chlore 5% helps reducing the risk to release carbon in the air, thus greatly contributing to save the environment. Therefore, I really recommend any support to Tinkisso to sustain this great innovation with dual benefit: health improvement and environment protection.</p>
<p>koivoguiloulouba</p>	<p>Il est vraie que la qualité du chlore produit par tinkisso est appréciée. Cependant je pense qu'il est souhaitable de revoir à la baisse le prix du petit bidon de chlore cela pourrait peut être passé par la diminution du volume . Ensuite explore la piste de vente de l'eau minérale puis e que vs avez déjà suffisamment d'expertise dans le domaine . Ce qui pourrait aider l'ONG à accroitre ses revenus et d'avantage aider la population; je suppose que vs n'etes pas aussi assez présente en milieu rural etc,,,/ Pensez aussi à changer le format du bidon</p>	<p>It is true that the quality of the chlorine produced by tinkisso is appreciated. However I think it is desirable to revise down the price of the small can of chlorine this could possibly be passed by the decrease in volume. Then explore the track of selling mineral water then e that vs already have enough expertise in the field. This could help the NGO to increase its income and help the population; I guess vs not as fairly present in rural etc ,,,, / Also think about changing the format of the can</p>
<p>BAH Mamadou</p>	<p>l'ONG Tinkisso, a contribué d'une manière significative à la lutte contre le Choléra et l'Ebola en Guinée. Comment? En mettant à la disposition des populations, des Organisations internationales, de l'Etat Guinéen et des PME la solution de Chlore (Chlore C) et son expertise. Dans mon quartier, depuis que nous avons commencé à utiliser le Chlore C de l'ONG Tinkisso, la santé de nos enfants s'est nettement améliorée. L'ONG Tinkisso est une ONG qui mérite une attention particulière des bailleurs de fonds et de l'Etat Guinéen. Car c'est une ONG à mon entendement d'utilité publique. Donc, tous les bailleurs de fonds sérieux, ayant pour objectif l'amélioration de la santé des populations, doivent contribuer à assister financièrement, matériellement et techniquement cette ONG dont le modèle pourra servir à d'autres pays de notre planète terre. Je pense que les bailleurs de fonds doivent directement contacter les Responsables de cette ONG, afin de pouvoir mieux connaître ses forces et faiblesses réelles, pour apporter un soutien adéquat dans le but de pouvoir maintenir son développement durable pour le bien être des populations de la Guinée et dans un avenir proche celles de la sous région.</p>	<p>The NGO Tinkisso, made a significant contribution to the fight against Cholera and Ebola in Guinea. How? By providing the Chlorine solution (Chlorine C) and its expertise to the populations, International Organizations, the State of Guinea and SMEs. In my neighborhood, since we started using Chlorine C from the NGO Tinkisso, our children's health has improved dramatically. The NGO Tinkisso is an NGO that deserves special attention from donors and the Guinean State. Because it is an NGO to my understanding of public utility. Therefore, all serious funders, aiming to improve the health of populations, must help to financially, materially and technically assist this NGO whose model can be used for other countries of our planet earth. I think that the donors should directly contact the Heads of this NGO, in order to better know its real strengths and weaknesses, to provide adequate support in order to be able to maintain its sustainable development for the wellbeing of the populations of Guinea And in the near future those of the sub-region.</p>

Kadjo Yao	<p>Tinkisso a acquis ses lettres de noblesse grâce à son expertise et son savoir faire en matière de traitement de l'eau de boisson. Les produits de Tinkisso ont été très utiles dans la reductions des maladies hydriques notamment le cholera et l'ebola en Guinée. Tinkisso a atteint la dimension internationale et doit oeuvrer pour son expansion dans la sous region ouest africaine. Nos voeux l'accompagnent.</p>	<p>Tinkisso has acquired its reputation thanks to its expertise and know-how in the treatment of drinking water. Tinkisso products have been very useful in reducing water-borne diseases such as cholera and ebola in Guinea. Tinkisso has an international dimension and should work for its expansion in the West African sub region. Our vows accompany her.</p>
Gassimou Diallo	<p>Tinkisso à travers ces produits à fortement contribué dans le processus d'accès à l'eau potable dans le pays tant au niveau rural qu'urbain. Et pendant l'épidémie à virus évolua ces produits ont servi à travers le lavage des mains et le traitement de l'eau à fortement contribué à lutte contre l'épidémie dans les ménages et espaces publics dont les écoles et Le lieux religieux.</p> <p>La République de Guinée avec le déficit des services publics dont l'agence de l'eau qui a du mal à donné de l'eau potable aux populations à encore besoin de cette institution pour augmenter sa capacité de production pour toucher tous le pays dont les zones enclavées du Pays à travers la sensibilisation et la mise à disposition des produits.</p> <p>Soutenir Cette structure c'est de contribué à soutenir la santé de la population les femmes et les enfants en particuliers.</p>	<p>Tinkisso through these products strongly contributed in the process of access to drinking water in the country both at rural and urban level. And during the virus epidemic evolved these products have served through handwashing and The treatment of water has greatly contributed to the fight against the epidemic in households and public spaces including schools and religious places.</p> <p>The Republic of Guinea with the deficit of public services including the agency of the water which has difficulty to give drinking water to the populations still need this institution to increase its capacity of production to reach all the country whose Enclaved areas of the country through awareness raising and the availability of products.</p> <p>Support This structure has contributed to supporting the health of the population women and children in particular.</p>
CISSE Mamadi Fatoumata	<p>Je dirais oui , tinkisso m'a sauver et son service m'a permis d'éviter les maladies comme le choléra et l'ébola car j'utilise régulièrement les solutions chlores. J'apprécie le travail de Tinkisso dans le cadre de l'amélioration de l'accès des populations Guinéennes à l'Eau Potable, je suggère la décentralisation de la production des solutions de chlore et autres procédés de traitement de l'eau dans les campagnes et communes rurales.</p>	<p>I would say yes, tinkisso saved me and his service allowed me to avoid diseases like cholera and ebola because I regularly use chlorine solutions. I appreciate the work of Tinkisso in the context of improving the access of Guinean populations to drinking water, I suggest the decentralization of the production of chlorine solutions and other water treatment processes in the countryside And rural communities.</p>
Mariama Berete	<p>En effet Oui, Tinkisso a considérablement amélioré mes conditions de vie, notamment par le traitement de l'eau à domicile.</p> <p>En effet depuis que j'utilise le chlore C concentré, mon achat de l'eau en sachet s'est arrêté.Cela a considérablement réduit la pollution de mon environnement par les sachets plastics d'eau vide et rendu l'accès à l'eau potable par tous les membres de ma famille et mon voisinage.En plus de ces aspects,cette forme d'eau traitée a réduit mes dépenses en eau minérale.</p>	<p>Indeed Yes, Tinkisso has greatly improved my living conditions, especially by treating water at home.</p> <p>Indeed since I use chlorine concentrate, my purchase of water in sachet has stopped. This has considerably reduced the pollution of my environment by the plastic sachets of empty water and made access to the Drinking water by all members of my family and my neighborhood. In addition to these aspects, this form of treated water has reduced my mineral water expenses.</p>

