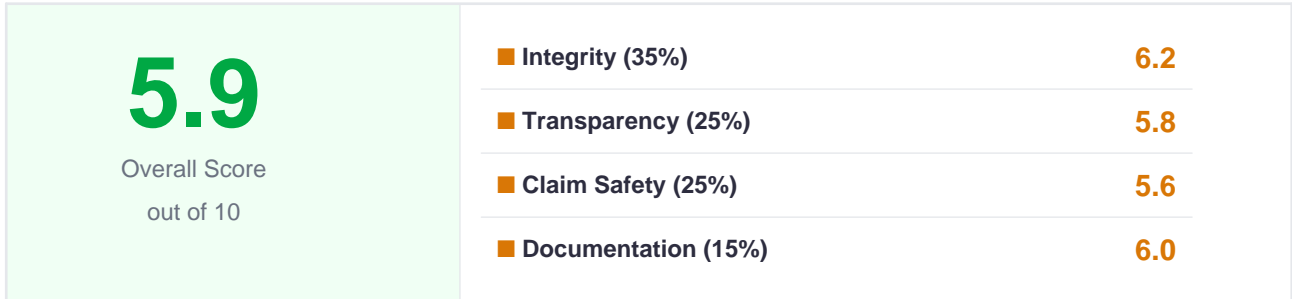


QUALITY REPORT

Maji Safi, Maisha Bora Project

GS-3637 · GS · Kenya

Report ID: CM-D087E62B · Generated: 2026-04-18 · Scoring Methodology: General v2.0



Weights: Integrity 35% · Transparency 25% · Claim Safety 25% · Documentation 15%

Assessment Summary

The project has some positive quality signals, including VVB-confirmed additionality, no material findings, and documented safeguards such as FPIC and a grievance mechanism. However, there are reliability concerns around contradictory source records, an unaddressed reversal issue in the verification report, and limited visibility into leakage and baseline reassessment details.

Project Details

Registry	Gold Standard
Registry ID	GS-3637
Sector	industrial
Country	Kenya
Vintage	Recent
Project Methodology	GS Methodology for Emission Reductions from Safe Drinking Water Supply v1.0
Crediting Period	2023 — 2028
VVB	Ampere for Renewable Energy (UNFCCC Ref. A6.4-E-0008)
Monitoring Period	2023 — 2025
Confidence	High
Documents Reviewed	11 documents reviewed
Scored	2026-04-18

Red Flags

- The verification report says reversal events were not addressed, while a later monitoring report says they were reported, creating a material consistency issue.
- Leakage treatment is only described as deemed negligible, with no quantified deduction or detailed justification in the extracted record.

Score Breakdown

Integrity — 6.2 / 10

- + Additionality was confirmed by the VVB, and the verification report reports no material findings or corrective actions.
- Reversal treatment is inconsistent across documents, and the verification report does not address reversal events.

The verification report confirms additionality through the VVB and reports no material findings or corrective actions, which supports the core project case. At the same time, the report says reversal events were not addressed, and the extracted record shows a contradiction with the monitoring report, which weakens permanence confidence. Leakage is only described as deemed negligible, with no quantified deduction in the available record, so the integrity score is held to a moderate level.

Transparency — 5.8 / 10

- + The project has a named verifier, a defined monitoring period, and an annual survey-based usage monitoring approach.
- Total claimed versus verified emission reductions are not stated in the extracted record, and the monitoring evidence is affected by document contradictions.

The project has a named verifier, a clear monitoring period, and an annual survey-based usage monitoring method, which helps transparency. However, total claimed and verified emission reductions are not stated in the extracted record, limiting public comparability. The monitoring evidence is also less clean because the extracted record contains contradictions on the usage monitoring method and other core fields.

Claim Safety — 5.6 / 10

- + The verification report uses a local field approach for the non-renewable biomass fraction, with a value of 0.76 rather than a generic default.
- The project is marked CORSIA-eligible, which increases dual-claim scrutiny, while leakage is only described as negligible without a quantified deduction.

Claim safety is helped by the VVB-confirmed additionality and the use of a local field method for the non-renewable biomass fraction, with a reported value of 0.76. Still, the project is marked CORSIA-eligible, which raises dual-claim scrutiny, and the record does not show a CCP status. Leakage is not quantified and is only said to be negligible, so over-crediting risk is not fully resolved.

Documentation — 6.0 / 10

- + Multiple document types were used, including the PDD, verification report, monitoring report, and stakeholder consultation materials.
- One key document was extracted with only medium confidence, and the record contains several contradictions on baseline, crediting period, and reversal treatment.

The record draws on several document types, including the PDD, verification report, monitoring report, and stakeholder consultation materials, which is a positive sign. Even so, one key document was extracted with medium confidence rather than high, and the record contains contradictions on the baseline approach, crediting period, usage monitoring method, and reversal treatment. Those inconsistencies reduce confidence in the completeness and reliability of the documentation set.

Risk Indicators

● Additionality	VVB-confirmed additionality
● Permanence	reversal issue not cleanly resolved
● Leakage	negligible claim without quantified deduction
● Baseline	project baseline with timing inconsistency
● Safeguards	FPIC and grievance mechanism documented
● Double-claim	CORSIA-eligible status increases dual-claim scrutiny

What Would Improve This Score

→ Provide a quantified leakage assessment and, if applicable, a documented leakage deduction with methodology support.

→ Resolve the contradictions between the verification report and monitoring report on reversal events, usage monitoring, and crediting period, and publish a clear reconciliation note.

Documents Reviewed

- GS11544-Project-Annual-Report_2023.pdf
- GS11544_V1.1-Monitoring-Report_MP1_v2.5_CL.docx
- Final_SDG Impact Tool_889 Maji Safi Solar_03042023.xlsx
- Final_Val Report_889 Maji Safi Solar_Sandeep Kanda _clean version_05062023.pdf
- GS11544-Stakeholder-Consultation-Report_V1.2.docx
- GS11544_V1.2-Project-Design-Document_V3.5_compressed.pdf
- GS11544_ER calculations_MR1_v4.0.xlsx
- GS11544_ER calculations_v5.xlsx
- Gold Standard Assurance Platform — GS-3637
- Gold Standard Registry — GS-3637
- AMP25-GSVV-0275 Maji Safi, Maisha Bora Project - GS11544 Verification Report (FVR) V5.0.pdf

Disclaimer

This Quality Report is an independent editorial assessment generated by CarbonMeld's automated analysis pipeline. It is based solely on publicly available registry documents and marketplace metadata at the time of analysis.

CarbonMeld does not have access to non-public project information, internal project documentation, or confidential communications with project developers. The analysis pipeline may not have retrieved all publicly available documents for this project.

This report does not constitute an audit, certification, financial recommendation, investment advice, or guarantee of environmental outcome. It does not replace professional due diligence by the buyer or any party relying on this information.

CarbonMeld is not a registry, certification body, or financial advisor. Scores reflect evidence available at the time of analysis and may change as new documentation becomes available. CarbonMeld shall not be liable for any decision to purchase, sell, trade, or otherwise transact carbon credits based in whole or in part on the scores or content of this report.

Report ID: CM-D087E62B · Scoring Methodology: General v2.0 · Scored: 2026-04-18 · Generated: 2026-04-18

carbonmeld.com · carbonmeld.com/methodology · carbonmeld.com/editorial-policy