<p>HOUNDJO Bienvenu</p>	<p>Prenant en compte le rapport coût et efficacité ainsi que les aspects liés à la préservation de l'environnement, cette technique de traitement de l'eau de boisson demeure la mieux indiquée pour nos populations. Ce procéder est simple et très pratique pour les communautés.</p>	<p>Taking into account the cost-effectiveness and the environmental aspects, this drinking water treatment technique remains the most appropriate for our populations. This is simple and very practical for communities.</p>
<p>Conté Fatoumata</p>	<p>L'eau est une source de vie. Cette eau peut être aussi source de beaucoup de maladies ce qui est le cas en Guinée. Pour ma part, depuis ma découverte et adhésion à l'utilisation permanente et quotidienne du chlore, je constate beaucoup de changements positifs sur ma santé et celle de ma famille. Etant satisfaite, je suggère que Tinkisso obtienne pour une forte et large sensibilisation sur les bienfaits du Chlore, tout en assurant sa distribution sur toute l'étendue du territoire afin que les conditions d'hygiène de la population guinéenne s'améliorent. Merci!</p>	<p>Water is a source of life. This water can also be a source of many diseases, which is the case in Guinea. For my part, since my discovery and adherence to the permanent and daily use of chlorine, I have seen many positive changes in my health and that of my family. Being satisfied, I suggest that Tinkisso obtain a strong and broad awareness of the benefits of Chlorine, while ensuring its distribution throughout the entire territory so that the hygiene conditions of the Guinean population is improved. Thank you!</p>
<p>SY Mariam</p>	<p>Pour lutter contre plusieurs maladies liées à l'eau, l'ONG Tinkisso a apporté son aide à la population guinéenne à plus d'un titre. Les familles qui utilisent le chlore C à bon escient se plaignent de moins en moins des maladies liées à l'eau. Cependant, tenant compte de certains facteurs liés au sous ou surdosage du chlore C par certains consommateurs, je propose que Tinkisso mette en place des petits sachets ou flasques de chlore C qui seraient équivalents au dosage d'un bidon d'eau de vingt litres par exemple. A défaut, je crois qu'il serait nécessaire de mettre en place des agents communautaires pour expliquer les bienfaits du chlore C et convaincre plus de ménages à utiliser le produit. Je pense également à la production de (l'EAU TINKISSO) à consommation directe comme le font, par exemple, Coyahyé ou Cristal.</p>	<p>To combat several water-related diseases, the NGO Tinkisso has helped the Guinean population in more ways than one. Families who use chlorine C in a good way are complaining less and less about diseases related to water. However, taking into account certain factors related to the under- or overdosage of chlorine by certain consumers, I propose that Tinkisso put in place small sachets or flasks of chlorine which would be equivalent to the dosage of a water can of twenty liters for example. Otherwise, I think it would be necessary to set up community agents to explain the benefits of chlorine and convince more households to use the product. I also think of the production of (EAU TINKISSO) with direct consumption as do, for example, Coyahyé or Cristal.</p>

Siga Camara	Moi je pense que de projet est une bonne initiative pour les communautés et l'environnement. Quand nous observons de plus près la situation au niveau des populations en zone rurale, qui n'ont ni accès à l'eau potable et aux infrastructures d'assainissement, je dis que la chloration à domicile est une opportunité à saisir. Les crédits carbonés une fois obtenue je pense, permettrons à l'institution d'élargir son champ d'action avec la couverture d'un plus grand nombre de ménage. Je vous en remercie.	I think project is a good initiative for communities and the environment. When we look more closely at the situation in rural areas that do not have access to clean water and sanitation facilities, I say that home chlorination is an opportunity. The carbon credits once obtained I think, will allow the institution to expand its field of action with the coverage of a larger number of households. I thank you.
Dr Zoumanigui Antoine	Ma région(kindia) à été par le passé le siège de l'épidémie du choléra en particulier, et en générale de toutes les maladies liées a l'eau.le seul moyen conseillé a la population a été de bouillir l'eau pour toute utilisation. Depuis que nous collaborons avec l'ONG TINKISSO pour la fourniture du chlore c,la région n'a enregistré aucune réa parution de cette maladie,il y a de cela plus de cinq années,et la fièvre typhoïde qui empêchait les gens de payer nos fruits n'est plus sujet a inquiétude.Nous souhaitons a cette ONG plus de moyens pour la sauvegarde de la santé de toute la population de notre pays	My region (Kindia) was once the seat of the cholera epidemic in particular, and in general of all water-related diseases. The only recommended way for the population was to boil water for all use. Since we have been working with the NGO TINKISSO for the supply of chlorine, the region has not seen a re-emergence of this disease more than five years ago, and the typhoid fever that prevented people from paying Fruit is no longer a concern.We wish this NGO more ways to safeguard the health of the entire population of our country
Mariama Berete	L'utilisation du chlore'c dans le traitement de l'eau à domicile est salubre pour les populations.D'un côté elle facilite l'accès à l'eau potable aux populations démunies et de l'autre côté elle réduit considérablement l'utilisation de l'eau en sachet qui pollue l'environnement ici en Guinée.	The use of chlorine in the treatment of water in the home is beneficial for the populations. On the one hand, it facilitates access to drinking water for the poor and on the other hand, Use of water in sachets that pollutes the environment here in Guinea.
Diakité Mariama	Tinkisso m'a permis d'améliorer l'état de santé de ma famille en utilisant le chlore'c pour traiter l'eau de boisson afin de nous mettre à l'abri des maladies hydriques. Elle contribue à diminuer la coupe de bois pour faire bouillir l'eau de boisson. Un bon projet pour les communautés bénéficiaire	Tinkisso has allowed me to improve the health of my family by using chlorine'c to treat drinking water in order to put us at the shelter of waterborne diseases. It helps to reduce the cutting of wood to boil the drinking water. A good project for beneficiary communities
Camara paul	le service de tinkisso à améliorer l'état de santé des guineens en général et ma famille en particulier par la production le Chlore'c un désinfectant de qualité pour l'eau de consommation. Ce projet permet de protéger l'environnement par la réduction de la coupe du bois qui, avant était une source pour pour bouillir l'eau de boisson	The tinkisso service to improve the health status of Guineans in general and my family especially by producing Chlore'c a quality disinfectant for drinking water. This project helps protect the environment by reducing the cutting of wood which, before was a source for boiling drinking water
Diallo Kadiatou	Tinkisso à non seulement améliorer l'état de santé de ma famille en mettant à notre disposition le produit Chlore'c, un produit de qualité à un prix abordable pour le traitement de mon eau de boisson et surtout m'a permis de réduire l'utilisation du charbon pour faire bouillir mon eau qui peut favoriser la dégradation de l'environnement.	Tinkisso not only improved the health of my family by providing the Chlore'c product, a quality product at an affordable price for the treatment of my drinking water and, above all, Use of coal to boil my water which can favor the degradation of the environment.

<p>Sylla Mohamed</p>	<p>En introduisant le chlore C dans le traitement de l'eau de boisson cela a pu éviter la coupe abusive des bois pour les communautés bénéficiaires et ils traitent l'eau de boisson sans faire face à la coupe abusive de bois. Un bon projet à soutenir car Tinkisso joue un rôle important dans la protection de l'environnement par le traitement de l'eau de boisson à travers le chlore C et cela à beaucoup aider le guinéens en général et ma famille en particulier afin d'éviter les maladies hydriques.</p>	<p>By introducing chlorine in the treatment of drinking water this has prevented abusive wood cutting for beneficiary communities and they treat drinking water without coping with abusive wood cutting. A good project to support because Tinkisso plays an important role in protecting the environment by treating the drinking water through chlorine and this to help the Guineans in general and my family in particular, Avoid waterborne diseases.</p>
<p>Barry Boubacar</p>	<p>le projet carbone est un atout pour les communautés rurale car il contribue à la réduction de la coupe abusive du bois pour en faire du charbon et améliorer la santé maternelle et infantile. Ce projet permettra non seulement à la protection de l'environnement mais aussi à la réduction des maladies diarrhéiques dans les communautés rurales qui sont exposés à ses menaces.</p>	<p>The carbon project is an asset for rural communities as it helps reduce the abusive cut of wood to make coal and improve maternal and child health. This project will not only protect the environment but also reduce diarrheal diseases in rural communities that are exposed to its threats.</p>
<p>Camara Mohamed II</p>	<p>L'amélioration de condition de vie à travers services/produits de Tinkisso est effective sur le terrain.Selon mon constat et ceux des observateurs,cette effectivité se situe a 2 dimensions :</p> <p>1)Personnelle ou familiale depuis que j'ai commencé(2012) à utiliser le Chlore C dans le traitement de l'eau de boisson,la désinfection des aliments et toilettes mes factures sanitaires ont progressivement diminué au niveau de la famille.</p> <p>2) Collective ou communautaire avant EBOLA les maladies hydriques étaient beaucoup fréquentes en periode hivernale dans les distrcts sanitaire de Kindia y compris Forécariah zone fréquamment touchée par le choléra et Faranah où les enfants sont touchés par les maladies hydriques .Avec la collaboration entre le Ministere en chargé de la santé et Tinkisso qui se traduit par la formation et integration du chlore C comme mesure préventive ces maladies ont beaucoup diminué chez les populations des zones citées .selon les constats et statistiques/rapports de ces formations sanitaires.</p> <p>En periode d'EBOLA , la majorité de la population observait les mesures preventives contre MVE edictées par l'Etat et ses partenaires d'où le service et produit de Tinkisso ont contribué possitivement à l'arret de la maladie surtout en milieu scolaire. Après EBOLA les concessions scolaires des 22 DSEE (Delegation Scolaire de l'Enseignement Elementaire) des DPE de Kerouané,Mandiana,Siquiri et Dinguiraye où nous intervenions utilisent le produit de</p>	<p>The improvement of living conditions through Tinkisso's services / products is effective on the ground. According to my observation and those of the observers, this effectiveness is in two dimensions:</p> <p>1) Personal or family since I started (2012) to use Chlorine C in the treatment of drinking water, disinfection of food and toilets my health bills have gradually decreased at the family level.</p> <p>2) Collective or community before EBOLA waterborne diseases were frequent during the winter period in the health districts of Kindia including Forécariah area frequented by cholera and Faranah where children are affected by water-borne diseases. With the collaboration between the Ministry in And Tinkisso which results in the formation and integration of chlorine C as a preventive measure, these diseases have greatly decreased in the populations of the areas mentioned, according to the findings and statistics / reports of these health facilities.</p> <p>During the EBOLA period, the majority of the population observed the preventive measures against MVE enacted by the State and its partners from where the service and product of Tinkisso have contributed positively to the stopping of the disease especially in school environment.</p> <p>After EBOLA the school concessions of the 22</p>

Tinkisso Chlore C grace à EBOLA d'où l'impact positif en terme de changement de comportement.

SUGGESTIONS:

Pour améliorer son service ou produit Tinkisso doit:

Elargir sa présence physique dans les régions administratives et/ou naturelles du pays en terme d'approvisionnement en produit et d'encadrement communautaire;

Developper des stratégies en collaboration avec les departements ministeriels sensés etre concernés par les domaines d'intervention de TINKISSO en vue de porter son produit/service dans les communautés ou localités vulnérables du pays;

Renforcer sa strategie de communication pour plus de visibilité à travers les radios de proximité qui sont beaucoup écoutées à l'interieur ,un documentaire sur les projets /progrès réalisés , la vulgarisation des affiches/articles et spot de Tinkisso en caractere ou alphabet N'KO pour les régions de kankan,Faranah et N'zérékoré qui regorgent des communautés utilisant ce carectère;

Faire les écoles l'un des sites privilégiés au meme titre que les posts/centres de santé et qui reçoivent les couches les plus vulnérables ;

Doter et outiller les centres de santé des capacités et équipement nécessaires pour l'utilisation / production de chlore à travers les partenaires en vue de pérenniser les acquis

DSEE (School Delegation of the Elementary Education) of the DPEs of Kerouane, Mandiana, Siquiri and Dinguiraye where we are using the product of Tinkisso Chlore C thanks to EBOLA hence the potential impact in term of Changing behaviour.

SUGGESTIONS:

To improve its service or product Tinkisso must:

Expand its physical presence in the administrative and / or natural regions of the country in terms of product supply and community supervision;

To develop strategies in collaboration with the ministerial departments that are supposed to be involved in TINKISSO's areas of intervention in order to bring its product / service to vulnerable communities or localities in the country;

Strengthen its communication strategy for greater visibility through the local radios which are much listened to inside, a documentary on projects / progress made, popularization of posters / articles and spot of Tinkisso in character or alphabet N'KO For the regions of kankan, Faranah and N'zérékoré which are full of communities using this area;

To make the schools one of the privileged sites as well as the posts / health centers and which receive the most vulnerable layers;

Equip and equip health centers with the necessary capacities and equipment for the use / production of chlorine through the partners in order to perpetuate the achievements

<p>GHARE fatoumata</p>	<p>Les services de Tinkisso ont une importance capitale pour la Guinée Ça permis à ce que l'on rend nos eaux de boisson potable à domicile afin d'éradiquer les maladies hydrique. La présence de cette méthode est la meilleur parce qu'elle évite la pollution de l'atmosphère avec l'utilisation des feux de bois. Cette démarche adopter par Tinkisso est meilleur et très facile pour obtenir une eau saine pour tous. Tinkisso à besoins de mesure d'accompagnement pour l'amelioration de ses activités.</p>	<p>The services of Tinkisso are of paramount importance for Guinea</p> <p>This has allowed our drinking water to be made at home to eradicate waterborne diseases. The presence of this method is best because it avoids pollution of the atmosphere with the use of wood fires.</p> <p>This approach adopted by Tinkisso is better and very easy to get healthy water for all.</p> <p>Tinkisso needs accompanying measure for the improvement of its activities.</p>
<p>Urs Heierli</p>	<p>Tinkisso est un cas très intéressant de production de chlore locale et pour passer à une grande échelle. Surtout dans les dernières crises de Cholera et Ebola, Tinkisso a joué un role très important dans l'urgence, mais il faut maintenant aussi regularise les ventes de chlore pour la prévention et pas seulement intervenir dans un mode d'urgence.</p>	<p>Tinkisso is a very interesting case of local chlorine production and to go on a large scale. Especially in the recent crises of Cholera and Ebola, Tinkisso played a very important role in the emergency, but now we must also regulate sales of chlorine for prevention and not only intervene in an emergency mode.</p>
<p>Fanny Boulloud</p>		<p>Tinkisso-Antenna was created in Guinea as a social enterprise with the aim of developing local production of bottles of chlorine disinfectant, in order to offer every household a means of making their water safe to drink. The partnership with our Foundation was reflected in the donation of the resources necessary for the creation of the social enterprise and of WATA electrochlorinators, a technology which enables the production of sodium hypochlorite through electrolysis of salt water. After 5 years of collaboration, Tinkisso-Antenna is now profitable. It is active in five regions and sold over 5.2 million bottles of chlorine in 2015, meeting the needs of 1.4 million consumers in the dry season and 4.7 million in the rainy season, when cholera is a major risk. The work of Tinkisso Antenna is crucial to fit the next 2020 SDGs targets, providing affordable safe water and hygiene local sustainable solutions for all.</p>

C.2. Summary of changes to Programme design based on the stakeholder feedback provided

In our opinion, none of the comments, suggestions or questions received so far requires changes to our Programme design.

Technology II – Spring Health, India

SECTION A. PROGRAMME DESCRIPTION

A. 1. Name and purpose of the Programme

Programme name: Believe Green Safe Drinking Water

Programme purpose: The purpose of this Programme of Activities is to reduce fuel consumption, such as wood, as it is traditionally used to boil water to make it safe to drink. This is done by offering low income populations affordable and easily accessible treated water that is safe to drink. This leads to carbon emission reductions that are approved to be Gold Standard certified under the methodology: “Technologies and Practices to Displace Decentralized Thermal Energy Consumption”⁴⁴. Since the people served by the PoA usually use inefficient cook stoves that cause large amounts of smoke leading to respiratory diseases, the project also has significant health co-benefits. Also, the PoA generates significant employment and income opportunities for the local villagers, who are invited to join the project across the production and delivery chain.

A. 2. Geographic boundary of the Programme

Country – India

State – Orissa

Town/Village – The project is spread across hundreds of villages in Orissa, with the intention to expand to other Indian states. Please refer to the VPAs for individual villages included.

Local Partner – Spring Health. More specifically, this section (i.e. Technology II) of the PoA Design Consultation Report applies specifically to VPAs including villages served by Spring Health in India. VPAs including villages served by other local partners, such as Tinkisso in Guinea, have their own dedicated section in this PoA Design Consultation Report (more details were described in the General Overview on page 1).

⁴⁴ http://www.goldstandard.org/sites/default/files/revised-tpddtec-methodology_april-2015_final-clean.pdf

A. 3. Tentative start date of the Programme

The project is already operational on the ground. See section A.5 for more details on the PoA status.

The start date of the project is January 2014. This is the time when initial investments were deployed to install water purification systems in the first villages included in the project. This process included installing the hardware (including water pumps, tanks, filters etc.), as well as carrying out awareness campaigns in the villages. Villages included in this first batch of installations include Balugaon, Gangadharpur, Arjunpur, Rajiv etc. (See table below). Subsequently, the project expanded geographically to include several dozen villages over the following months and years.

As evidence, the table below is a screenshot from the ‘Sales Tracker’, which is included in the Emission Reductions Calculations spreadsheet. The table shows the water sales in each village in each month. Sales for 16 villages begin in January 2014. The table shows that further villages were added in February 2014, and so on.

Village Name	Jan-14	Feb-14	Mar-14	Apr-14	May-14	Jun-14	Jul-14
Balugaon	14,490	12,460	12,920	12,750	11,460	10,980	10,950
Gangadharpur	13,050	11,890	12,160	13,740	12,320	11,670	11,850
Arjunpur	11,630	11,410	11,550	11,350	10,330	9,580	9,630
Rajiv	10,300	10,770	10,910	9,580	8,830	8,620	8,910
Kishoreprasad	11,330	27,800	29,120	28,340	25,980	24,770	24,900
Sakhigopal	14,640	23,430	23,940	23,850	21,470	20,070	20,470
Nuwasana	8,190	17,430	18,210	9,590	8,740	8,170	8,110
Gambharimund	8,900	11,500	11,850	11,400	10,220	9,630	9,770
Kalikaprasad	8,020	11,540	12,030	12,240	11,480	11,040	11,110
Asarala	7,910	12,170	12,460	13,000	12,570	11,840	12,130
Champagargh	7,600	12,350	13,040	12,570	11,360	10,850	11,140
Purusottampur	7,960	18,810	18,760	18,800	17,110	16,600	16,600
Tangi Sahi	4,960	12,700	12,990	12,770	11,750	10,950	11,140
Chandanpur.	5,450	15,980	16,560	16,360	14,980	13,940	13,660
Pasiapada	2,110	28,620	30,080	29,990	28,190	26,930	27,800
Rajiba	1,080	19,100	19,740	19,980	18,710	18,020	18,050
Baulabandha		7,970	17,690	17,340	15,420	14,720	14,900
NilakanthaPrasad		9,480	22,080	22,580	21,510	20,690	20,780
Nairi		6,670	17,660	17,280	14,910	14,160	14,250
ChakradharPrasad		6,600	17,130	17,420	15,580	14,700	14,790
Narendrapur		6,050	18,080	17,720	16,250	15,610	15,830

A. 4. Programme eligibility under The Gold Standard

According to *Annex C – Guidance on Project Eligibility*, the present project is eligible because it falls under the project type ‘End-user Energy Efficiency’:

- The project reduces the amount of energy required to provide safe drinking water: by using a low energy filtration and electro-chlorination at the point of

sale, water no longer needs to be boiled at the point of use, at people's homes, thus reducing energy use by the end user.

- The quality of service is not reduced, as end users still have access to safe drinking water.

A. 5. Current status of the Programme

As mentioned in section A.3, the project is operational on the ground. A first pilot was registered under the Gold Standard as a micro-scale project (Project title: Believe Green Spring Health Tankol Safe Drinking Water – Project ID: GS4205).

The purpose of this micro-scale PoA is to follow the growth of the project on the ground and add new VPAs as new villages are added to the operations on the ground.

The general structure of the project, such as its monitoring methodology, will mirror the structure of the existing standalone micro scale project GS4205, and adapted where necessary.

SECTION B. DESIGN OF STAKEHOLDER CONSULTATION PROCESS

Since activities on the ground are already operational, as described in section A.5, this PoA is being registered as retroactive, so no Stakeholder Consultation meeting was carried out prior to the start of the project activity.

However, a number of stakeholders are involved in and impacted by the project activity, so we have collected feedback, comments and suggestions from them. The following sections show who we contacted, how we did it, and summarize the feedback we collected.

B.1. Description of the consultation methods

In order to manage the consultation, we created a dedicated webpage⁵. This contains a non-technical introduction to the project, including two videos, as well as a form via which stakeholders can submit comments.

We identified a couple dozen stakeholders and we invited them by email to visit our webpage and to submit their comments via email.

Below is the email we sent to the stakeholders:

Dear Name,

Your contact details were provided to me by Mr. Kishan Nanavati, who is copied in this email.

Spring Health is partnering with Believe Green LLC to certify the carbon credits associated to its operations in Orissa. This will generate a new source of revenues which will strengthen Spring Health and help accelerate its growth, so that it can provide safe drinking water to areas that currently lack it.

As part of the certification process, we are required to carry out a 'Local Stakeholder Consultation'. This is an opportunity to introduce you to the project, share some details but also to allow you to share your views or comments.

For this purpose, we have created a webpage (www.believegreen.org/spring-health-lsc) (Password: consultation) which offers an overview of the project, including a couple of short videos.

At the bottom of the webpage we included a comments form, which you can use to share your views, comments or questions. And you are also welcome to reply directly to this email.

Many thanks,

Federico Gallo

The box below shows the form used to obtain the comments by the stakeholders. This is included at the bottom of the stakeholder consultation webpage.

⁵ <http://www.believegreen.org/spring-health-lsc>

Stakeholder Comments

Please submit your comments on Spring Health's activities using the form below. Thank you.

* Required

Surname / Name *

Your answer

Institution or organization

Your answer

Position at the above institution

Your answer

Phone number

Your answer

Email

Your answer

Comments *

Your answer

SUBMIT

Never submit passwords through Google Forms.

B.2. Non-technical summary of the Programme

Two videos were created to provide the non-technical summary of the Programme in an easily digestible manner. They are presented, together with an invitation for comments, in the following webpage: <http://www.believgreen.org/spring-health-lsc>.

The box below shows a copy of the introduction section of the Consultation webpage that stakeholders were invited to visit:

Local Stakeholder Consultation



Spring Health Safe Drinking Water Project, Orissa, India

Believe Green and Spring Health are pleased to invite you to submit your comments for the Local Stakeholder Consultation for the project "Believe Green Spring Health safe drinking water project" in Orissa, India.

According to official estimations from the Indian National Census 2011, only 32% of Indian households use treated drinking water[1]. To make water safe for drinking, many families boil it, using wood, charcoal or other biomass which comes from non-renewable sources. Many families also are unaware of the health risks and continue to drink unsafe water.

To help address this challenge, Spring Health (SH) has developed an innovative business approach that utilizes a point-of-sale purification and distribution model to sell affordable drinking water to low income families. It has begun its operations in Orissa, India and plans to scale across India.

However, a limiting factor for SH to accelerate its growth is access to investments and capital. To help overcome this obstacle, SH has partnered with Believe Green (BG) to certify the carbon emission reductions arising from avoided boiling of water to make it safe to drink. The resulting carbon credits generate a much needed source of additional revenue that allows Spring Health to accelerate its growth and reach more communities across Orissa and India.

As part of the carbon certification process, we would greatly appreciate your participation and support in this stakeholder consultation to help advance this project. The purpose of the consultation is to discuss positive and negative impacts of Spring Health's activities and to give stakeholders and the general public an opportunity to express their views. You can submit your comments in the contact form below or by emailing us at info@believgreen.org.

For more information on Spring Health's business model and activities or Believe Green's carbon finance process, please check the videos below.

The webpage also provides detailed and easily digested information via two videos describing:

1. Spring Health's activities and history more broadly,
2. an explanation of Believe Green's carbon finance contribution.

The webpage also includes a form to submit comments, which can also be submitted via email.

As requested by the Gold Standard, the webpage was to be open for comments for at least 60 days. Specifically, in our case, it was open from September 15th 2015.

B.3. Invitation tracking table

The 'Invitation Tracking Table' below shows the full list of stakeholders that were contacted.

SL No.	Category Code	Name	Email ID	Stakeholder role	Responded?
1	C	Dr. A. Duraisamy	a.duraisamy@gov.in	Designated National Authority, Ministry of Environment and Forest and Climate Change	n
2	F	Heierli Urs	urs.heierli@msdconsult.ch	Senior Advisor, Antenna Foundation	y
3	F	Fanny Boulloud	fboulloud@antenna.ch	Safe Water Programme Coordinator, Antenna Foundation	y
4	A	KrupaSindhu Paltasingh	epomuna@gmail.com	Entrepreneur	n
5	A	Manoj Pradhan	munamanojpradhan@gmail.com	customer	n
6	A	Manoj Mahapatra	mohapatramanojkumar57@gmail.com	customer	y
7	A	Benudhar Paltasingh	benudhar.paltasingh@gmail.com	Entrepreneur	y
8	A	Arun Behera	arunbehera9861@gmail.com	customer	n
9	A	Prafulla Pujari	sbpkunal@gmail.com	company Employee	n
10	A	Aaryan	aaryanaditya.raj@gmail.com,	customer	n
11	A	bikram Das	bikram_das33@rediffmail.com	company Employee	y
12	A	Ramesh Sutar	rameshsutarnfl@gmail.com,	company Employee	y
13	A	Tapas Sutar	tapas_ludu2005@yahoo.co.in	school teacher	y
14	A	Rajat Sahoo	sahoo.rajat@yahoo.com,	Accountant	y
15	B	Sahoo Rajat	godbless.rajat@gmail.com	government employee	n
16	A	Balabhadra Pradhan	bpradhan.2000@gmail.com	customer	y
17	A	Sangram Das	daskesarisangram92@gmail.com	Call centre Executive	y
18	A	Laxman Behera	laxmanbehera@gmail.com	working professional	n
19	A	Rabindra Patra	mailtorabindrapatra@gmail.com	customer	y
20	A	Dhiren Behera	dhiren.rasmita1@gmail.com	customer	y

B.4. Level of consultation

We will carry out a separate **Programme level LSC** for each country included in the PoA.

In other words, since we are including three countries in the PoA, we will carry out three separate Programme Level LSCs. (If in the future we include an additional country, we will carry out an additional and separate LSC).

More precisely, we will carry out a Programme level LSC specifically for Spring Health in India. Local partners in other countries, such as Tinkisso in Guinea, will have their own dedicated Programme Level LSC.

The Annex provides a detailed justification for undertaking a separate Programme level LSC for each country.

Also, please refer to section C.2 of the PoA-DD for a more details.

SECTION C. OUTCOME OF THE CONSULTATION PROCESS

C.1. Assessment of comments

Below we include some of the comments we received via our online Consultation webpage. Each input includes the stakeholder's name, surname, email address and their comment.

Name: Dr. Urs Heierli

Institution: Antenna Foundation

Position: Senior Advisor

Email: urs.heierli@msdconsult.ch

Comment: Springhealth is known to me for several years since its inception by Paul Polak and I have visited Springhealth several times. I have also written some papers about SH and presented one at the Rural Water Supply Network Forum in Abidjan in December 2016. SH is a very promising and important delivery model for safe water to rural customers. It is hard to make a business at the Base of the Pyramid, but SH is achieving this, but would need some blended funding because social marketing activities are costly and almost impossible to get financed by the wafer thin margins; but massive social marketing activities - to convince customers that safe water is a necessity and less costly than drinking polluted water - are needed to get the volumes and market penetration to become break-even.

Name: Fanny Boulloud

Institution: Antenna Foundation

Position: Safe Water Programme Coordinator

Email: fboulloud@antenna.ch

Comment: Antenna Foundation supported the rural decentralized kiosks models since day one. Providing access to safe water everyday is one piece of the puzzle to improve lives in rural areas of Orissa, particularly focusing on children. Working together with Spring Health to support the local living conditions, create a local market and building-up a start-up is a real exciting adventure and we are looking forward to see the next level of scale, thanks to the contribution of carbon credits.

Message Details:

Your name Ramesh Sutar

Subject: Local Stakeholder Consultation

Your comment and suggestions We like the supply system of Spring Health & we are very happy that Spring Health is supplying water in our village.

Your email rameshsutarnfl@gmail.com

Message Details:

Your name Benudhar Paltasingh

Subject: Local Stakeholder Consultation

Your comment and suggestions Spring Health Water is good for health. It helps in digestion & prevent from diseases causes from normal water. My family is using the water from last 2 years.

Your email benudhar.paltasingh@gmail.com

Message Details:

Your name Tapas Sutar

Subject: Local Stakeholder Consultation

Your comment and suggestions Our Village has water problems. After getting Spring Health water the health of my children has improved. We are able to save money on our medical expenses because of Spring Health regular supply of safe water.

Your email tapas_ludu2005@yahoo.co.in

Message Details:

Your name Manoj Mohapatra

Subject: Local Stakeholder Consultation

Your comment and suggestions Spring Health water is good for health. I and my family is using from last 3 years .it is economical,powersaving & easily available at door step.

Your email mohapatramanojkumar57@gmail.com

Message Details:

Your name Balabhadra Pradhan

Subject: Local Stakeholder Consultation

Your comment and suggestions We are very happy that we are taking of Spring Health water on daily basis which controls many diseases of our children.

Your email bpradhan2000@gmail.com

Message Details:

Your name Sangram Kesari Das

Subject: Local Stakeholder Consultation

Your comment and suggestions Your service always provide us, because I am poor people and get water short amount. Giving your service by executive in time and also every days. This water very healthy and bacteria free for us. I hope you should have continued your service. After taking water from Spring Health my family is very safe.

Your email daskesarisangram92@gmail.com

Message Details:

Your name Rajat Kumar Sahoo

Subject: Local Stakeholder Consultation

Your comment and suggestions After drinking the spring health water I feel better. Mainly I got the clean and bacteria free water in nominal cost. Thanks Spring Health

Your email godbless.rajat@gmail.com

Message Details:

Your name Bikram Das

Subject: Local Stakeholder Consultation

Your comment and suggestions We have been using Spring Health from last one year & it has benefited my family. We are happy with delivery. It saves money for us as we do not have to boil water

Your email aaryanaditya.raj@gmail.com

Message Details:

Your name Dhiren Behera

Subject: Local Stakeholder Consultation

Your comment and suggestions In my few income I provide purified water to my family members in very low price which is possible for only Spring Health.

Your email dhiren.rasmita1@gmail.com

Message Details:

Your name Rabindra Kumar Patra

Subject: Local Stakeholder Consultation

Your comment and suggestions As rural area it is difficult to find pure water at any season. It provides purified by chlorine water in very low price in daily basis. I welcome to Spring Health.

Your email mailtorabindrapatra@gmail.com

Message Details:

Your name Aaryan Aditya Das

Subject: Local Stakeholder Consultation

Your comment and suggestions We do not have to buy wood to boil water & we are happy with spring service.

Your email bikram_das33@gmail.com

Local stakeholders without internet access

Our end customers and the local communities are our most valuable stakeholders, as the mission of our project is to improve their lives by providing them with simple and affordable access to safe drinking water, as well as educating them of the risks of drinking untreated water.

The most tangible and valuable feedback is their regular choice to come back to our kiosks to purchase safe water. Our customers visit our kiosks weekly, and each visit is a confirmation that our project is providing a needed service.

As part of the consultation, we are also collected details of our customers' views. Since many of them have no access to the internet, and given our strong distribution network, we are able to collect these views in person. For example, Kalpana Pradhan, a customer from Khurda in Orissa, who is depicted below, said:



“Everybody in our family drinks Spring Health water and as a result they stay healthy. Stomach ailments, diarrhea, worms in kids stomach, etc don’t happen anymore. We are healthier because of this water. My in-laws, nephew, niece, husband, kids and everyone in the family uses Spring Health water.”

Kiosk entrepreneurs

In order to grow in a sustainable way and to maximize the benefit to the local communities, our project engages deeply with the local community and offers locals the opportunity also to benefit economically by becoming part of the distribution network.

Specifically, small local entrepreneurs are provided with the up-front capital, equipment and know how to set up kiosks that are the projects points of sale to customers.

Kiosk entrepreneurs are very happy with this new opportunity, which offers them a reliable way to generate additional income. An example is that of Pabrita Kumar, depicted below. He is a kiosk entrepreneur in Niali, Orissa and shared his views on the broader community:



“Earlier, people in this village used to think well, pond and iron-contaminated water. The water provided by Spring Health is much better, hence preferred by the villagers”

Also, he commented on how he is also personally benefitting by participating in the project:

“This is also an alternative source of income to me and it has given employment to a few residents in this village. So personally I feel very happy.”

C.2. Summary of changes to Programme design based on the stakeholder feedback provided

In our opinion, none of the comments, suggestions or questions received so far requires changes to our Programme design.

However, learning from our customers and stakeholders is very much embedded in our business model, and there are various channels for stakeholders to submit their comments. These channels include the various regular contact points with customers and the wider community, such as at the point of sale or in our melas, as well as the ‘Continuous input / grievance mechanism’ that we have put in place and which are described in the PoA-DD.

Technology III – Spouts of Water, Uganda

SECTION A. PROGRAMME DESCRIPTION

A. 1. Name and purpose of the Programme

Programme name: Believe Green Safe Drinking Water

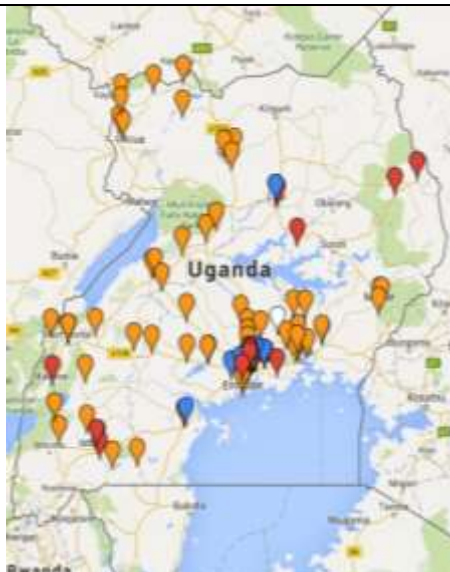
Programme purpose: In Uganda, around one third of the population lacks access to safe drinking water. The purpose of this Programme of Activities is to offer Ugandans access to affordable safe drinking water. This leads to carbon emission reductions because local people no longer need to burn fuels, such as wood, to boil water to make it safe to drink. We achieve this goal by offering low income populations affordable ceramic water filters that are produced by local people using local raw materials. The carbon emission reductions are approved by the Gold Standard under the methodology: “Technologies and Practices to Displace Decentralized Thermal Energy Consumption”⁶⁶. Since the people served by the PoA usually use inefficient cook stoves that cause large amounts of smoke leading to respiratory diseases, the project also has significant health co-benefits. Also, the PoA generates significant employment and income opportunities for the local villagers, who are invited to join the project across the production and delivery chain.

A. 2. Geographic boundary of the Programme

Country – Uganda

State – The ceramic water filters are distributed in over 200 communities across all four regions of Uganda. Although our focus is on local distribution within Uganda, filters have also been sent to South Sudan and the DRC for larger one-off shipments. The map below shows the distribution points in 2016:

⁶⁶ http://www.goldstandard.org/sites/default/files/revised-tpddtec-methodology_april-2015_final-clean.pdf



Local Partner – The ceramic filters are manufactured and distributed in Uganda by Spouts of Water Ltd. For more information on spouts, visit the website: www.spouts.org.

A. 3. Tentative start date of the Programme

The project is already operational on the ground. See section A.5 for more details on the PoA status.

The formal start date of this project was on May 15th, 2015. This was the day when Uganda's Ministry of Water and Environment approved the Spouts ceramic filters.

This formal approval certifies that Spouts ceramic filters meet quality and health requirements. In practical terms, this means that Spouts can manufacture, market and sell its ceramic filters across the country.

In concrete terms, this government approval enabled Spouts to sign a partnership with MTN distributors, Uganda's largest telecoms company. MTN has a nationwide network of small retailers, which enables Spouts to reach a broad range of customers across the country. Through MTN, Spouts is increasing the demand for its filters: the plan is to build a large manufacturing facility in 2017 to meet this demand and eventually reach full scale.

A. 4. Programme eligibility under The Gold Standard

According to *Annex C – Guidance on Project Eligibility*, the present project is eligible because it falls under the project type ‘End-user Energy Efficiency’:

- The project reduces the amount of energy required to provide safe drinking water: by using a gravity-driven filtration system that requires zero energy at the point of use, water no longer needs to be boiled at the point of use, at people’s homes, thus reducing energy use by the end user.
- The quality of service is not reduced, as end users still have access to safe drinking water.

A. 5. Current status of the Programme

As mentioned in section A.3, the project is operational on the ground in Uganda.

A first pilot to demonstrate the viability and eligibility of the approach was registered under the Gold Standard as a micro-scale project in India (Project title: Believe Green Spring Health Tankol Safe Drinking Water – Project ID: GS4205. Note: Spring Health uses a different technology than Spouts, but also reduces carbon emissions according to the same GS Methodology⁷).

The purpose of this micro-scale PoA is to incorporate Spouts into the programme, and to follow the growth of the Spouts project on the ground and add new VPAs as new villages, geographic areas and communities are added to the operations on the ground.

The general structure of the project, such as its monitoring methodology, will mirror the structure of the existing standalone micro scale project GS4205, and adapted where necessary.

SECTION B. DESIGN OF STAKEHOLDER CONSULTATION PROCESS

Since activities on the ground are already operational, as described in section A.5, this PoA is being registered as retroactive, so no Stakeholder Consultation meeting was carried out prior to the start of the project activity.

⁷ Technologies and practices to displace decentralized thermal energy consumption (TPDDTEC).

However, many stakeholders are involved in and impacted by the project activity, so we have collected feedback, comments and suggestions from them. The following sections show who we contacted, how we contacted them, and summarize the feedback we collected.

B.1. Description of the consultation methods

We identified over 30 stakeholders. These included two groups: national stakeholders as well as stakeholders from international organizations and NGOs that support Tinkisso in a variety of forms.

We sent an introductory email to all stakeholders. This included a link to a dedicated webpage⁸ with details of the project, including a video and external links with additional information, such as Spouts website.

The webpage included a form allowing stakeholders to submit comments. Comments could also be submitted by email to info@believegreen.org.

Below is the email we sent to the stakeholders:

Dear Stakeholder,

We greatly appreciate your involvement with Spouts. As a next step to understanding the impact Spouts has on our mission of getting clean water to all Ugandans we would like you to share your views of the Purifaaya filter and Spouts.

Please go to the link <http://www.believegreen.org/spouts-lsc>, and answer the questions in the form "Stakeholder comments" at the bottom of the page.

We hope you can fill this form out as soon as possible as it will enable us to meet one of the requirements for carbon credits. The Spouts water filter replaces boiling water for many families, reducing the amount of wood and charcoal used. This saves carbon and Spouts hopes to receive carbon credits for this work.

Thank you,

Spouts of Water

Since not all stakeholders responded to the above invitation, we sent the email below to

⁸ <http://www.believegreen.org/spouts-lsc>

the stakeholders who had not responded in order to increase the response rate:

Dear Stakeholder,

More children in Uganda die from waterborne illness' than either malaria or AIDS (WHO Child Mortality Estimates 2015) and more than half the population still leaves their water untreated (Uganda Bureau of Statistics 2014).

SPOUTS of Water directly addresses this need by building ceramic pot filters costing less than 1/5th of the cost of other filters on the Ugandan market, but we are currently operating with significant help from donor funding. Combined with the Gold Standard carbon finance program we can become a unique and economically sustainable business which improves public health.

PLEASE TAKE 5 MINUTES, [click this link](#), and fill out this very short stakeholder survey asking for feedback from our valuable supporters and partners. Your feedback is a critical step to receiving carbon credits for the work we do to displace burning of charcoal and wood for boiling water.

Thank you so much for your time and continued involvement!

Spouts of Water

The box below shows the form used to obtain the comments by the stakeholders. This is included at the bottom of the stakeholder consultation webpage.

Stakeholder Comments

Please submit your comments on SPOUTS activities using the form below. Thank you.

* Required

Surname / Name *

Your answer

Institution or organization

Your answer

Position at the above institution

Your answer

Phone number

Your answer

Email

Your answer

Comments *

Your answer

SUBMIT

Never submit passwords through Google Forms.

B.2. Non-technical summary of the Programme

A webpage was created to provide the non-technical summary of the programme:
<http://www.believgreen.org/spouts-lsc>.

The box below show a copy of the introduction section of the Consultation webpage that stakeholders were invited to visit:

Local Stakeholder Consultation



SPOUTS Safe Drinking Water Project, Uganda

Believe Green and Spouts are pleased to invite you to submit your comments for the Local Stakeholder Consultation for the project "Believe Green Spouts safe drinking water project" in Uganda.

Ten million Ugandans, or one third of the population, lack access to a clean source of water. This results in negative health, social, economic and environmental consequences. To make water safe for drinking, many families boil it, using wood, charcoal or other biomass which comes from non-renewable sources. Many families also are unaware of the health risks and continue to drink unsafe water.

To help address this challenge, Spouts has developed an innovative business approach whereby it manufactures and distributes Purifaaya ceramic water filters that are then used by low income families to purify and disinfect their drinking water at home.

However, a limiting factor for Spouts to accelerate its growth is access to investments and capital. To help overcome this obstacle, Spouts has partnered with Believe Green (BG) to certify the carbon emission reductions arising from avoided boiling of water to make it safe to drink. The resulting carbon credits generate a much needed source of additional revenue that allows Spouts to accelerate its growth and reach more communities across Uganda.

As part of the carbon certification process, we would greatly appreciate your participation and support in this stakeholder consultation to help advance this project. The purpose of the consultation is to discuss positive and negative impacts of Spouts' activities and to give stakeholders and the general public an opportunity to express their views. You can submit your comments in the contact form below or by emailing us at info@believegreen.org.

For more information on Spouts' business model and activities or Believe Green's carbon finance process, please check the video and links below.

The webpage also provides detailed and easily digested information via videos and external links. In particular:

- a. a link to Spouts' website, which describes in detail its activities,
- b. a weblink to technical details on Purifaaya ceramic filters,
- c. a video explaining Believe Green's carbon finance contribution.

The webpage also includes a form to submit comments, which can also be submitted via email.

As requested by the Gold Standard, the webpage will remain open for at least 60 days starting on the 20th of January 2017.

B.3. Invitation tracking table

The table below summarizes the stakeholders that were invited and responded to our consultation. Section C.1 includes detailed comments from each of the respondents.

Stakeholder #	Category	Name & surname	Email	Telephone	Institution	Responded?
1	C	Hon. Sam. Cheptoris	samcheptoris@gmail.com	(256) 772 997722	Ministry of Water and Environment	No
2	C	Chebets Maikut	chmaikut@yahoo.com, chmaikut@gn	(256) 701 69 414	Ministry of Water and Environment	No
3	A	Benson Nduhura	nduhurabenson@gmail.com	(256) 701 467 968	Besania SACCO	Yes
4	D	Mariko Fuwa	fuwa.mariko@savechildren.or.jp	771388475	Save the Children	Yes
5	D	Florence Ringe	ringeflorence@gmail.com	(256) 772357880	POPOW	Yes
6	A	Francis	kiima_foods@yahoo.com	(256) 785 471 880	Kiima Foods	Yes
7	A	Elinor Awchem	eawchem@yahoo.com	0772 514 661, 0751 069 065		Yes
8	D	Humphrey Lukatome	hlutakome@livinggoods.org	0774 005 040	Living Goods	No
9	B	Ian Kyeeyune			Wakiso District	No
10	B	Ezekiel	NO EMAIL	0753 898 324	Nakawuka Town / Kasuku Cell	No
11	D	Sharmin	sharminsharif1@gmail.com		BRAC	No
12	A	Kyaka Twaha	twahakyaka06@yahoo.com		UCSCU	No
13	D	Ruth Kim	esmruithkim@gmail.com	0782 611 217	ENTS	Yes
14	A	Stella Kivela	stellakivela@vine.co.ug	774004448	Vine Pharmacies	Yes
15	A	Modester	busiusacco@yahoo.co.uk	772192237	Busiu SACCO	Yes
16	A	Rita		788159368	Mushanga SACCO	No
17	A	Stephen Katenge	katenge888@yahoo.com	783366598	Katosbec SACCO	Yes
18	A	Robert Kaheebwa	kaheebwarobert@gmail.com	774738741	Kyarusizi Microfinance	Yes
19	A	Robert/Peterson		703774812	Kihuura SACCO	No
20	A	Humphrey Wamami	humphreywamami@yahoo.com	704855745	UCSCU	Yes
21	A	Nyangaro Collins	collinsnyangaro@gmail.com	782300601	UCSCU	Yes
22	A	Julius	julius@eventureenterprises.org	702314130	ENVenture	No
23	D	Julie Mwebesa	mwebesa@unhcr.org	772710140	UNCHR	Yes
24	D	Tracy Lamwaka	tracy.lamwaka@oxfamnovib.nl	772463979	Oxfam	Yes
25	A	Julius	julius.mubiru@finca.org	256 705 031 830	FINCA	Yes
26	A	Richard	Richard.Ndahiro@finca.org	752721011	FINCA	No
27	D	Shilpa	shilpa.alva@surgeforwater.org	1 312-899-6298	Surge for Water	No
28	A	Andrew	ajohnston@rti.org	784177720	RTI	No
29	A	Augustine Bagenda	augustines@pedn.org		PEDN	Yes
30	A	Marjolijn	M.Wilmink@mvnederland.nl		Kajjansi Project	No
31	A	Thies	thies.timmermans@gmail.com	772458796	Eco-tourism projects/recycling	No
32	A	Charles	cnjubakiwa@gmail.com	775107701	BRAC	No
33	A	Paul		772962310	Kinyara Sugar	No
34	A	Tito	muhereza2tito@gmail.com	0777682258 / 0759401247	BUFA	No
35	A	Kayondo Mugagga	kayondomugagga@ymail.com	755816444	MAMEDICOT	Yes
36	A	Denis Wabuki	wabuyidenis@gmail.com	782888360	Busiu SACCO	Yes
37	A	Andrew Bownds	andy@ugandamarathon.com	751447181	Masaka Marathon	Yes
38	A	Robert Chanceatenyi		774738741	Kyarusizi Microfinance	Yes

B.4. Level of consultation

We will carry out a separate **Programme level LSC** for each country included in the PoA.

In other words, since we are including three countries in the PoA, we will carry out three separate Programme Level LSCs. (If in the future we include an additional country, we will carry out an additional and separate LSC).

More precisely, we will carry out a Programme level LSC specifically for Spouts in Uganda. Local partners in other countries, such as Spring Health in India, will have their own dedicated Programme Level LSC.

The Annex provides a detailed justification for undertaking a separate Programme level LSC for each country.

Also, please refer to section C.2 of the PoA-DD for a more details.

SECTION C. OUTCOME OF THE CONSULTATION PROCESS

C.1. Assessment of comments

Here we present the feedback that we have received.

Surname / Name	Comments
KAYONDO MUGAGGA	The intervention that Spouts of water has come up with, shall help a lot in helping the rural communities adapt to climate change, through reducing on the number of number of trees cut down for wood fuel.
Wabuyi Denis	We are glad to be in collaboration with Spouts of Water and for your being responsive to all the questions at least most of the times
Andrew Bownds	We have been able to buy over 50 20L filters and sell them onto rural based families in Masaka Region. The feedback we have had from the families is that the filters have reduced their daily living costs as they no longer need to use other systems for purifying there drinking water. We have found that Spouts of Water is a great program that can really make a large impact on both the environment and families own sustainability. Thank You
Nyangaro Collins	The purifaaya is such a reliable and cost-saving water dispenser.
Benson Nduhura	The filters you built are fine. My customers really like the product, people are appreciating the product very much. No problem so far for us and I think the product is good.
Robert Kaheebwa	We like the filters. The customers are very thankful, those who have taken filters have no problems.

Humphrey Wamani	The filter is so good and my dad bought one for at home in the village that we use as a family. Whoever comes there and takes water loves it. When I'm marketing it they feel the price is too high, but people who have it love it.
Francis	The customers like what is written on the bucket. Sometimes it is difficult to explain that the filters really do work and remove germs because it is a new technology. We would like to improve that. We would like to put some in public places to help market them because they are a good product.
Julius Mubiru	The Purifaaya has helped families in Western Uganda not only by giving them access to clean and safe water for drinking but also reducing on both fuel costs and time taken boiling water. It's reducing on the deforestation rate in the region by providing the easiest way of making water safe for drinking than boiling it with charcoal and firewood which are the main sources of fuel to most families in the region.
Stella Kivela	We work with SPOUTS to provide water to our clients. Secondly we are selling the filters. The filters are amazing, that's for sure, they are affordable, our clients love them!
Modester	Customers are complaining that the cost has increased. We hoped we would increase our market but our customers are not buying the product, they do not buy the product.
Stephen	My experiences that the SPOUTS are delicate and the filters are sometimes breaking and customers are upset and don't want to pay. The customers like the product, but many of them feel that 75K is too high a price. transportation is difficult, very delicate materials and high selling prices
Julie Mwebesa	First, the initiative is good. Locals need water treatment. Yes, it is a great thing, a great initiative, we like working with Spouts. Based on the reports from the field, people wanted a higher flowrate, so if that can improve it would be better. It is not adequate to provide drinking water for a large family. The affordability is also a challenge when we are dealing with refugees. Some of them are able to afford, especially when saving with a Sacco, but there are others who would need the filters and are not able to afford.

Ringe Florence	The filters in schools enable children not only to take clean and safe water, but also concentrate in class as they do not have to move in and out of class in such of drinking water. Households with Water filters no longer suffer from water Borne diseases hence increased production and productivity as a result of hood health.
Ruth Kim	Yes I am very thankful to SPOUTS in Uganda. These people who do not have access to clean water are able to drink clean water. Wonderful. Ideally we pray that many more people will purchase this from Spouts to live a healthy. I hope this continues even in other countries in Africa.
Bagenda Augustine	Purifaayas are impacting greatly to the young people in the schools in areas to do with better health, regarding reduction of water borne diseases, thereby enabling the young people to attend school, and learn better which leads to better performance.
Mariko Fuwa	We are really happy with the filter, both myself and with the project. What works really well was that Spouts came and did the training of the trainer and even now our volunteer is still training so this was helpful. I think we need to figure out how the filter can be maintained sustainably because a few are getting cracked and then do not get used. We need to discuss with the schools to figure out a system to make this more sustainable.
Elinor Awchem	I like the filters very much, I am personally a user and I use it at home. I have told my family and friends and most of them have taken it because it has reduced the cost of buying fuel for boiling water. In addition to the economy they are also very easy to use and clean.
Robert Chanceatenyi	We have no problem because the clients they want more filters. Yes, they actually are all out of stock because people like them so much. It has helped me as well, I have my own filter. The demand is peaking because more people want filters to help them in their home.

Tracy Lamwaka

The filter is very good, especially in emergency situations where there is no safe water points. They can easily access safe water when it is most needed. It is very critical and essential in emergency situations. It is very good that it is a storage device as well. The taps that people withdraw the water from the bucket and there is no way for the water to be contaminated, so it is simple and safe. It also acts as a storage as well, which is very important. Our partnership at Oxfam with Spouts has been very good. We have volunteers who train people on the filter household use and this is very effective. They follow up afterwards as well and people are still using and like their filter.

C.2. Summary of changes to Programme design based on the stakeholder feedback provided

In our opinion, none of the comments, suggestions or questions received so far requires changes to our Programme design.

Annex - Justification for conducting a separate Programme level LSC for each country

We are proposing to carry out a separate Programme Level LSC for each country included in this PoA:

1. One separate Programme level LSC for Spring Health in India,
2. One separate Programme level LSC for Tinkisso in Guinea, and
3. One separate Programme level LSC for Spouts in Uganda.
4. (Also, if in the future we include an additional country in the PoA, we will carry a separate Programme level LSC for it)

In this section, explain how we will carry out the Programme level LSC in each country.

It is important to recall the 'modular' structure of the projects on the ground. They involve the replication of a fixed business unit. Like individual photocopies, the same business model is replicated across different geographical areas. In other words, there are two components to the projects:

1. the business model (which stays the same and affects the same stakeholders) and
2. the individual villages (which change).

A proper coverage of all stakeholders will have to take into account of this 'modular' structure of the project, and therefore account for two types of stakeholders, which will need to be contacted in different ways:

- **General stakeholders:** this includes all the stakeholders required by the Gold Standard rules, with the exemption of village-specific customers and employees (see below). This includes the company general management, regional government officials, NGOs, social organizations etc.
- **Village-specific stakeholders:** this includes only village-specific customers and employees.

General stakeholders

Stakeholders in this group will be contacted and invited to participate in the stakeholder consultation according to the Gold Standard requirements for consultation at Programme level LSC.

Village-specific stakeholders

The views of village-specific stakeholders will be obtained via surveys, which will record their comments, concerns and recommendations. Views from these stakeholders will be collected as part of the yearly monitoring reporting process.

This is a practical and cost-effective way to obtain views from this group of stakeholders (arranging a separate consultation for each village would be prohibitively expensive, especially considering the tight budgets that these projects work on).

In summary, we believe that Programme level LSCs (a separate one for each country), complemented by surveys, would satisfactorily gather and record the views of all groups of local stakeholders in a flexible and cost-effective way that matches the circumstances of our projects on the ground.